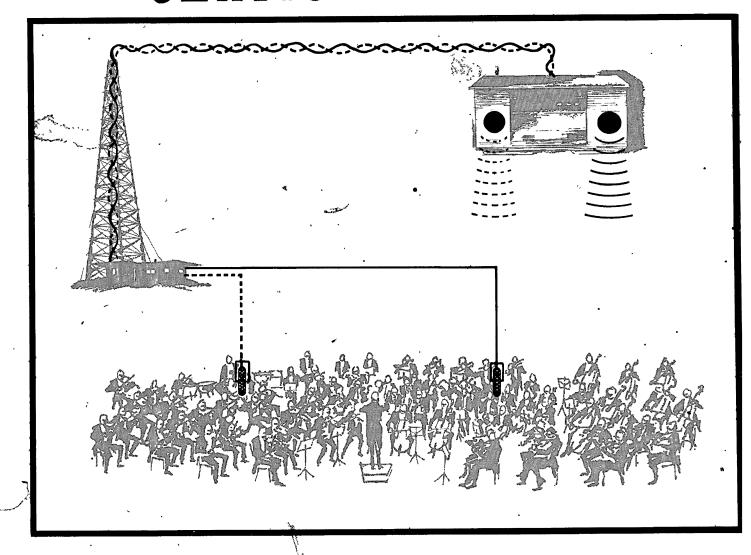


SERVICE MANUAL



HIGH FIDELITY AND STEREO FM MODELS

ZENITH RADIO CORPORATION

1900 N. AUSTIN AVENUE

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60639

CE \$2.50 PART NO. 9

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	CABINET			CHASSIS			SPEAKER	
MODEL	STYLE	COLOR	MODEL	ТҮРЕ	EIA POWER OUTPUT	PART NUMBER	VOICE COIL IMPEDANCE (IN OHMS)	SIZE INCHES
Y504B	Table (w/handle) (lift lid)	Blue & White	1Y20Z	1 Tube Phono Only		49-1096	3.2	1-4"
Y504D	Table (w/handle) (lift lid)	Red & White	1Y20Z	1 Tube Phono Only		49-1096	3.2	1-4"
Y504P	Table (w/handle) (lift lid)	Yellow & White	1Y20Z	1 Tube Phono Only		49-1096	3.2	1-4"
Y504V	Table (w/handle) (lift lid)	Red & White	1Y20Z	1 Tube Phono Only		49-1096	3.2	1-4"
Y506C	Table (w/handle) (lift lid)	Charcoal Brown & Off White	2YT23	2 Transistor Phono Only		49-1096	3.2	1-4"
Y506J	Table (w/handle) (lift lid)	Brown & Beige	2YT23	2 Transistor Phono Only		49-1096	3.2	1-4"
Y506L	Table (w/handle) (lift lid)	Beige & White	2YT23	2 Transistor Phono Only		49-1096	3.2	1-4"
Z508B	Table (w/handle)	Light Blue & White	2ZT24	2 Transistor Phono Only		49-1039	3.2	1-4"
Z508L	Table (w/handle)	Beige & White	2ZT24	2 Transistor Phono Only		49-1039	3.2	1-4"
Z508P	Table (w/handle)	Yellow & White	2ZT24	2 Transistor Phono Only		49-1039	3.2	1-4"
Z522J	Table (w/handle)	Brown & White	2ZT21 2ZT22	4 Transistor AM & Phono		49-1096	3.2	1-4"
Z522L	Table (w/handle)	Beige & White	2ZT21 2ZT22	4 Transistor AM & Phono		49-1096	3.2 `	1-4"
Z538C	Table (w/handle) (Detachable speaker enclosures)	Blue & Dark Blue	8ZT20	8 Transistor Phono Only	2W	49-1147	22	2-4"

	RECOR	D CHANGER			OTHER FEA	ATURES	
NUMBER	MOUNTING	CARTRIDGE	STYLUS NOTE 1	INDICATOR LIGHT	TYPE	RECORD STORAGE	REMOTE SPEAKER PROVISION
Manual Player	Shelf	142-161	S 56-480	_	_	-	_
Manual Player	Shelf	142-161	S 56-480	_	-	_	-
Manual Player	Shelf	142-161	S 56-480	-	-	_	-
Manual Pläyer	Shelf	142-161	S 56-480	-	_	_	-
Manual Player	Shelf	142-161	S 56-480		- .	_	_
Manyal Player	Shelf .	142-161	S 56-480	-	_	_	-
Manual Player	Shelf	142-161	S 56-480	_	_	_	-
169-347	Hinged Panel	142-149 or 142-165	Note 2	_	_	_	-
169-347	Hinged Panel	142-149 or 142-165	Note 2	_	_	_	-
169-347	Hinged Panel	142-149 or 142-165	Note 2	_	-	_	-
169-346	Hinged Panel	142-149 or 142-165	Note 2	- .		_	-
169-346	, Hinged Panel	142-149 or 142-165	Note 2	_	-	_	-
169-360	Shelf	142-148	S-S 56-528	_	_	_	-

	CABINET			CHASSIS			SPEAKER	
MODEL.	STYLE	COLOR	MODEL	ТҮРЕ	EIA POWER OUTPUT	PART NUMBER	VOICE COIL IMPEDANCE (IN OHMS)	SIZE INCHES
Z538P	Table (w/handle) (Detachable speaker enclosures)	Brown & Beige	8ZT20	8 Transistor Phono Only	2W	49-1147	22	2-4''
Z541P	Table (w/handle) (Detachable speaker enclosures)	Brown & Beige	8ZT20	8 Transistor Phono Only	2W	49-1138	22	2-4×6′′
Z541W	Table (w/handle) (Detachable speaker enclosures)	Off White & Charcoal Grey	8ZT20	8 Transistor Phono Only	2W	49-1138	22	2-4×6′′
A550W	Table (w/handle)	Walnut	w/c ·	8 Transistor Phono Only	2W	964-23069	16	2-4"
Z552W	Table (w/handle)	Walnut	6ZT20	8 Transistor Phono Only	2W	49-1152	3.2	2-6×9″
A555J-1	Table (w/handle)	Brown & Light Beige	10ZT38	Phono Only	10W	49-1167 49-979	16 45	2-6×9" 2-3½"
Z558W-1	Table (w/handle)	Walnut	10ZT33	10 Transistor Phono Only	12W	49-1156	16	2-11x14" Verti- Plane
X560W-2	Table (w/handle) (Hinged speaker enclosures)	Walnut	w/c	10 Transistor Phono Only	16W	964-18016 964-49189 964-16237	8 6.4 34	2-8" 2-4" 2-3½"
A564W	Table (lift lid) (Circle of Sound Speakers)	Walnut	10AT37	10 Transistor Phono Only	16W	49-1159	16	2-4½"
Z565W	Table (lift lid) (Circle of Sound Speakers)	Walnut	10YT26	10 Transistor Phono Only	40W	49-1116	6.4	2-6"
Z588W-1	Table (w/handle) (Hinged speaker enclosures)	Walnut	10ZT30 10ZT31	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1117 49-979	16 45	2-8" 2-3½"

	RECO	RD CHANGER	-	OTHER FEATURES				
NUM	BER MOUNTING	CARTRIDGE	STYLUS NOTE 1	INDICATOR LIGHT	TAPE	RECORD STORAGE	REMOTE SPEAKER PROVISION	
169-35	8 Shelf	142-148	S-S 56-528	_	_	-	_	
169-35	9 Shelf	142-148	S-S 56-528	_	_	-	_	
169-36	Shelf	142-148	S-S 56-528	-	_	_	_	
169-37	'9 Hinged Panel	142-169	S-S 56-591	_	_	_	_	
169-35	Hinged Panel	142-162	D-S 56-551		_	_	_	
169-37	'0 Hinged Panel	142-168	D-S S-68567	_	_	-	_	
169-37	71 Hinged Panel	142-168	D-S S-68567	_	-	_	_	
169-37	'6 Hinged Panel	142-168	D-S S-68567	-	_	_	-	
169-36	59 Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	-	Note 3	_	_	
169-34	13 Shelf	142-163	D-S S-68567	-	Note 3	_	Note 8	
169-33	71 Hinged Panel	142-168	D-S S-68567	_	Note 4	_	Note 8	

	CABINET			CHASSIS			SPEAKER	,
MODEL	STYLE	COLOR	MODEL	TYPE	EIA POWER OUTPUT	PART NUMBER	VOICE COIL IMPEDANCE (IN OHMS)	SIZE INCHES
A589W	Table (Lift Lid) (Circle of Sound Speakers)	Walnut	20AT31Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1159	16	2-4½"
Z590W-1	Table (Lift Lid) (Circle of Sound Speakers)	Walnut	10ZT30 11ZT27	21 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	50W	49-1116	6.4	2-6"
A906W	Console (Lift Lid)	Walnut	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1153 49-1094	16 45	2-6×9″ 2-3½″
A907M	Console (Lift Lid)	Maple	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1153 49-1094	16 45	2-6x9" 2-3½"
A908DE	Console (Lift Lid)	Dark Oak	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1153 49-1094	16 45	2-6×9″ 2-3½‴
A908P	Console (Lift Lid)	Pecan	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1153 49-1094	16 45	2-6×9″ 2-3½″
A910W-1	Console (Lift Lid)	Walnut	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1153 49-1094	16 45	2-6×9″ 4-3½″
A912H	Console (Lift Lid)	Cherry	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1153 49-1094	16 45	2-6×9" 2-3½"
A914M	Console (Lift Lid)	Maple	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1153 49-1094	16 45	2-6×9" 2-3½"
A916DE	Console (Lift Lid)	Dark Oak	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1153 49-1094	16 45	2-6×9" 4-3½"
A916P	Console (Lift Lid)	Pecan	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1153 49-1094	16 45	2-6x9" 4-3½"
A921W	Console (Lift Lid)	Walnut	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1064 49-1094 49-1166	16 45 8	2-10" 2-3½" 2-Horn
A923W	Console (Lift Lid)	Walnut	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1169 49-1094 49-1166	16 4 5 8	2-8×12" 2·3 %" 2-Horn
A925M	Console (Lift Lid)	Maple	20AT30Z	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1169 49-1094 49-1166	16 45 8	2-8x12" 2-3½" 2-Horn

	ΓURES	OTHER FEA			RD CHANGER	RECO	
REMOTE SPEAKER PROVISION	RECORD STORAGE	TAPE	INDICATOR LIGHT	STYLUS NOTE 1	CARTRIDGE	MOUNTING	NUMBER
Note 8	_	Note 4	_	D-S S-68567	142-168 ,	Shelf	169-369
Note 8	-	Note 4	Yes	D-S S-68567	142-168	Shelf	169-372
Note 6	Yes	Note 4	-	D-S 56-560	142-164	Shelf	169-361
Note 6	Yes	Note 4	-	D-S 56-560	142-164	Shelf	169-361
Note 6	Yes	Note 4	_	D-S 56-560	142-164	Shelf	169-361
Note 6	Yes	Note 4	-	D-S 56-560	142-164	Shelf	169-361
Note 6	Yes	Note 4	_	D-S S-68567	142-166	Shelf	169-362
Note 6	Yes	Note 4		D-S S-68567	142-168	Shelf	169-362
Note 6	Yes	Note 4	_	D-S S-68567	142-168	Shelf	169-362
Note 6	Yes	Note 4	_	D-S S-68567	142-168	Shelf	169-362
Note 6	Yes	Note 4		D-S S-68567	142-168	Shelf	169-362
Note 6	Yes	Note 4		D-S S-68567	142-168	Shelf	169-362
Note 6	Yes	Note 4	-	D-S S-68567	142-168	Shelf	169-362
Note 6	Yes	Note 4	_	D -\$ S-68567	142-168	Shalf	169-362
	Yes Yes Yes	Note 4 Note 4 Note 4		D-S S-68567 D-S S-68567 D-S S-68567 D-S S-68567 D-S S-68567	142-168 142-168 142-168 142-168	Shelf Shelf Shelf	169-362 169-362 169-362

	CABINET			CHASSIS			SPEAKER	
MODEL	STYLE	COLOR	MODEL	ТҮРЕ	EIA POWER OUTPUT	PART NUMBER	VOICE COIL IMPEDANCE (IN OHMS)	SIZE INCHES
A931P	Console	Pecan	20AT21Z	20 Transistor	30W	49-1175	10	2-10
	(Lift Lid)			FM/AM/		49-1'094	45	2-3½
				Phono		49-1166	8	2-Horn
A933M	Console	Maple	20AT21Z	20 Transistor	30W	49-1175	10	2-10
	(Lift Lid)	.		FM/AM/		49-1094	45	2-3½
	,			Phono		49-1151	6.4	2-Horn
A935P	Console	Pecan	20AT21Z	20 Transistor	30W	49-1175	10	2-10
	(Lift Lid)			FM/AM/		49-1094	45	2-31/2
	(======================================			Phono		49-1151	6.4	2-Horn
A937H	Console	Cherry	20AT21Z	22 Transistor	30W	49-1175	10	2-10
A93711	(Lift Lid)	Onerry	2071212	FM/AM/		49-1094	45	2-3½
	(Ent Eld)			Phono		49-1151	6.4	2-Horn
A940W	Console	Walnut	2AT30	20 Transistor	50W	49-1181	6.4	2-10
A940W	(Lift Lid)	wantut	9AT27	FM/AM/	3000	49-1151	6.4	2-Horn
	(EIII EIG)		11AT30	Phono				
0.044104	Camania	Walnut	20 A T 2 1	20 Transistor	30W	49-1163	10	2-12x8
A941W	Console (Lift Lid)	Walnut	20AT21	FM/AM/	300	49-1103	45	2-3½
	(Lift Lid)			Phono		49-1151	6.4	2-Horn
		NA 1 -	20 4 72 1	20 Transistor	30W	49-1163	10	2-12x8
A945M	Console (Lift Lid)	Maple	20AT21	FM/AM/	3000	49-1103	45	2-12/0
	(Liit Eld)			Phono		49-1151	6.4	2-Horn
4047DE	Console	Dark	20AT21	20 Transistor	30W	49-1163	10	2-12x8
A947DE	(Lift Lid)	Oak	20A121	FM/AM/	3000	49-1094	45	2-31/2
	(Ent Eld)	Cur		Phono		49-1151	6.4	2-Horn
A O 40 DN	Camaala	Pine	20AT21	20 Transistor	30W	49-1163	10	2-12x8
A948PN	Console (Lift Lid)	rine	20A121	FM/AM/	3011	49-1094	45	2-31/2
	(Lift Lid)			Phono		49-1151	6.4	2-Horn
405044	0	Malaura	25AT20	25 Transistor	70W	49-1171	6.4	2-12
A950W	Console (Lift Lid)	Walnut	25A120	FM/AM/	7000	49-1094	45	2-31/2
	(Lift Eld)			Phono		49-1162	6.4	2-Horn
A OE OB	Concolo	Pecan	25AT20	25 Transistor	70W	49-1171	6.4	2-12
A952P	Console (Lift Lid)	Pecan	25A120	FM/AM/	7000	49-1094	45	2-31/2
	(Ent Eld)			Phono		49-1162	6.4	2-Horn
V OE SVI	Console	Maple	25AT20	25 Transistor	70W	49-1171	6.4	2-12
A953M	(Lift Lid)	iviapie	ZUM 1 ZU	FM/AM/	1000	49-1094	45	2-3½
	(Ziit Liu)			Phono		49-1162	6.4	2-Horn
405511		Ola amma	ጋፎ ለ ፐንቦ	35 Transistor	70)//	/0 1171	6.4	2.12
A955H	Console	Cherry	25AT20	25 Transistor	70W	49-1171	45	4-3½
	(Lift Lid)			FM/AM/ Phono		49-1094 49-1162	6.4	4-3½ 2-Horn
				1 110110		.5 .102		
A957DE	Console	Dark	25AT20	25 Transistor	70W	49-1171	6.4 45	2-12 4-3½
	(Lift Lid)	Oak		FM/AM/		49-1094 49-1162	6.4	2-Horn
1				Phono		49-1102	0.4	Z-110111

		nroo	DD CHANCES		OTHER FEATURES					
		KECO	RD CHANGER			OTHER FEA	IURES	I		
)	MODEL	MOUNTING	CARTRIDGE	STYLUS NOTE 1	INDICATOR LIGHT	TAPE	RECORD STORAGE	REMOTE SPEAKER PROVISION		
	169-363	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	_	Note 4	Yes	Yes		
	169-363	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	_	Note 4	Yes	Yes		
	169-363	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	_	Note 4	Yes	Yes		
	169-363	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	_	Note 4	Yes	Yes		
	169-363	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	Yes	Note 4	_	Yes Note 8		
	169-363	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7		
	169-363	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7		
	169-363	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7		
	169-363	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7		
	169-366	Shelf	142-167	D-S S-82621	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7		
	169-366	Shelf	142-167	D-S S-82621	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7		
	169-366	Shelf	142-167	D-S S-82621	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7		
	169-366	Shelf	142-167	D-S S-82621	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7		
	169-366	Shelf	142-167	D-S S-82621	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7		

	CABINET			CHASSIS			SPEAKER	
MODEL	STYLE	COLOR	MODEL	ТҮРЕ	EIA POWER OUTPUT	PART NUMBER	VOICE COIL IMPEDANCE (IN OHMS)	SIZE INCHES
A957P	Console (Lift Lid)	Pecan	25AT20	25 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	70W	49-1171 49-1094 49-1162	6.4 45 6.4	2-12 4-3½ 2-Horn
A960P	Console (Lift Lid)	Pecan	29AT24 6AT24	35 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	160W	49-1073 49-1094 49-1162	6.4 45 6.4	2-15 4-3½ 2-Horn
A960W	Console (Lift Lid)	Walnut	29AT24 6AT24	35 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	160W	49-1073 49-1094 49-1162	6.4 45 6.4	2-15 4-3½ 2-Horn
A966DE	Console (Lift Lid)	Dark Oak	29AT24 6AT24	35 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	160W	49-1073 49-1094 49-1162	6.4 45 6.4	2-15 4-3½ 2-Horn
A966P	Console (Lift Lid)	Pecan	29AT24 6AT24	35 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	160W	49-1073 49-1094 49-1162	6.4 45 6.4	2-15 4-3½ 2-Horn
A8515W	Console (Lift Lid)	Walnut	20AT30	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	16W	49-1182 49-1094	16 45	2-12 2-3½
A8532M	Console (Lift Lid)	Maple	20AT21	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	30W	49-1178 49-1162	10 6.4	2-12 2-Horn
A8534DE	Console (Lift Lid) ,	Dark Oak	20AT21	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	30W	49-1178 49-1162	10 6.4	2-12 2-Horn
A8534P	Console (Lift Lid)	Pecan	20AT21	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	30W	49-1178 49-1162	10 6.4	2-12 2-Horn
A8570P-1	Console (Lift Lid)	Pecan	25AT20	20 Transistor FM/AM/ Phono	70W	49-1177 49-1162 49-1094	6.4 6.4 45	2-9x15 2-Horn 2-3½
S-9017	Table Extension Speaker	Walnut	-		_	49-1102 49-1162	6.4 6.4	1-12 1-Horn

NOTES

- 1. Stylus, S = Sapphire, D = Diamond.
- 2. Stylus 56-558 (S-S) used with cartridge 142-149, and stylus 56-566 (S-S) used with cartridge 142-165.
- 3. Tape Input May be used with the following models:

A634 - Cassette Tape Player, A635 - Cartridge Tape Player,

4. Tape Input and Output - May be used with the following models:

A634 - Cassette Tape Player,

A635 - Cartridge Tape Player, A636 - Cassette Tape Player/Recorder.

- 5. Tape Input and Output May be used with the following models:
 - A632 Cassette Tape Player/Recorder A634 Cassette Tape Player,

A635 - Cartridge Tape Player,

A636 - Cassette Tape Player/Recorder.

- 6. Remote Speaker Adapter Kit No. S-74539 available.
- 7. Built-in Sound Control Center with headphone jack.
- 8. Headphone Jack.

•	RECO	RD CHANGER			OTHER FEA	TURES	
NUMBER	MOUNTING	CARTRIDGE	STYLUS NOTE 1	INDICATOR LIGHT	TAPE	RECORD STORAGE	REMOTE SPEAKER PROVISION
169-366	Shelf	142-167	D-S S-82621	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7
169-364	Shelf	142-167	D-S S-82621	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7
169-364	Shelf	142-167	D-S S-82621	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7
169-364	Shelf	142-167	D-S S-82621	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7
169-364	Shelf	142-167	D-S S-82621	Yes	Note 4	Yes	Yes Note 7
169-362	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	Yes	Note 4	_	Yes Note 7
169-362	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	Yes	Note 4	_	Yes Note 7
169-362	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	Yes	Note 4	_	Yes Note 7
169-362	Shelf	142-168	D-S S-68567	Yes	Note 4	_	Yes Note 7
169-366	Shelf	142-167	D-S S-82621	Yes	Note 4	_	Yes Note 7
_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_

RECORD CHANGER FEATURES

Part No.	MFG	Base Plate	Turntable	Part No.	MFG	Base Plate	Turntable
169-346	(BSR)	Beige	Dark Brown	169-364	(G)	Bronze Gold	Dark Brown
169-347	(BSR)	White	Charcoal	169-366	(VM)	Tree Bark Brown	Light Beige
169-355	(VM)	lvory	Brown	169-369	(VM)	Black	Light Grey
169-358	(VM)	Tan	White	169-370	(VM)	Gold	Black
169-359	(VM)	Beige	White	169-371	(VM)	Brilliant Aluminum	Black
169-360	(VM)	Off White	Black	169-372	(VM)	White	Grav
169-361	(VM)	Tree Bark Brown	Light Beige	169-376	(VM)	Gold	Dark Brown
169-362	(∨M)	Tree Bark Brown	Light Beige	169-379	(VM)	Black	Beige
169-363	(VM)	Tree Bark Brown	Light Beige				-

SECTION 1

SEMI-CONDUCTOR THEORY

In order to understand the operation of semi-conductor (solid-state) devices it is necessary to define three terms: conductor, insulator, and semi-conductor.

An electrical conductor is a solid substance made up of atoms whose atomic structure contains many excess or "free" electrons in the outer orbit. These electrons are free to move from the orbit of one atom to another. If these "free" electrons are controlled or guided, an intensified electron drift occurs, resulting in an electron flow. There is, at the same time, a vacancy or "hole" created which results in an apparent movement in the direction opposite to electron flow. This opposite movement is called current flow. Conductors are those substances which offer low resistance to current flow.

Insulators are those materials which contain atoms having no or relatively few "free" electrons and as a result, have a high effective resistance to current flow.

Between conductors and insulators are those materials known as semi-conductors. Semi-conductors have a structure offering a low resistance to current flow in one direction and a high resistance in the reverse direction. Silicon and germanium are two of the most important materials used in the manufacture of semi-conductor devices at the present time.

Pure silicon or germanium are not useable as semi-conductors, but must have certain impurities added during manufacture. These impurities are added in controlled amounts to provide desired characteristics. The addition of arsenic and antimony, for example, will result in a material with many excess electrons so it results in an "N" type material. If, on the other hand, gallium and indium are used, a material will result having a lack of electrons, or will create a positive or "P" type material.

DIODES

When diodes are manufactured, a section of "P" type semi-conductor material and a section of "N" type material are joined together (See Fig. 1-1). A high resistance area is formed at the junction where contact is made between the "P" and "N" types of material. This resistance or barrier region is due to a combining of some positive charges of the "P" material with some negative charges of the "N" material. Combining of charges will continue until a sufficient barrier region is developed which eventually prevents any further combination. Fortunately, this same barrier region then prevents both semi-conductor materials from neutralizing each other.

At this point we should recall that we have mentioned clections, election flow, holes, and current flow. The relationship of these terms should be remembered. Electron flow is the movement of electrons. Current flow is the apparent movement of "holes", that is, a movement of positive charges in a direction opposite to electron flow. Future discussion will be based on current flow.

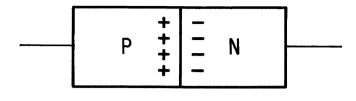
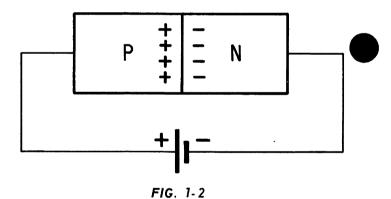
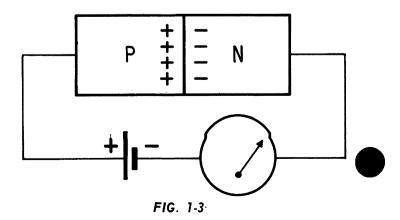


FIG. 1-1

It is possible to apply a voltage across the "P-N" sections (See Fig. 1-2) which will overcome the barrier. Notice that the positive battery terminal is connected to the "P" section while the negative terminal is connected to the "N" section. The value of voltage required will depend on the type of semi-conductor material used (silicon or germanium). When the applied voltage overcomes the barrier there will be additional combining, but the action is such that charges from each section will break through the barrier (junction). It is the continuation of this break through that results in current flow in the external circuit. The amount of flow will vary with the voltage that is applied (See Fig. 1-3).



As voltage is increased, the current flow will increase until a maximum or critical value is reached. Beyond this battery voltage the current will increase to a value which will cause the semi-conductor diode to overheat and be destroyed.



When a voltage is connected to a diode as shown in Fig. 1-3, we have applied Forward Bias. A voltage has been connected in such a way that the junction resistance has been reduced and Forward Current flows in the circuit. FORWARD BIAS CAUSES HIGH FORWARD CURRENT FLOW.

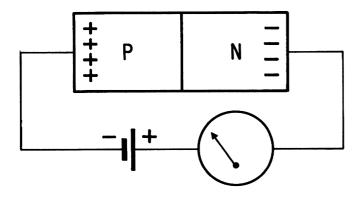


FIG. 1-4

If a battery is connected as in Fig. 1-4, the diode is reverse biased. The negative terminal of the battery is connected to the "P" section while the positive terminal goes to the "N" section. As you see the "+" and "-" charges move away from the junction, which means there would be no break through of the junction. It appears that there would be no current flow in the external circuit. Semi-conductors have a small leakage current which will flow in the external circuit. This leakage current is due to the fact that there will be some combining of charges at the barrier. REVERSE BIAS CAUSES MINIMUM OR NO CURRENT FLOW.

Here is a summary of basic semi-conductor diode characteristics:

Forward Bias causes High Forward Current due to the low junction resistance with current being measured in milliamperes.

Reverse Bias causes Zero (or Low) Reverse Current due to the high junction resistance with the current being measured in microamperes.

In Fig. 1-5 we show the diode symbol. The "P" section is called the Anode while the "N" section is called a Cathode.

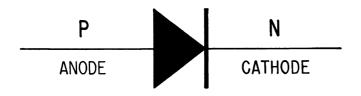


FIG. 1-5

Fig. 1-6 shows the schematic symbol along with an arrow showing direction of current flow. Note that this arrow is in the same direction as the arrow shaped part of the diode symbol.

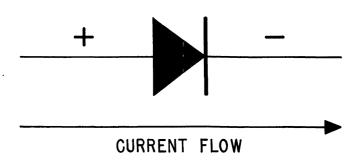


FIG. 1-6

Up to this point we have explained what happens when a DC voltage is applied to a diode. Now lets see what an AC voltage will do. Since an AC voltage will vary positive and negative about a zero reference we have the sine wave form indicated in Fig. 1-7A. When the voltage applied to the anode is positive going (forward bias), the diode (Fig. 1-7B) will conduct, passing the waveform shown in Fig. 1-7C. As the voltage goes negative (reverse bias) the current will drop to approximately zero. Any current flow during this negative half cycle will be due to leakage current as explained previously. This is the basic principle of diodes which are used as detectors and rectifiers.

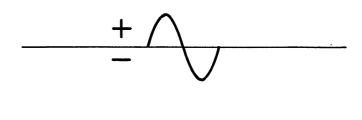


FIG. 1-7A

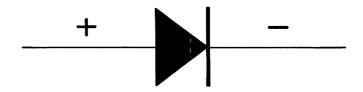


FIG. 1-7B



FIG. 1-7C

So far we have seen that forward bias is used to obtain the desired forward current and that reverse bias, if of a sufficiently high value, can result in the destruction of a diode.

ZENER DIODE

There are, however, certain diodes which rely on the reverse bias and breakdown for application as voltage regulators. Fig. 1-8 is the symbol for a zener diode as it would appear between the DC power supply and load. Fig. 1-9 is the voltage/current waveform of a zener diode.

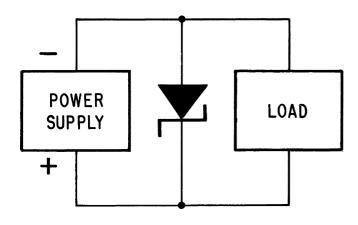
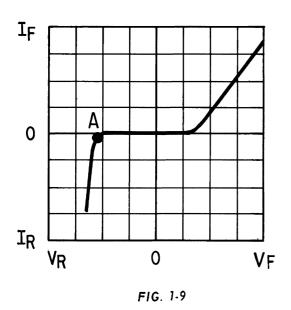


FIG. 1-8



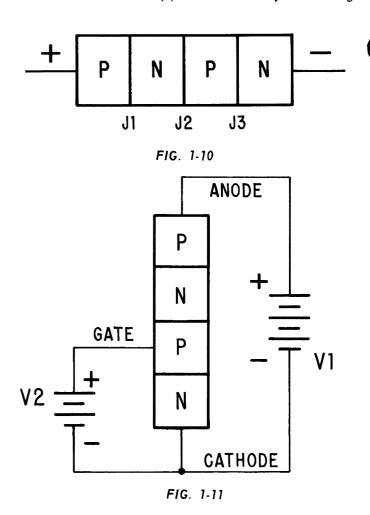
In semi-conductor circuits it is extremely important that the voltage not vary more that 5% of the nominal supply voltage. To hold these limits a zener diode is used as a voltage regulator.

When a zener diode is biased in the forward direction, the current flow through the unit will rise quite sharply at fairly low biasing voltages. If the diode is reverse biased it will be found that the current is minute, on the order of micro-

amperes, until a certain voltage called the breakdown or zener voltage is reached. At this point, the electrons or "holes" which form the leakage current are given sufficient energy to create other electron-hole pairs which add to the initial reverse current. This process builds up rapidly and leads to large increases in current for small further increases in voltage. The diode is now in the saturation region, and any attempt of the reverse voltage to rise is met by an increased current flow which tends to counteract the voltage increase and thus maintains a steady voltage drop across the diode. This is indicated at point A in Fig. 1-9, where the curve drops almost straight down. At this point any further attempt to increase the reverse bias voltage within design range, is met by an increase in current, but practically no change in voltage drop across the diode. In this state the zener diode has now established a fixed voltage. Even though this device relies on the breakdown for normal operation there is of course the necessity to observe the voltage and current ratings of the device due to the possibility of damage if the ratings are exceeded.

SILICON CONTROLLED RECTIFIERS

Another member of the diode family is the Silicon Controlled Rectifier (SCR), a semi-conductor device capable of carrying high current and which can be "switched" by low signal level. The SCR is made of four (4) semi-conductor layers consisting



of alternate "P" and "N" materials in the sequence PNPN as shown in Fig. 1-10. When a positive voltage is applied to the outer "P" material and a negative voltage on the outer "N" layer a forward bias has been established. Each of the three PN junctions has a resistance which, being in series, acts as a voltage divider so there will be a voltage drop across each junction. With voltage V1 applied across the anode and cathode (Fig. 1-11) junctions J1 and J3 are forward biased while J2 is reverse biased and any current flow will be limited to that of the reverse biased junction.

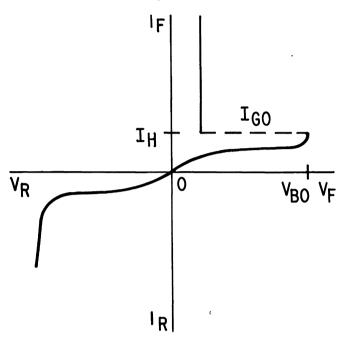


FIG. 1-12

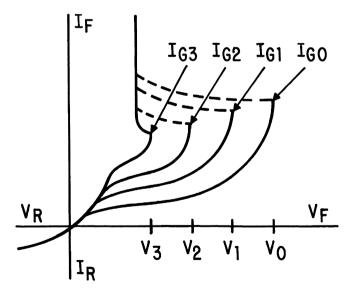


FIG. 1-13

Fig. 1-12 shows that as forward bias voltage (VF) is increased there will be an increase of forward current (IF); a slow increase at first, but as forward bias reaches the point of Breakover Voltage (VBO), current flow overcomes the resis-

tance of junction J2. With low junction resistance it is now possible for a very small forward voltage to maintain a very high current flow as indicated by the almost vertical movement of the curve above IH. As long as circuit conditions maintain a current flow which is greater than the Holding Current (IH) the SCR will remain "on".

In Fig. 1-12 the only way described to switch into high conduction was by increasing forward bias to reach breakover voltage. If we add a third terminal, which is connected to the internal "P" material (the gate of Fig. 1-11), it is possible to accomplish the "turn on" at lower forward voltages as shown in Fig. 1-13. As gate current (IG) is increased the breakover will occur at lower forward voltages. Fig. 1-14 is the schematic symbol for an SCR.

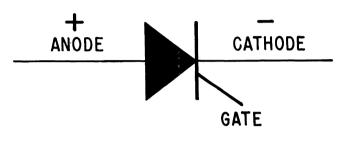
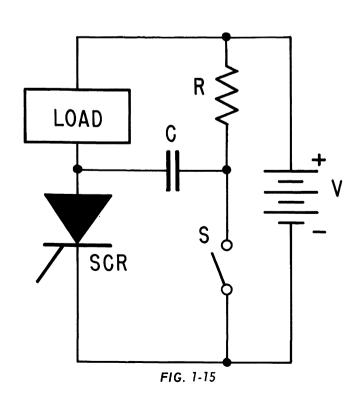


FIG. 1-14

"Turn off" of an SCR can be performed by reverse biasing the anode and cathode, see Fig. 1-15. While the SCR is "on", capacitor (C) will be charged by current path of the resistor, capacitor, SCR and battery. To turn the SCR off, the switch is closed, connecting the positive end of the capacitor to the SCR's cathode. Since the negative end of capacitor C is connected to the anode the SCR is reverse biased and will be turned "off".



TRANSISTORS

Basically a transistor can be considered to be three semiconductor layers consisting of two "PN" junctions, which are joined so that the two outer layers are of the same type material, (either "P" or "N"). The middle layer is of the remaining material and is normally much thinner (Fig. 1-16).

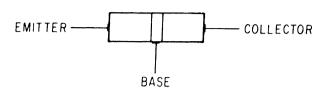


FIG. 1-16

Two basic types of transistors are made depending on the sequence in which the layers are formed, that is, PNP or NPN. Each of these layers or electrodes has a name which is also shown in Fig. 1-16. The center section is called the base and to one side is the emitter which is considered to be the source of current while to the other side is the collector which is considered to collect current flow.

Each of the transistor types (PNP or NPN) has a schematic symbol which permits ready identification (See Fig. 1-17). The emitter electrode is designated by an arrow which also shows the direction of major current flow. In an PNP transistor major current flow is from the emitter to the collector (arrow points inward) while in the NPN transistor major current flow is from the collector to the emitter (arrow points outward). A transistor's base can be thought of as a gate that is opened or closed by a small current flow in the base which allows more or less current to flow in the collector-emitter circuit. While transistors are considered to be current amplifiers, explanations are often given with reference to voltage values and polarities. Within normal or specified ranges of a transistor's electrode voltages, the base bias voltage is most critical because the base is the control electrode.

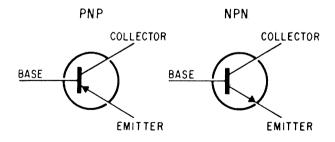


FIG. 1-17

In order to explain the action of a transistor, we will consider it as two separate diode junctions. For amplification purposes the base-emitter junction must be forward biased; while at the same time the base collector junction must be reverse biased with a voltage that is greater than that used for the base-emitter junction. A simplified amplifier circuit is shown in Fig. 1-18 using a NPN transistor.

NPN-AMPLIFIER COMMON EMITTER CIRCUIT

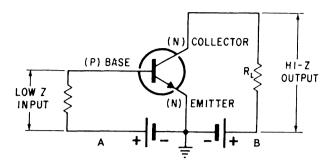


FIG. 1-18

Most transistor amplifier circuits operate in a grounded (common) emitter circuit. The terms "grounded" or "common" simply indicate which electrode is common to both the input and output circuits and bears no relationship to which electrode is actually at electrical ground. In the circuit of Fig. 1-18 a small forward bias voltage is applied across the base-emitter junction which results in current flow in the external base-emitter circuit through the battery and input resistor. Resistance of the base-emitter junction and also the input impedance will be low.

As electrons are injected into the base from the emitter section they drift around looking for "holes" with which to combine. Only a few electrons will be able to combine with "holes" because the base is made very thin and consequently contains only a few "holes". The excess electrons quickly are forced through the base collector junction and on through the collector section because of the high positive voltage of the reverse bias applied there. Due to the reverse bias voltage, the base collector diode will have a high resistance and the output circuit impedance will be high. From the collector, the electrons continue on through the external load (RL) and back through the battery to the emitter. The direction of current flow in the circuit however, is shown in the opposite direction to the drift of electrons. In the common emitter type circuit, the collector-emitter (output) current will be much larger than the base-emitter (input) current because the base-emitter bias voltage is set at a low value that allows only enough "holes" to move into the base electrode from battery "A" to keep the resistance of the emitter junction low. The much larger voltage of battery "B", even though applied in reverse polarity, can cause much more current to flow in the circuit from collector to emitter than is flowing in the circuit from base to emitter. The ratio of high output current to low input current thus represents the current gain of the transistor. Electron theory was used in this paragraph to provide a simple means of explaining what causes current to flow in a circuit.

Note that up to this point we have applied only operating or DC bias voltages to the transistor for a static condition referred to as DC idling currents. The signal (an AC voltage) has not yet been applied to the circuit.

The AC signal voltage to be amplified is applied across RB, combined with the DC bias voltage will result in a varying bias across the base emitter junction. See Figure 1-19. During the positive half cycle of the signal voltage, the base-emitter junction is made more positive and the increased forward bias results in a decrease in junction resistance, an increase in collector-emitter current and a corresponding decrease of output voltage.

NPN-AMPLIFIER COMMON EMITTER CIRCUIT

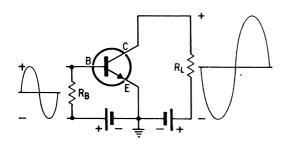


FIG. 1-19

Base emitter bias is made less positive, during the negative half cycle, which results in higher junction resistance and a decrease in collector-emitter current. As the collector-emitter current decreases the output voltage will increase proportionately approaching the voltage of the battery as a maximum value.

Output voltage will be an amplified version of the input voltage, but reversed in phase 180 degrees; also, the output current and power will be an amplified version of the input current and power. If a PNP transistor is to be employed in the circuit the results would be the same, but the DC bias voltages would have to be reversed in polarity.

In order to have linear or undistorted amplification in a transistor amplifier stage, the fixed bias voltage and the resulting idling currents must be stabilized by the particular design of the stage. Transistors used in so-called small signal amplifiers such as found in most RF and IF stages in radio or television receivers, are normally biased at idling currents between .5 Ma and 10 Ma. Bias voltages required may range from .2 volt to as much as 20 volts or more.

Negative feedback provides the best method of stabilizing the bias voltages of a transistor, and is used to fix the gain, reduce certain distortions and stabilize the input and output impedances. If output voltage is fed back, the output impedance is decreased, while if output current is fed back, the output impedance is increased. Gain is reduced at the mid-band frequencies as the amount of feedback is increased but this fact can be used to advantage in some circuits. A well designed bias circuit will assure proper operation that is relatively independent of the characteristics of the transistor, temperature changes and other important design considerations.

Most of the grounded-emitter transistor amplifier circuits, use an emitter to ground resistor to provide some feedback to stabilize the operation of the transistor. To prevent any appreciable degeneration of the signal the emitter resistor may be either fully or partly bypassed by a capacitor. See Figure 1-20. Other forms of feedback may consist of an R/C network, or a single resistor or capacitor connected from one electrode to another in the same stage or to any preceding stage. (Voltage dividing resistances also may be found.) In every case, the greater the feedback, the lower the gain but the amplifier is less sensitive to changes in gain; temperature, etc. If bias voltages and resultant (idling) currents are too low, serious distortions occur. Bias voltages and currents that are too high result in problems of overheating and excessive noise.

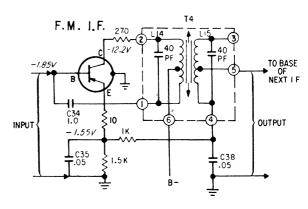


FIG. 1-20

The RF oscillators, see Figure 1-21, are most frequently in a common base arrangement as shown. The base is brought to AC ground potential by the .01 capacitor. At the same time, to insure oscillation, a small 1.5 pf capacitor is shunted between emitter and collector. Internal capacitance between emitter and collector plus the 1.5 pf capacitor will supply sufficient feed back to cause the transistor to oscillate. In the common base arrangement the AC voltages at emitter and collector are out of phase. The 22 pf capacitor and the

RF-OSCILLATOR COMMON-BASE

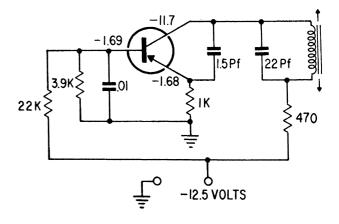


FIG. 1-21

particular setting of the variable inductance of the oscillator coil establish the operating frequency of the oscillator. Base circuit resistors of 3.9K and 22K act as a voltage divider to establish the proper base bias voltage for the transistor. The 1K emitter resistor provides the emitter bias. DC path for the collector is completed through the inductance.

Advancements in semi-conductor devices has led not only to the greatly improved reliability of diodes and transistors but also in the area of size reduction of the devices. Along this line one can find transistors which appear no smaller physically, however they contain two or more separate semi-conductor devices. An example of this is a Darlington configuration transistor. Fig. 1-22 shows the schematic symbol. An examination reveals that two transistors exist within the package, both of which are NPN types. This is not a new circuit, but rather one of many new constructions that have evolved through research.

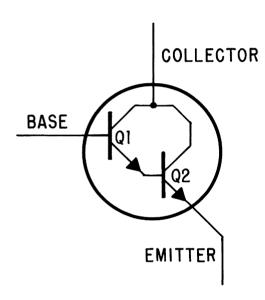


FIG. 1-22

Operation of this device is the same as two transistors in separate packages but has such added advantages as reduced size, fewer circuit components required and extremely high input impedance. Briefly the operation is as follows. Assume separate NPN transistors which we refer to as Q1 and Q2 (Fig. 1-22). Since there are three external terminals with the conventional terms (emitter, base, and collector) voltages are applied as normal for a NPN transistor (in this example), that is, the emitter is negative with the base and collector having successively higher voltages in the positive direction. With DC bias voltages established the AC signal voltage is applied to the base of Q1. A positive going signal will increase the forward bias causing an increase in current flow in the collector-emitter circuit. This increased current flow also goes through the base-emitter junction of Q2 in series with Q1's base-emitter junction. Current in the Q2 collector-emitter circuit will also increase. A negative signal to the base of Q1 will on the other hand cause current reduction in the output of Q2. For a common emitter amplifier circuit there will also be a phase reversal between input (base of Q1) and output (collector of Q2) terminals.

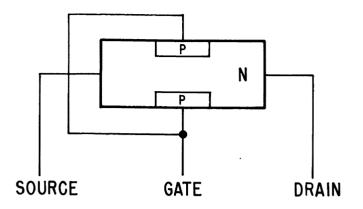


FIG. 1-23

Another recent addition to the semi-conductor family is the Field Effect Transistor (F.E.T.), in which current flow is controlled by an electric field. Construction of a F.E.T. is illustrated in Fig. 1-23 as a bar of semi-conductor material (either "P" or "N"). For this example assume that a "N" bar of silicon is used. Terminals are connected to each end of the bar and are identified as Drain and Source. There is no junction existing, only the ohmic contact. A "P" type material is diffused into both sides of the "N" bar or channel which forms "PN" junctions. The diffused "P" sections are connected together and called the Gate. External voltage is connected as shown in Fig. 1-24, with the positive end of the drain-source battery (VDS) connected to the drain while the negative end is connected to the source terminal. Drain current (ID) flows in the channel, through the load (RL) and battery (VDS). At zero gate voltage, drain current will be limited by only the load resistance and "N" channel resistance. Gate voltage supply (VGS) is connected with the positive end to the source terminal and the negative end to the gate terminal, reverse biasing the gate.

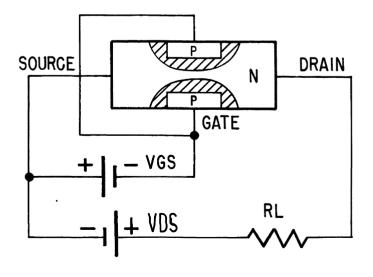


FIG. 1-24

As gate reverse bias voltage is increased (in the negative direction for "N" channel F.E.T.'s), areas will develop adjacent to the "P" gate electrodes which are called depletion regions. A depletion region develops due to the loss of current carriers and results in a reduction of the channel width. This region is shown shaded in Fig. 1-24. Increasing reverse bias voltage increases the depletion regions which in turn results in reduced channel width. A reduction in channel width limits current flow in the channel.

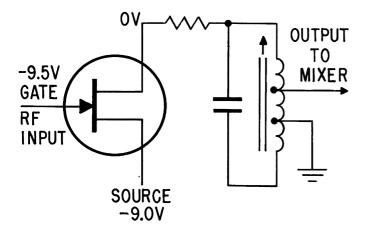


FIG. 1-25

Fig. 1-25 shows the schematic symbol for a junction type depletion mode "N" channel F.E.T. being used in a RF Amplifier application. The electrode voltages established are; source: -9.0 volts; drain: 0 volts; with the gate voltage at -9.5 volts. Under this condition the FET is biased for optimum circuit performance and also low noise. As signal level

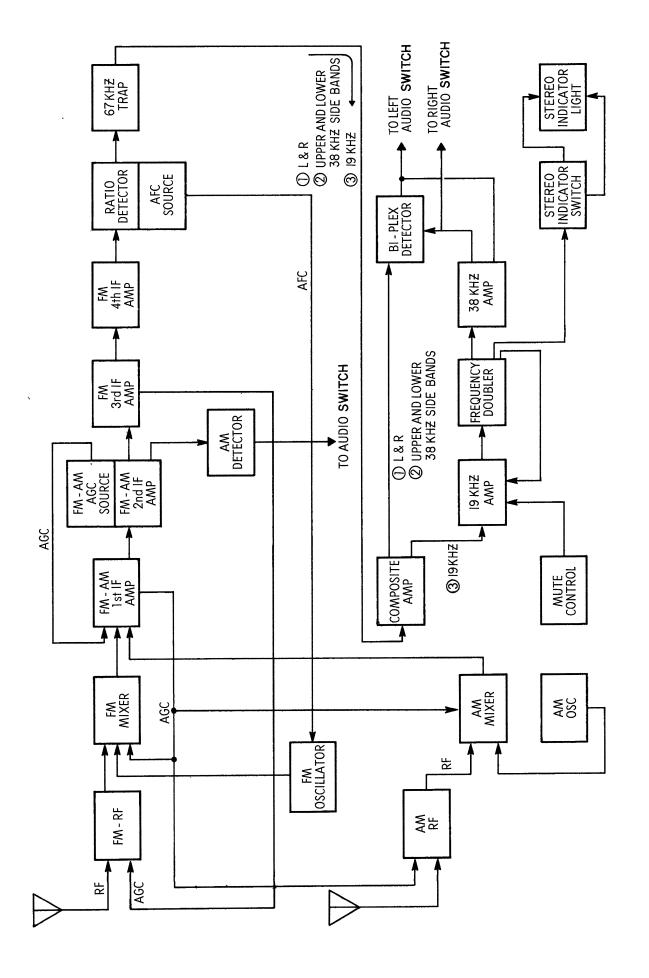
increases reverse AGC voltage will increase. This voltage will add to the gate bias causing a reduction in drain current (ID) and a reduction in the RF amplifier gain thereby reducing possibility of overload distortion.

The transistor, sometimes referred to as a solid-state device, is often compared to a vacuum tube. This comparison can be tricky because the transistor is basically a current operated device, while the vacuum tube is a voltage operated device.

When servicing transistor equipment, it must always be kept in mind that transistors operate on low voltages and small currents. This means in general, that many former servicing techniques are not to be employed. In transistor circuits, the voltage ratings of many components such as coupling and filter capacitors are extremely low. It is very important also that the indicated electrode voltages be within 10% of stated values. The collector to emitter operating voltage and resultant collector current also must be held within certain specified limits, if the transistor is to function properly and have a long life. Applying too high a voltage or one of opposite polarity can ruin a transistor very quickly.

All semi-conductor diodes and transistors have a good mechanical ruggedness but are extremely sensitive to high temperatures. The greatest dangers to a transistor then can be summed up as excess heat, higher than normal electrode voltages or incorrect polarity of DC bias.

In order to prevent damage due to overheating when soldering, all terminal lead soldering time should be kept as short as possible. Always use a pair of long nosed pliers pinched around the lead between the soldering iron and the semi-conductor to act as a heat sink. The pliers will draw away the heat from entering the semi-conductor at the terminal lead entrance.



SECTION 2

MULTIPLEX RECEIVER THEORY

A careful study of the block diagram for chassis 29AT24 (Fig. 2-1) would be most helpful before going into an explanation of the operation of current receiver circuit applications. This chassis will be used to describe circuitry of transistorized Zenith FM/AM multiplex receivers since it includes the features that are basically common to other Zenith chassis.

FM and AM tuners in this chassis are separate units, and each is integral and complete. Since stereo tuners require more sensitivity and selectivity than do monaural FM tuners and since the equipment must function within the Federal Communication Commissions Radiation limits, it was felt that these goals could be best achieved by having the FM-RF tuner separate from the AM-RF tuner. In this manner, all long leads, band switching and other associated circuitry that contribute to radiation problems, and reduce each tuner's performance, will be eliminated.

AM-RF TUNER

The AM tuner uses a three section tuning capacitor with

separate RF, Mixer, and Oscillator transistors (Fig. 2-2). A low impedance antenna is used with provisions for connection of a long wire external AM antenna. Gain of the RF and Mixer stages is controlled by reverse AGC voltage.

FM-RF TUNER

Since the FM tuner must meet the F.C.C. RF radiation limits it is completely shielded. AGC, AFC, and bias voltages are all supplied to the tuner through feed-thru type capacitors. The oscillator transistor is of the shielded four pin construction with the shield being grounded. At the shaft end of the tuner, the four iron core tuning slugs for the Antenna, RF Input Detector and Oscillator are all accessible (Fig. 2-3). The three transistors are accessible at the back end of the tuner, and since they are of the plug-in type, they are easily replaceable (Fig. 2-4). An FM antenna input jack is located at the top of the tuner assembly with an extension cable that connects to the FM antenna terminals on the rear of the receiver cabinet. To insure that this tuner's performance is outstanding, the design incorporates very high -"Q" tuned circuits.

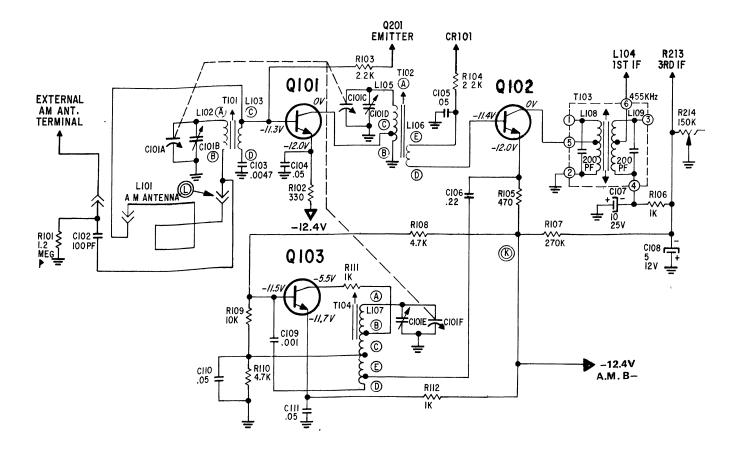
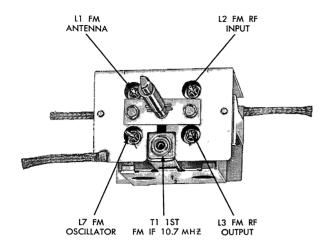


FIG. 2-2 AM TUNER



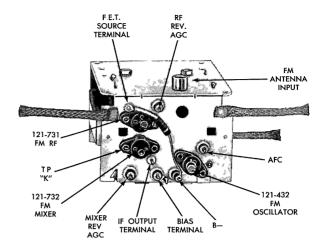


FIG. 2-3

The FM antenna coil (L1), and both the RF input (L2), and Detector (L3), coils are tuned as well as the Oscillator coil (L7) (Fig. 2-5). These precisely tuned circuits also insure that the tuner will reject any unwanted and undesirable combination of RF signals present in many areas, resulting from our complex communications systems. Coil L4 is a 10.7 megahertz trap in the base of the mixer. Reverse AGC voltage is applied to the base at the Mixer transistor and also the gate of the RF transistor which is a Field Effect Transistor (F.E.T.). An

FIG. 2-4

advantage of the F.E.T. is that it provides added capabilities in reduction of interference and other undesired signals. AGC voltage is used to reduce the amplification of these stages on strong RF signals.

At this point a word is in order about the F.E.T. RF circuit. In the past a conventional transistor has been used, however in this circuit the F.E.T. is incorporated in the RF stage design. Nominal operating voltages on the terminals are: Source -9.0

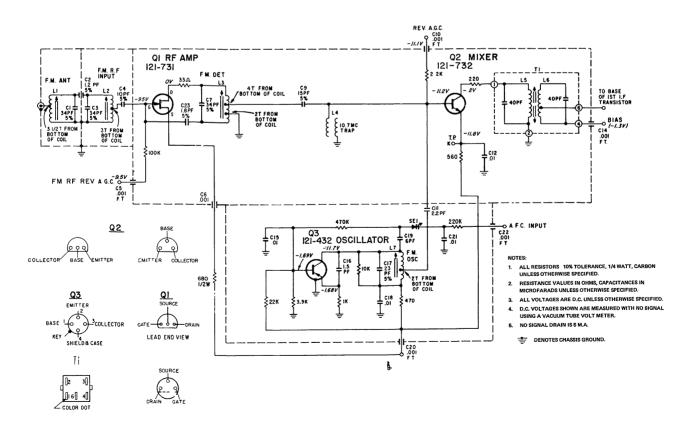


FIG. 2-5 FM TUNER

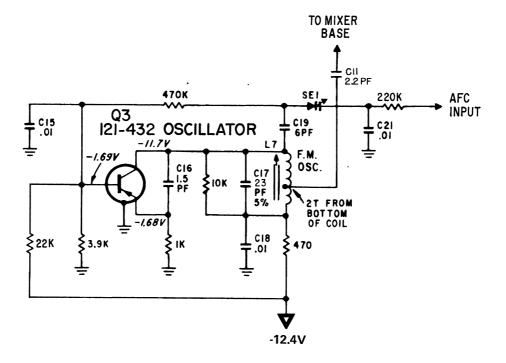


FIG. 2-6 FM-AFC

volt, Gate -9.5 volt and Drain at zero volts. Voltage spread between Gate and Source terminals is -0.5 volts. The drain terminal is returned to ground via a tap on the FM Detector coil L3. As gain of the IF stages increases, reverse AGC voltage will be developed and applied via a feed-thru and 100K resistor to the gate terminal of the F.E.T. This increasing AGC voltage, when added to the gate bias voltage, will cause the gate voltage to be more negative, driving the F.E.T. toward cut-off. When this occurs, the current flow is reduced, thereby reducing the F.E.T.'s gain. This stage is designed for optimum circuit performance and minimum noise. In this application, the drain current is at approximately one-half of the saturation current.

FM-AFC

As with all high frequency oscillators, stability is important and as a feature it is desirable to provide Automatic Frequency Control which is guided by voltage directly related to oscillator frequency shift. This is accomplished by taking a DC voltage from the ratio detector and feeding it back to a varicap "SE1" which is a voltage controlled variable capacitor (Fig. 2-8). This varicap is connected across the oscillator tuned circuit and acts as a frequency controlling device. If the oscillator should shift frequency it causes ratio detector unbalance and a DC voltage is fed back to the varicap changing its capacity which will automatically adjust the frequency of the oscillator circuit to compensate for the original oscillator shift. In this manner we have achieved automatic oscillator frequency control which eliminates drift and simplifies FM tuning. There is a possibility that some component may fail in the oscillator circuit, that will shift the frequency beyond the ±.8 megahertz control range of the varicap. This would then require analysis and replacement of the component. Should you desire to receive a weak FM station within the AFC pull in range of a strong FM station ±.8 MHz an AFC disabling switch has been provided in the receiver circuitry. The AFC source voltage is removed from the oscillator circuit when switching from FM-AFC to FM, and the oscillator circuit functions without automatic frequency control relying on its inherent stability to stay at the desired tuned frequency.

FM IF AMPLIFIERS

There are four common emitter IF amplifier stages between the output of the RF tuner and the Ratio Detector. The IF base voltages are obtained from the following voltage divider networks. Bias voltage for the 1st IF is developed at the junction of resistors R213 (15K), R107 (270K) and the bias adjust potentiometer R214 (150K) (Figs. 2-2 and 2-7). Base bias voltage for the 2nd IF is from the junction of resistors R205 (12K) and R206 (2.7K) between "B-" and ground, resulting in approximately -10.0 volt on the base, which is fed thru the secondaries of transformers T201 (FM IF) and T202 (AM IF) (Fig. 2-7). The third IF receives its base bias voltage from a divider consisting of R211 (18K) and R210 (3.9K). This -10.0 volts is supplied to the base, via the secondary of transformer T203. Bias voltage of -9.7 volts is applied to the base of the fourth IF from a junction of R225 (12K) and R224 (3.3K). This divider is connected across a -12.4 volt supply which is switched by the touch switching circuits which will be explained separately.

FM AGC

When an FM signal is received, a 10.7 MHz IF signal is available in the 2nd IF transformer (T201). A portion of this signal is removed from the 2nd IF transistor collector through C207, the 10 pf capacitor. This FM modulated signal is

detected by diode CR202, increasing the negative voltage at the junction of the 15K and 2.2K resistors (R213 and R212) and in turn at the 1st IF base. With a power supply voltage of -12.4 volts and no signal at the FM Tuner, a -10.1 volts could be expected at the base of the 1st IF transistor. With 50 micro-volts of RF at the input of the FM Tuner, this would be increased to approximately -10.4 volts and with 100 thousand micro-volts at the input of the RF Tuner, the voltage would be approximately -11.1 volts. Even with extremely strong signals the voltage on the 1st IF amplifier base will always be negative, and can be considered as a negative going negative voltage. The IF transistor can be considered to be controlled by a Reverse AGC voltage. In other words, the Forward bias of this transistor is being reduced. As the forward bias is reduced on the base of the NPN transistor it's gain is also reduced, as is the magnitude of the IF signal available at the collector. IF amplifier overload with resulting distortion will be eliminated. To prevent other sources of overload, with resulting distortion, AGC voltage must also be applied to both the RF and Mixer transistors. Since the FM Mixer transistor obtains its base voltage from the emitter of the 1st IF (via CR201), as the gain of the stage is reduced, voltage available at the emitter of the 1st IF (Fig. 2-5) will become more negative. As a result the voltage at the mixer base will also become more negative, again there will be a negative going negative voltage being controlled by developed AGC voltage.

Diode CR201 will be forward biased when in the FM function and reverse biased in the AM function as a result of the "B-" supply to the tuner being switched "on". This diode, when forward biased, will pass FM AGC to the mixer stage in the FM function.

Bias to the F.E.T. is supplied to the divider consisting of R226 (33K) and R230 (100K) forming the initial bias. FM Signal picked off via C221 (6pf) is fed to the junction of CR204 and CR205, a voltage doubler circuit. Increasing signal strength develops an increasingly negative voltage which is applied through isolating resistors to the gate of the F.E.T. The AGC voltage is delayed to insure that the F.E.T. will not be driven into pinch-off (cut-off) on strong signals.

AM AGC

With an amplitude modulated signal received at the antenna terminals of the receiver, we would obtain a 455 KHz amplitude modulated wave at the secondary of T204 (see Fig. 2-9), the third AM IF transformer. Diode CR202 detects the amplitude modulated signal, increasing the negative voltage at the junction of the 15K and 2.2K and finally to the base of

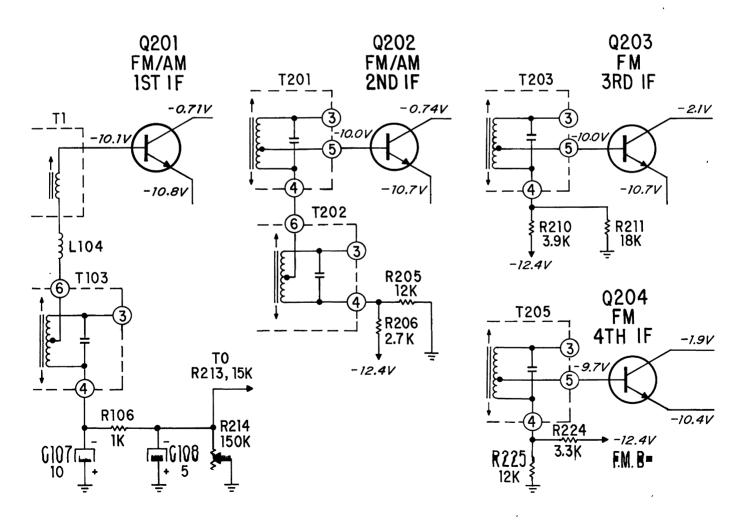


FIG. 2-7 FM-IF AMPLIFIER BIAS SOURCE

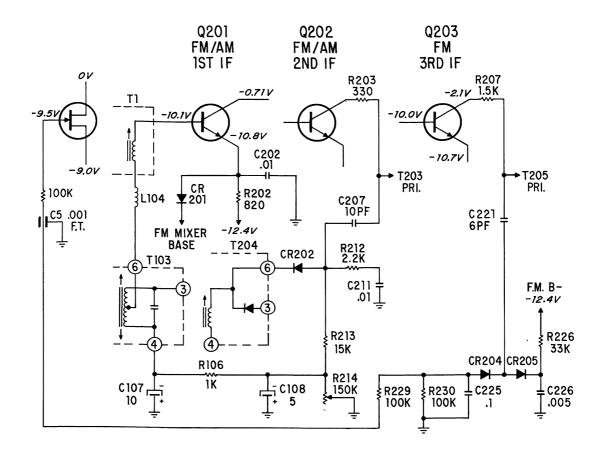


FIG. 2-8 FM-AGC

the 1st IF. In this manner we are applying reverse AGC voltage to the 1st IF transistor to reduce its gain and eliminate the possibility of distortion and overload as a result of excessively strong RF signals. As base voltage becomes more negative so does the emitter voltage which is then applied to the anode of CR101. When the receiver is in the AM function B-voltage has been applied to the AM Mixer transistor Q102. Voltage will now be applied across diode CR101 of such value and polarity that CR101 is forward biased. Changes in emitter voltage of the 1st IF transistor Q201 will be passed to the base of the AM mixer transistor via CR101, thus presenting an effective control of mixer stage gain.

TUNING METER

FM signals at the collector of Q203 (third IF transistor) will be sampled via C218 (a 6 pf capacitor), to diode CR203 which rectifies it and supplies a DC voltage to the tuning meter (Fig. 2-10). AM signals are sampled from the primary of T204 (AM transformer) via C220 (22 pf) and the 10.7 MHz trap consisting of L201.

AM DETECTOR

Separate diodes are used to produce the AM AGC voltage and the AM audio voltage (see Fig. 2-10). The 455 KHz AM

modulated wave at the secondary of T204, the third AM IF transformer, is detected with the resulting wave form having the same characteristics as the original amplitude modulation broadcast by the station to which we are tuned. This demodulated voltage is then fed to the audio amplifier portion of the receiver system.

RATIO DETECTOR

Output of the 10.7 MHz 4th IF is fed to T206, ratio detector transformer (see Fig. 2-11). This ratio detector circuit, which is standard, utilizes two solid state diodes for FM demodulation. Assuming the FM station to which we are tuned is transmitting in the stereo mode with a SCA sub-carrier, the composite output from the ratio detector will consist of the following.

- 1. L+R audio voltage
- Upper and lower 38 KHz side bands (L-R)
- 3. 19 KHz pilot signal
- 4. 67 KHz SCA signal

67 KHz TRAP

This composite information is fed to the input of the 67 KHz trap T301 (Figure 2-12). Assuming that this FM multiplex

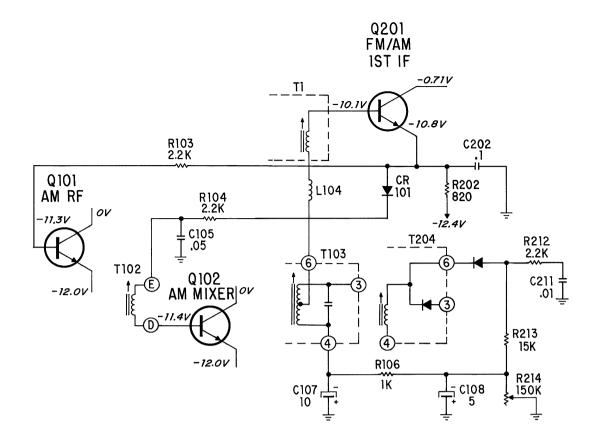


FIG. 2-9 AM-AGC

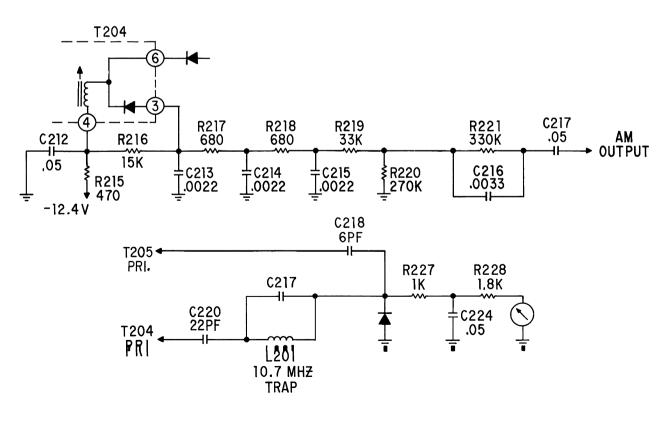


FIG. 2-10 AM-DETECTOR AND TUNING METER

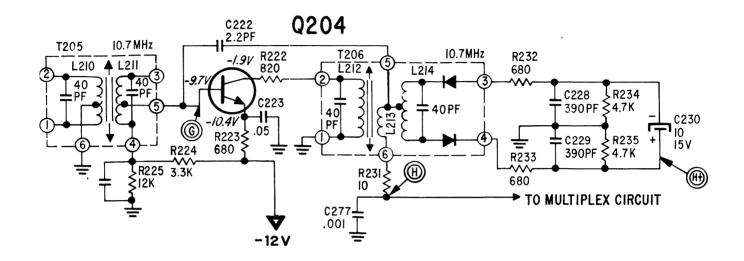


FIG. 2-11 FM-RATIO DETECTOR

station to which we are tuned is also broadcasting 67 KHz store cast material that cannot be allowed to enter the multiplex detector or distortion will result, then a very high "Q" trap with approximately 30 db of attenuation must be placed in the path of composite signal. By tuning this 67 KHz trap for minimum output we eliminate all of the 67 KHz SCA information from being passed on through the multiplex detector where it would cause cross talk and distortion.

COMPOSITE AMPLIFIER

Now that the 67 KHz SCA material has been eliminated it is necessary to amplify the remaining three elements of the composite signal. These are fed into the composite amplifier (Figure 2-12), which has a gain of approximately 6. In the collector circuit, the output of this composite amplifier is fed to two channels. The L + R audio voltage and the 38 KHz L-R upper and lower sidebands are fed directly to the base of the biplex detector, and await recombination with the developed 38KHz sub-carrier as well as simultaneous detection, into L and R audio voltages. The 19 KHz signal is taken off the secondary of T302 and fed to the base of the 19 KHz pilot amplifier.

19KHz PILOT AMPLIFIER AND DOUBLER

The 19KHz pilot signal from the collector of the composite amplifier is fed into a 19KHz amplifier with both input and output circuits sharply tuned to 19KHz. This is done to eliminate any undesired signals from triggering the 19KHz pilot amplifier (Figure 2-13). To insure that the 19KHz pilot amplifier will only operate on signals of sufficient amplitude for practical noise free stereophonic reception, a mute voltage is impressed on the emitter of this transistor. Under static conditions, the transistor is biased at cutoff and is not conducting. The amount of reverse bias or mute voltage on the base of the 19KHz amplifier is controlled by the 50K ohm mute control. When the incoming 19KHz pilot signal peak to peak voltage is sufficient to overcome the back bias or cutoff condition of the 19KHz amplifier, then this transistor will conduct. It requires a 19KHz pilot signal of approximately 1.8 volts peak to peak to do this. When the incoming 19KHz signal is sufficient to cause the 19 KHz amplifier to conduct, it amplifies and passes signal on to the secondary of T303, which is center tapped. Two solid state diodes CR301 and CR302

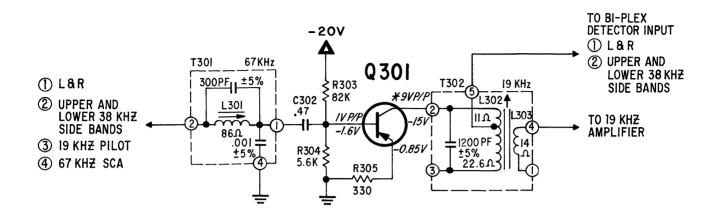


FIG. 2-12 67 KHz TRAP AND COMPOSITE AMPLIFIER

operate as a full wave unfiltered rectifier, across this secondary and act as a frequency doubler. The output of this full wave rectifier is a series of 38KHz DC pulses. These 38KHz DC pulses perform two functions. These DC pulses are fed through a 820 ohm resistor and are filtered by the 5 mfd capacitor connected to ground. A DC voltage will be developed which

will be fed back to the base of the 19KHz amplifier. As this DC voltage increases the conduction of 19KHz amplifier will greatly increase effectively locking the 19KHz amplifier in a state of heavy conduction. This amplifier will remain in conduction until the 19KHz pilot signal is lost.

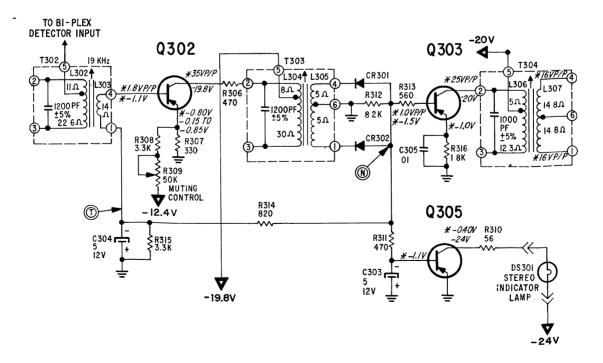


FIG. 2-13 19 KHz AMPLIFIER, DOUBLER AND STEREO INDICATOR SWITCH

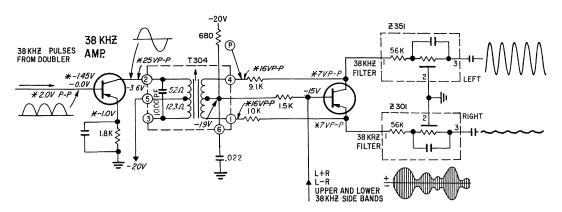


FIG. 2-14 BIPLEX DETECTOR

STEREO INDICATOR SWITCH

The stereo indicator switch transistor and the stereo indicator lamp are in series with a voltage (Figure 2-13). They could be compared to a series resistance group with the stereo indicator switch being a variable resistor and the stereo indicator lamp as being a large fixed resistor. In the monaural mode there is zero volts on the base and a -24 volts on the collector with the emitter grounded. In the monaural mode this transistor is reverse biased and is not conducting. When a 19KHz signal is sufficiently strong to trigger the 19KHz amplifier, the switch transistor will begin to conduct. As this occurs, the collector voltage drops toward zero volts and the indicator lamp begins to draw current, illuminating the lamp, indicating that the receiver is operating in the stereo mode.

38KHz SUBCARRIER AMPLIFIER

Another portion of the 38KHz DC pulses from the doubler is used to create the 38KHz carrier for insertion with the two L-R 38KHz sidebands. These pulses are fed to the base of the 38KHz amplifier transistor (Figure 2-14). The collector circuit of the 38KHz amplifier is tuned to 38KHz and when pulses are injected into a resonant circuit so that the pulses and the tuned circuit are of the same frequency, ringing occurs in the tuned circuit. . .in this manner a sine wave is created. Looking at the collector of the 38KHz amplifier, you would see a 38KHz sine wave. This 38KHz sine wave (subcarrier) is now ready for reinsertion with the two L - R 38KHz side bands that were obtained from the output of the composite amplifier.

THE BIPLEX DETECTOR

The 121-734 PNP transistor used in the Biplex detector circuit of the 29AT 24 although not a bilateral transistor exhibits bilateral characteristics. As a result its function can be best explained by the operation of a normal bilateral transistor.

A bilateral transistor is a special type transistor that due to its uniform design, the collector will serve as the emitter and the emitter will serve as the collector under certain conditions. When switched by a properly applied AC voltage, in push-pull, sufficient in value to overcome the cut-off bias normally applied, the bilateral transistor will pass current in both directions in accordance with the alternations of the switching voltage. The switching voltage in this case is the regenerated 38 KHz subcarrier signal.

The transistor is not biased in the conventional manner. For the following refer to Figure 2-14. The base is biased at -15 volts, while the collector and emitter are both biased at -19 volts (as shown at the center-tap, terminal No. 6 of transformer T304.) The -19 and -15 are obtained from the voltage divider consisting of the 1.5K & 680 resistors. Note that the collector and emitter are connected to the opposite ends of the 38KHz output transformer secondary winding (part of T304). Under no-switching voltage conditions, the transistor is biased to cut off due to the 4 volts difference between the -15 volts at the base and the -19 volts at the emitter. To forward bias the transistor, to cause current to flow, the voltage at the emitter must be positive or less negative than the voltage at the base. This required forward bias is supplied by regenerated 38 KHz subcarrier (a CW signal) when the value of the 38KHz voltage exceeds the reverse bias.

Referring to Figure 2-15 showing the input and output waveforms of the 38KHz switching signal only, note that the upper 38KHz input wave supplies the positive bias from the emitter to the base on the first half-cycle, while at the same time, the lower wave supplies the negative bias from the collector to the base. During the second half-cycle just the reverse is true, but the action of the transistor is the same, due to the bilateral effect.

An important point here is that because the transistor has bilateral characteristics, the emitter is as shown in the schematic for the first half-cycle but the emitter and collector change places when the switching signal changes polarity in the second half-cycle. As a result, current flows between the collector and emitter in both half-cycles, reversing directions in accordance with the alternations of the 38KHz switching signal. The path of current flow in the external circuit is

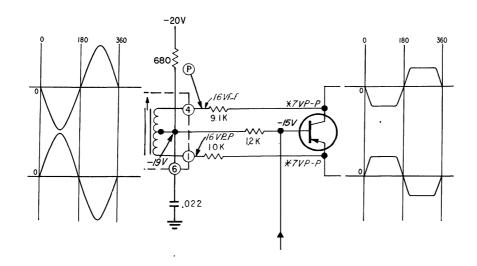


FIG. 2-15 BIPLEX DETECTOR WITH THEORETICAL 38 KHz
INPUT AND OUTPUT WAVEFORMS

through the two load resistors (9.1K and 10K) and the secondary winding of T304. The output is taken from across the emitter and collector of the transistor.

Referring to Figure 2-16 showing input and output waveforms for operation of the circuit with 38KHz & (L-R) 38KHz side band inputs. Note that the composite stereo signal, taken off in the receiver from (T302) the collector load for the composite amplifier and is applied to the base of the transistor while it is being switched at the 38KHz rate. The composite signal consists of two interleaved components, the (L+R) or regular audio signal and (L-R) 38KHz sidebands. The (L+R) signal can appear at the L and R output terminals only by the way of the T302 transformer secondary, because any (L+R)

signal passing through via the base of the transistor is modulated upward and out of the audio range by the 38KHz switching signal. The demodulated (L-R) signal can appear at the L and R output terminals only by way of the base circuit of the transistor, because the two (L-R) 38KHz side bands are greatly attenuated at pin 6 of the transformer (T304) by the network consisting of the 1.5K & 680 ohm resistor to B-, shunted by the .022 MF capacitor to ground.

In operation, the (L + R) audio signal appears at the "L" and "R" output circuits in equal magnitudes of the same polarity. The relatively few turns of wire in the 38KHz transformer secondary winding represents a low impedance path for the (L + R) signal. The (L - R) 38KHz side bands are demodulated by

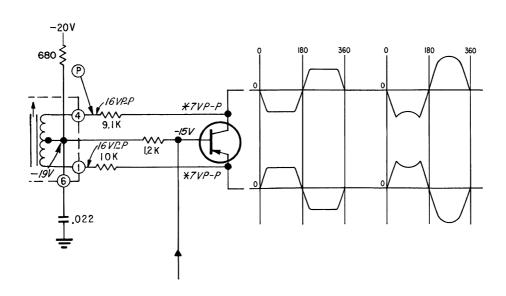
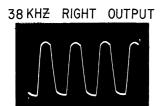
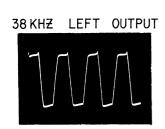
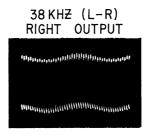
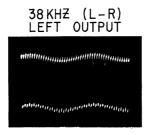


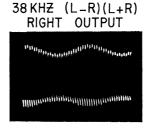
FIG. 2-16 BIPLEX DETECTOR WITH THEORETICAL 38 KHz SIDE BAND OUTPUT WAVEFORMS

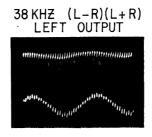


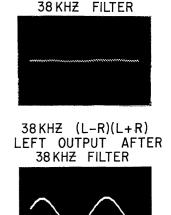












38 KHZ (L-R)(L+R)
RIGHT OUTPUT AFTER

FIG. 2-17 BIPLEX DETECTOR SIGNAL TRACING WAVEFORMS

the action of the transistor into two equal amplitude but opposite polarity (L-R) regular audio signals in the same L and R outputs circuits. The biplex transistor circuit thus acts to reinsert the 38KHz CW (the subcarrier) into the (L-R) 38KHz side bands and at the same time demodulates this signal into the (L-R) audio signal and also provides the matrixing of the two sets of audio signal (L+R) and (L-R) according to the formulae:

$$(L-R) + (L+R) = 2L$$

- $(L-R) + (L+R) = 2R$

The demodulation efficiency of the Multiplex "average type" detectors used previously was around 30%. The demodulation efficiency of the Biplex Detector circuit is around 60%. Furthermore, the L and R channel separation is improved about 6DB at the higher audio frequencies between 8KHz and 15 KHz. The present circuit is designed to provide about 25 db of separation of the L and R signals at 1000 cycles.

One of the most desirable features of the Biplex detector is that when tuning across the dial, both stereo and non-stereo (monophonic) stations are received at approximately the same volume level.

During monophonic (non-stereo) FM transmissions, the 19 KHz pilot signal is not transmitted. If the 38 KHz switching signal is not applied to the transistor, it will remain at cut-off. In this case the (L+R) audio signal will be divided equally in the two channels via the two half-sections of the transformer (the secondary winding of T304).

SIMPLIFIED CHECK OF THE BIPLEX TRANSISTOR

A simple quality check on the biplex transistor can be made as follows:

Connect a large (5-10MF) capacitor from pin 6 of the transformer T304 to chassis ground, to kill the signal at this point so that only the (L-R) signal is obtained in the output via the base of the transistor.

The transistor is good, if after tuning across the dial only stereo stations are received. The transistor is defective, if both stereo and non-stereo stations are heard at or near the same volume level. (The stereo stations will light up the stereo indicator lamp.)

TOUCH SWITCHING CIRCUITS

Zenith Engineers have incorporated in the design of this chassis new developments resulting from advances in solid-state components. Selection of FM, AM, PHONO, TAPE, STEREO/MONO, and EXTENDED BASS is accomplished by the use of various solid-state devices including: Diodes, Silicon Controlled Rectifiers (SCR), and Field Effect Transistors (F.E.T.). Fig. 2-18 shows the component side of the circuit board, while Fig. 2-19 is the schematic for the circuit board and related circuits.

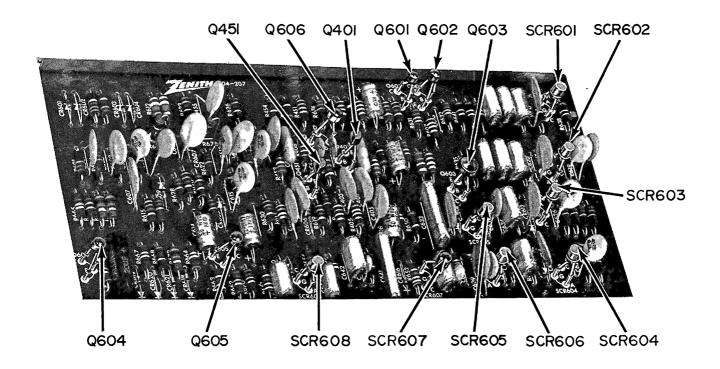


FIG. 2-18 FUNCTION SWITCH CIRCUIT BOARD

Before going into circuit operation, refer to the block diagram of Fig. 2-20. Audio sources are developed in the conventional manner, but each of the six functions has its own control circuits which are activated by touch contacts located on the control panel. When either the AM, FM, PHONO, or TAPE function is selected the three remaining functions are deactivated. If the amplifier is operating in the STEREO mode and the AM function is activated, additional circuits will automatically switch into monaural reproduction. In addition to switching audio, "B-" voltage to the 38 KHz amplifier is also switched "on" and "off" by the STEREO/MONO circuits. "B-" voltages to the FM and AM tuners are also switched by solid-state devices. Operation of the EXTENDED BASS circuits are also controlled from the panel. Active functions are identified by their associated illuminated indicators.

Fig. 2-21 shows the FM and AM control circuits. Touch contacts for each function are made of a pair of semi-circular contacts insulated from each other. When the FM contacts are bridged, a voltage divider circuit consisting of R639, R681, and R682 will be completed to ground resulting in a voltage change at the junction of R639 and R681. This change will appear as a positive going pulse, via C619, to the gate of SCR602.

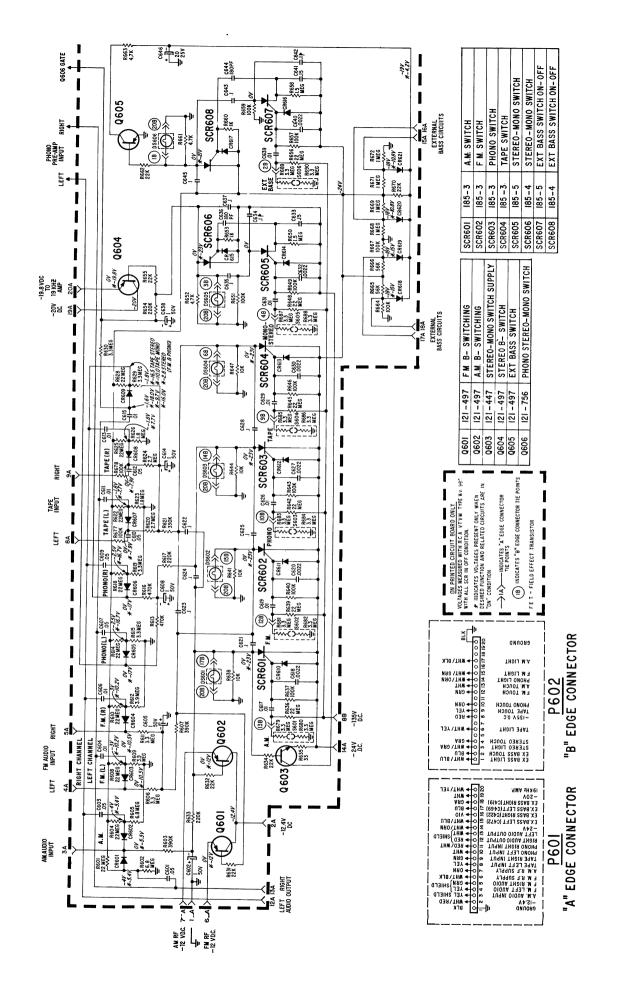
A voltage in the forward bias direction, but of a value below that required to cause conduction, is applied between SCR602's cathode and anode. When a positive pulse, of the proper value, is applied to the SCR gate, the SCR is "gated" into conduction and will carry high forward current. Current will flow from the "-24" volt line (regulated by a zener diode),

through the SCR and the parallel combination of indicator lamp DS602 and resistor R641, causing the lamp to illuminate indicating FM operation. Should the lamp open, due to a failure, the circuit can still operate since the resistor is in series with the SCR.

As current flows through SCR602 anode voltage will go negative, and will be used for related control applications. One of these is to apply a negative voltage to the base of Q601. Since Q601 is a PNP transistor the negative voltage will forward bias it, resulting in high conduction through its emitter-collector circuit, "switching on" the FM RF tuner "B-" supply.

Negative going voltage is also applied to the cathodes of diodes CR603 and CR604. Voltage dividers consisting of R608, R609, and R610, R612 have established a fixed voltage at the anode ends of these diodes. With a negative voltage on the cathode and a positive voltage on the anode these diodes are forward biased. Audio from the FM Bi-plex outputs will see these diodes as conductors with the audio being fed to the left and right channel outputs via C604 and C606.

Similar actions occur when the AM circuits are activated. SCR601 will conduct, developing a negative anode voltage Which is coupled via R632 to the base of transistor Q602, turning on Q602 which is the AM RF tuner "B-" supply switch. This negative voltage is also applied to the common cathode junction of diodes CR601 and CR602. These diodes are now forward biased and the AM audio will be fed to the left and right channels via the diodes and C601 and C603.



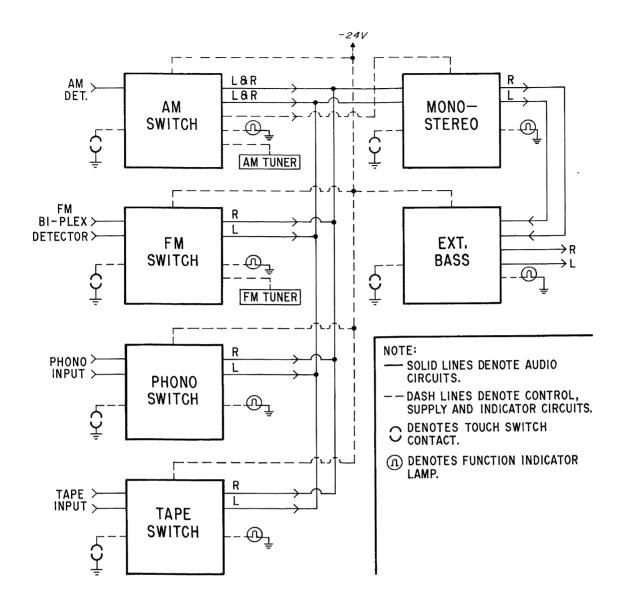


FIG. 2-20 FUNCTION SWITCH BLOCK DIAGRAM

One additional application occurs when in AM. Negative voltage from SCR601's anode is coupled to the base of NPN transistor Q603, which will hold Q603 at cut-off. When SCR601 is "off", Q603's base will be at approximately zero volts, forward bias will exist, and Q603 will act as a switch supplying approximately -23 volts to the STEREO/MONO SCR circuit (SCR 605, 606). Notice that -24 volts from the zener controlled source has been supplied to all SCR cathodes except SCR605 and SCR606. This was done to provide automatic switching into the monaufal mode for AM and will be explained as part of the STEREO/MONO circuit.

Assume that the AM function was turned "on". Current would flow not only through SCR601 and resistor R638, but there would also be current flow via R641 which would have

charged C621 to the polarity shown in Fig. 2-22. When the FM circuit is "gated on", C621 will discharge via the low resistance path offered by SCR601. This discharge current would flow through SCR601, but as a reverse current, causing a reduction of effective current flow in SCR601. The value of current flowing would fall below the holding current required, causing SCR601 to "switch off".

Diode CR610 is connected between the cathode and gate of SCR601 so it is reverse biased when SCR601 conducts and forward biased when SCR601 is "switched off" to speed up the "switch-off" time. Capacitor C618 prevents "switching on" of SCR601 on transients, noise or other false pulses on the gate.

If the FM, PHONO or TAPE functions are "on", activating the

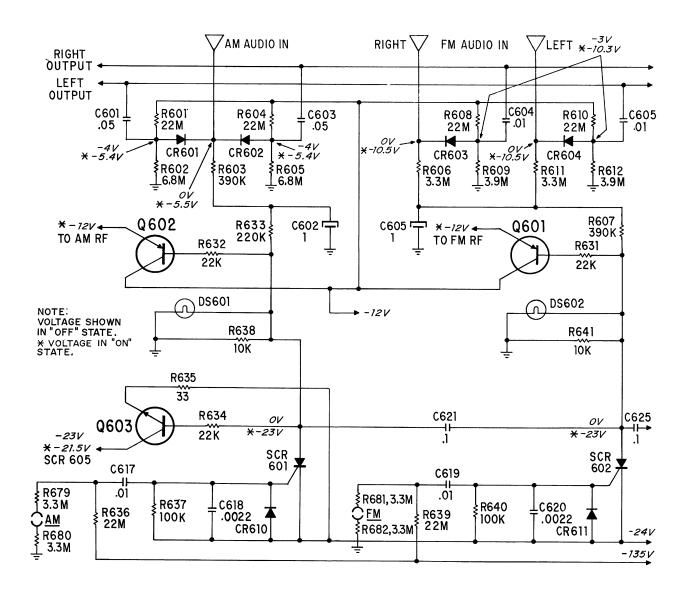


FIG. 2-21 FM/AM SWITCH CIRCUITS

STEREO/MONO contact will cause either of two actions to occur. If SCR606 is not conducting (MONO), SCR605 will be triggered "on" with a positive gate pulse (Fig. 2-23). Current will flow through resistor R650 and charge C633, developing a positive pulse across it which will be applied via C636 to the gate of SCR606, turning SCR606 "on". "B-" current will flow in the collector circuit of Q603, through SCR606 and indicator DS605 (STEREO). SCR605 cannot maintain conduction, except when C633 is charging during the initial pulse, because resistor R650 (1.5 Meg) is a high value and the holding current of SCR605 is below the value required to sustain conduction. SCR606 will latch because of the low resistance of its cathode/anode circuit. Capacitor C633 will discharge thru R650 when SCR605 is "off". If SCR606 is conducting (STEREO), any pulse appearing on SCR605's gate will cause a momentary negative going pulse on its anode, and via capacitor C635 to the SCR605 anode. This will result in reduced forward current in SCR606 causing current to drop below the holding valve. SCR606 will stop conducting and operation returns to the MONO mode.

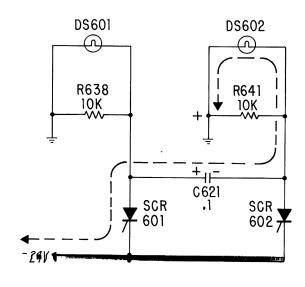


FIG. 2-22 SCR "SWITCH OFF" OPERATION

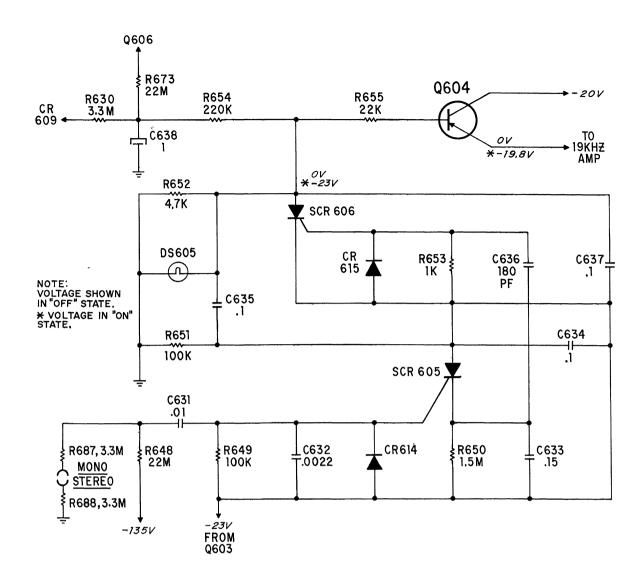


FIG. 2-23 STEREO/MONO SWITCH CIRCUITS

Transistor Q604's base voltage will go negative when SCR606 is "on" (STEREO). This will cause Q604 to be forward biased and turn "on" "B-" voltage to the 19 KHz multiplex amplifier circuit for control of FM STEREO/MONO operation. Tape and Phono are controlled by other methods as will be explained under Tape and Phono operation, but notice that there are circuits, from SCR606's anode, to both the FET (Q606) and CR609 for Stereo/Mono control in the Phono or Tape functions.

Activation of the TAPE circuit will cause operation similar to the FM and AM functions (Fig. 2-24). When SCR604's anode is negative, diodes CR607 and CR608 will "switch" the TAPE Input audio to the audio output.

STEREO/MONO switching of the TAPE function is accomplished by the choice of voltages on diode CR609. This diode and capacitor C615 are series connected between the left and right output channels so that when CR609 is forward biased (MONO-TAPE) monaural operation will occur and stereo operation when CR609 is reverse biased. When in the Tape

function, negative voltage from the anode of SCR604 is applied to CR609's cathode. The voltage on CR609's anode will depend on the state of SCR606. When SCR606 is "on" diode CR609 will be reverse biased, presenting a high resistance between channels, however when SCR606 is "off" the diode will be forward biased and audio will see it as a conductor between channels resulting in monaural operation.

Phono circuits are shown in Fig. 2-25. When the phono function is activated negative voltage on SCR603's anode is used to forward bias diodes CR605 and CR606 which switch the phono audio (which will be explained shortly) to the output.

Anode voltage of SCR606 (Fig. 2-23) is also applied via resistor R654 to the gate of Q606 a Field Effect Transistor (F.E.T.). Fig. 2-26 is the audio input from the phone cartridge and also the STEREO/MONO switching for the phono input. Should SCR606 be "off" there will be no voltage on its anode and voltages on the F.E.T. (Q606) will be: Drain and Source -3 volts, Gate -2.5 volts. Under this condition the FET is conducting, presenting a short circuit audio wise. The left and

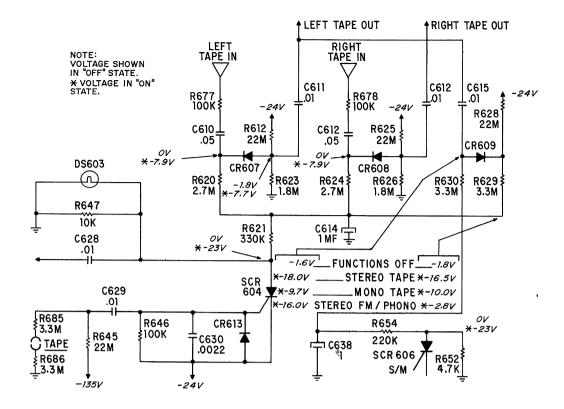


FIG. 2-24 TAPE SWITCH CIRCUITS

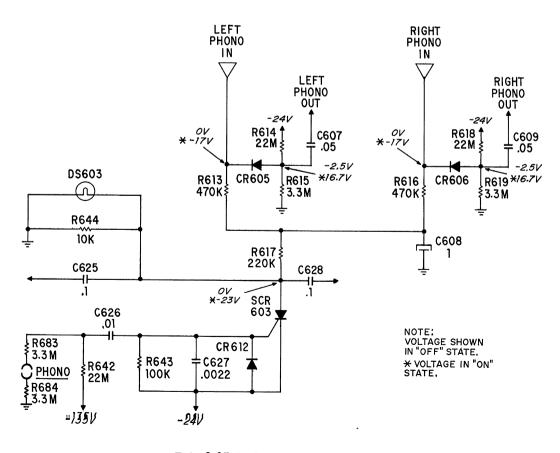


FIG. 2-25 PHONO SWITCH CIRCUITS

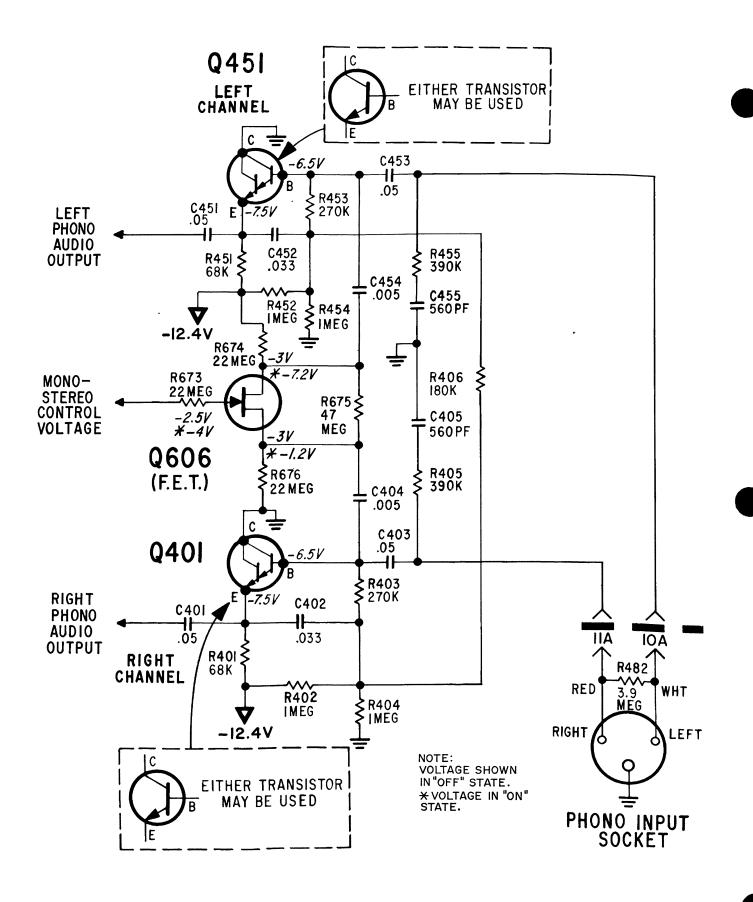


FIG. 2-26 PHONO STEREO/MONO SWITCH AND AUDIO PREAMPLIFIER CIRCUITS

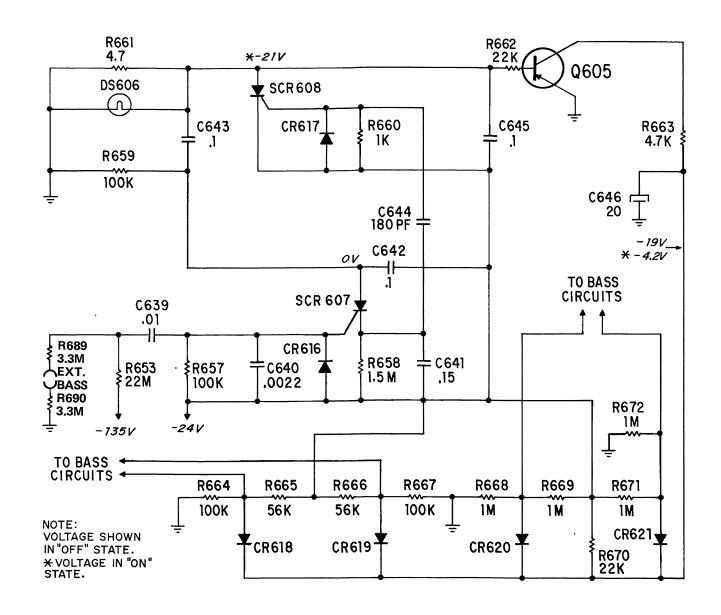


FIG. 2-27 EXTENDED BASS SWITCH CIRCUITS

right phono audio is connected together via C404 and C454, placing the two stereo signals from the cartridge in parallel, resulting in monaural reproduction.

During the time that SCR606 is on (STEREO) a negative going voltage is also applied to the F.E.T. gate. This results in a reduction of current flow through the Drain/Source channel and the channel will appear as a high resistance in series with C404 and C454 between channels maintaining the circuit in the SIGIO MODE.

Phono input is fed to a pair of transistors (Q401 and Q451) which are operated in the emitter follower configuration.

Extended Bass Operation is similar to the Stereo/Mono

function. Activating the EXT. BASS circuit causes a positive pulse on the gate of SCR607 (which is a momentary action device due to C461 (.15MF) and the 1.5 meg. resistor) see Fig. 2-27. A positive pulse will be developed across R658 and C641 and coupled to the gate of SCR608, turning SCR608 "on" and illuminating DS606, the EXT. BASS indicator. The negative SCR anode voltage is used to turn "on" Q605 to supply a reverse bias voltage for diodes CR618, CR619, CR620, and CR621. These diodes are used to "switch" the tone compensating circuits resulting in an increased bass audio response.

If SCR608 is "on" a pulse on the SCR607 gate turns it on momentarily developing a negative pulse which is applied via C643 to the SCR608 anode reducing SCR current to a point below the holding current value thereby "switching" the SCR608 "off".

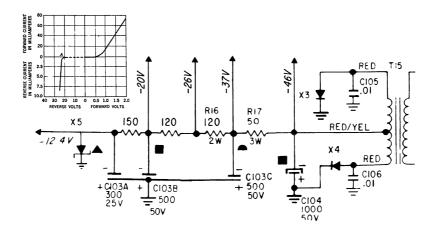


FIG. 2-28 ZENER DIODE VOLTAGE REGULATOR

ZENER DIODE VOLTAGE REGULATOR

In transistorized circuits it is extremely important that the voltage not vary more than \pm 10% of the normal -12.4 volts. To hold these limits a zener diode is used as a voltage regulator. The characteristic curve of the zener diode is included with the power supply circuitry (Figure 2-28).

When a zener diode is biased in the forward direction, the current flow through the unit will rise quite sharply at fairly low biasing voltages. When it is reverse-biased; however, it will be found that the current is minute, on the order of microamperes, until a certain voltage, called the saturation voltage, is reached. At this point, the electrons or holes which form the leakage current and given sufficient energy to create other electron-hole pairs which add to the initial reverse current. This process builds up rapidly and leads to large increases in current for small further increases in voltage. The diode is now in the saturation region, and any attempt of the reverse voltage to rise is met by an increased current flow which tends to counteract the voltage increase and thus maintains a steady voltage drop across the diode. This is indicated on the curve where the characteristic curve at point A drops almost straight down. At this point any attempt to increase the reverse bias voltage is met by an increase in current, but practically no increase in voltage drop. In this state the Zener diode establishes a fixed voltage.

COMPLEMENTARY SYMMETRY

Output stages of most transistor amplifiers contain two transistors which are connected in a class "B" amplifier circuit. Both are normally a matched pair consisting of either two NPN or two PNP types. The class "B" circuit will provide greater efficiency in the use of current supplied to the output stage than would be true in the case of class "A" amplifiers.

Normal class "B" circuits have some limitations of frequency response due to driver and output transformers. A further limitation is cross-over distortion caused by one output transistor going into cut-off before the other output transistor

has started to conduct. Cross-over distortion and the point of conduction are determined by the bias on the output stage.

Many bias circuits only consist of a resistance divider network and when supply voltage varies, bias voltage changes. This supply voltage change can become critical in battery operated amplifiers but must still be considered when operating on the AC power line. Another factor that adds to the problem of controlling bias is temperature change, which will cause reduced base-emitter junction resistance, resulting in increased base-emitter current flow. As the current flow in the base-emitter circuit increases both an increase in collector current and a change in base bias voltage will occur. This bias voltage variation results in a change of operating voltages accompanied by a change in distortion.

Cross-over distortion is heard due to high order harmonics and may be recognized as a discordant sound. When viewed on a scope the waveform may appear as a sinewave with straight sides or with a step between positive and negative half cycles. (The latter is most common.) (Fig. 2-29).

This distortion can be greatly reduced or eliminated by applying forward bias to the output stage. Forward bias will cause a small current to flow in the base circuit of each transistor and the bias voltage causes a shift in the zero base current points (of each transistor) which results in a smooth crossover between conduction of each output transistor. (Fig. 2-30)

With the development of complementary symmetry circuits we can eliminate the driver and output transformers and improve the frequency response of the amplifier. These transformers have provided the phase relation required to permit the class "B" push-pull output circuit to operate correctly. Proper signal phase will now be developed by the combination of the driver transistor type (NPN or PNP) and a matched pair of output transistors consisting of a NPN and a PNP.

A brief look at the complementary symmetry circuit (Fig. 2-31) will reveal that we have direct coupling between the

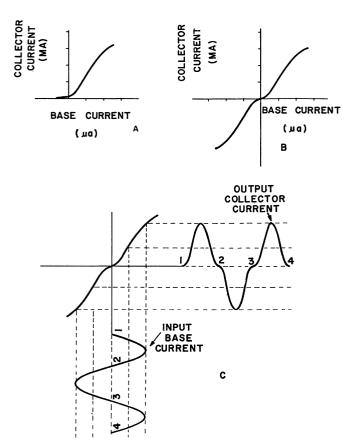
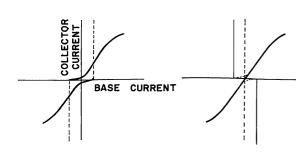


FIG. 2-29 CROSSOVER DISTORTION

collector of the driver transistor, and the base of the output transistor nearest ground. The output circuit design is such that there is a center point between the emitters. This point has a DC voltage, which, under no-signal conditions, is equal to approximately one-half of the voltage on the collector of the



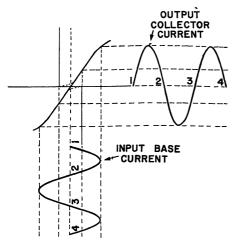


FIG. 2-30 DISTORTION REMOVED BY CLASS AB OPERATION

transistor nearest the high side of the supply voltage. Connected to this center point are a feedback loop to the pre-driver emitter, a feedback loop through the 43K ohm resistor to the base of the driver transistor, and an output coupling capacitor to the speaker.

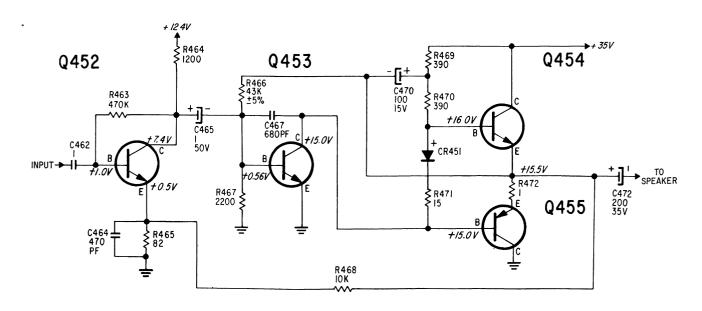


FIG. 2-31 COMPLIMENTARY SYMMETRY OUTPUT CIRCUIT

Between the base of each output transistor there is a series connected resistor-diode circuit. Bias voltage is developed across this resistor-diode combination and controls idling current in the output stage. Under no signal conditions voltage drops across the diode is equal to base-emitter voltages of the output transistors, plus voltage drop across the emitter resistor. Due to the very low value of the emitter resistor, and therefore voltage drop across it, voltage on the emitter can be considered to be same as the center point voltage. While many refer to this as a class "B" circuit, it should be called class "AB" due to the idling current.

A bias diode has non-linear voltage/current relationships which results in the following characteristics. Voltage across the diode falls more slowly than current flowing through it. Current would be approximately proportional to supply voltage. Voltage across the diode will decrease with rising temperature.

This non-linear diode voltage/current curve is similar to that of the output transistors allowing a near linear relationship to exist between diode and transistors. Under no-signal conditions both the diode and transistors will show similar effects due to any temperature change. If there is an increase in temperature both the diode and transistors will show increased current flow. The added current flow in the diode will offset increased flow in the transistor and stabilize bias voltage.

Since this diode has a low AC resistance any changes in current of driver stage results in less effect on the output stage than would be true with biasing resistors.

Operating conditions for the driver transistor are determined by base-emitter voltage and driver transistor beta. Also effecting the operating point are values of driver base resistor, feedback resistor to driver base, and two resistors in the driver's collector circuit. All these factors will effect voltage at previously mentioned center point. When a negative going signal is applied to the driver base current gain of the driver is reduced. At the same time however, the charge on the high value electrolytic will maintain a near constant current through the resistor connected between base and emitter of the upper output transistor. This will cause voltage across the resistor to maintain almost a constant value, which in turn determines base-emitter bias of the upper transistor. Notice that current flow from this bias resistor goes not only through the diode and collector circuit of the driver transistor but also to base of the upper transistor. Current in this base circuit will determine the amount of transistor gain. As the upper transistor is conducting, the lower one is cut-off as a result of reverse bias which has been applied to it.

When a positive going signal is applied to the driver base, collector current of the driver will increase. The electrolytic will still maintain a near constant voltage across the bias resistor of the upper transistor. Under these conditions the upper transistor is now reverse biased to cut-off, and the lower transistor is conducting.

Since each output transistor conducts on alternating halves of each cycle, voltage change at the center point will result in an output signal that will duplicate input. Use of this complementary symmetry circuit will also result in a much reduced distortion and better frequency response.

ELECTRONIC FILTER

Chassis 11ZT27 contains a full wave rectifier circuit. This is followed by a silicon transistor Q11 (No. 121-726, connected as an emitter-follower) which functions as a capacity multiplier in the filter circuit.

Output of the rectifier diodes (SE1 and SE2) is approximately 41 volts DC with a ripple of less than 2 volts AC peak to peak. These voltages are applied to the collector of the transistor. Resistor R14 (22 ohms), between the collector and base,

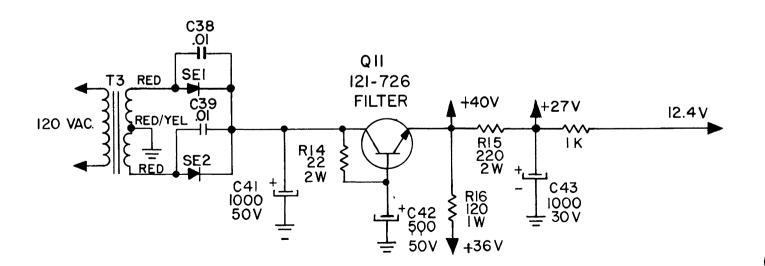


FIG. 2-32 ELECTRONIC FILTER

provides a path for these voltages to be applied to the base and to charge C42 (500 mfd) to almost the supply voltage. There will be a small drop in DC voltage between the collector and base which will establish the forward bias required for the transistor. Base voltage will be approximately 40.6 volts, measured between base and ground.

R14 and C42 serve to attenuate, or filter, the ripple of the supply voltage which is applied to the base, however, a small ripple will still appear on the base. This ripple on the base will result in a small change of base current. A base current change will result in a large change in collector-emitter current. However at the same time the base capacitor, acting as a

battery source, will supply current to the base-emitter circuit. This current will then tend to maintain the collector-emitter current at an average value, offsetting the action of the ripple on the base.

The capacity effect of the transistor in this circuit can be determined by:

Effective Capacity=Beta X Capacity (in mfd).

In this circuit, the transistor has a minimum beta of 40 so that, the effective capacity is:

Beta X Cap.=40 x 500=20,000 mfd.

SECTION 3

FM/AM ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

MUTING CONTROL

The muting control which supplies a reverse bias voltage to the base of the 19KHz amplifier is factory adjusted, and should not require readjustment. However, if the receiver is operated in an extremely noisy area, there is a possibility that there may be noise bursts of sufficient magnitude to overcome this mute voltage. . when this occurs, the Stereophonic FM Indicator will light up. To further cut off the 19KHz amplifier, carefully rotate the muting control in a clockwise direction. This should only be done when a stereo signal is on the air since the mute control must only be advanced to a point where the Stereo Indicator does not light up on noise, but it should not be advanced to a point where the desired stereo signal is cut off.

More precise adjustment of the mute control can be made by using the SPTE-1 multiplex generator. This procedure is described in the multiplex alignment procedure included in this manual.

MULTIPLEX ALIGNMENT

These receivers have been properly aligned at the factory and will not require further adjustment. As a result, it is not recommended that any attempt be made to alter the multiplex stages. However, should any major components in these circuits require replacement or should anyone tamper with the multiplex adjustments then, of course, realignment will be necessary.

Zenith has designed and manufactured an SPTE-1 Multiplex Generator that can be used to properly align the multiplex portion of these receivers. The multiplex alignment procedure is included in later pages of this manual. The SPTE-1 Multiplex Generator is available through your Zenith Distributor.

ANTENNAS FOR STEREO FM

Due to the characteristics of the stereo FM system, it will require more signal for proper performance than does monaural FM. As a result, it may be necessary to operate the stereo FM receiver with an external antenna. The necessity for an external antenna will be determined by the signal conditions at each individual installation.

EXTERNAL FM ANTENNA

If the receiver is operated in an area of either low signal strength, high noise, or where multipath (FM ghosts) signals are present, a good external FM antenna will be required. The necessity of an external antenna as a result of weak signal or noise, will be quite evident since the set will not limit, and/or noise will be quite evident. It is extremely difficult to determine if multipath (FM ghosts) signals are present, however, should the program material be distorted, the best manner to decide if multipath signals are the cause of the

problem, is to connect an external FM antenna to the receiver. Usually a TV antenna may be available for trial, but even then the results can be misleading, since many TV antennas are of low gain on FM frequencies. Reduction of multipath distortion under high signal conditions may be accomplished by relocation of the receivers antenna system.

FM CABINET ANTENNA

All models except the Z588, A589 and Z590 contain an FM antenna built into the cabinet. This antenna is a folded dipole cut to the desired frequency, and is attached to the internal periphery of the cabinet. The Z588, A589, and Z590 use built-in line cord antennas.

SIGNAL STRENGTH CHART

There are certain minimum voltages necessary for proper stereo FM reception. To help determine if there is sufficient signal available, the following developed AGC voltage versus microvolt input voltage charts have been compiled. Since the desired FM Station may not always be operating in the stereo mode when an installation is made, these AGC voltage measurements have been taken with a monaural FM signal. The point "*" of minimum AGC voltage necessary for good stereo FM reception has been indicated on these charts.

AGC voltages are to be measured with a V.T.V.M. connected to the following Test Points.

Chassis 10ZT30 and 11AT30 - Test Point "C". Junction of 3.9K resistor and diode on top of FM Tuner.

Chassis 20AT21 and 20AT21Z Test Point "B". 3rd Feed-Thru from right along lower rear edge of FM Tuner-Collector of transistor (121-704).

Chassis 20AT30, 20AT30Z and 20AT31Z Test Point "C". Located between Transistors Q101 (A.M. Converter) and Q201 (1ST. I.F.).

Chassis 25AT20 and 29AT24 - Test Point "C" RF amplifier AGC Feed Thru on FM Tuner.

Chassis 10ZT30 and 11AT30

Micro Volts Input	Reverse AGC Voltage at Test Point "C"
0	1.35
25	1.21
100	.96
200	.85
500	. 77
1K	* .73
5 K	.66
50 K	.61
100K	.58

Chassis 20AT21 and 20AT21Z

Micro Volts Input	Forward AGC Voltage at Test Point "B"
0	8.00
25	7.40
100	5.60
200	5.20
500	4.65
1K	*4.35
5K	3.78
50K	`3.32
100K	3.30

Chassis 20AT30, 20AT30Z and 20AT31

Reverse AGC Voltage at Test Point "C"
1.34
1.23
0.91
0.82
0.73
*0.70
0.58
0.10
0.06

Chassis 25AT20

Micro Volts Input	AGC Voltage At 1st I.F. (See Note)
0	1.20
25	1.12
100	.88
200	.76
500	.64
1K	* .58
5K	.49
50K	.37
100K	.25

Chassis 29AT24

Micro Volts Input	AGC Voltage At 1st I.F. (See Note)
0	1.50
25	1.40
100	1.10
200	.95
500	.80
1K	* .75
5 K	.65
50K	.52
100K	.40

Note - AGC voltage for chassis 25AT20 and 29AT24 is read across the 820 ohm resistor connected from the 1st I.F. emitter to "B-" (-12.4V). Refer to AGC Adjustments.

AGC ADJUSTMENTS

Chassis 20AT21 and 20AT21Z — Adjust AGC control so that under no signal conditions Test Point "B" (collector of RF Transistor Q1) will read 8 volts.

Chassis 25AT20 — Adjust AGC control so that under no signal conditions a voltage of 1.2 volts is measured across the 820 ohm resistor connected from 1st IF emitter to "B-"(-12.4V) when in AM.

Chassis 29AT24 – Adjust AGC control so that under no signal conditions a voltage of 1.1 volts is measured across the 820 ohm resistor connected from 1st IF emitter to "B-" (-12.4V) when in AM.

AUTOMATIC FREQUENCY CONTROL-AFC

These receivers feature an automatic frequency control which automatically keeps your receiver on the exact station frequency when you are tuned to an FM station. To utilize this feature tune the receiver as instructed and then turn the band switch to AFC position.

When the desired FM station is a weak station, adjacent in frequency to a strong station, the AFC may pull the tuning into the stronger station. Under these conditions, place the bandswitch in FM position and tune the receiver as instructed.

Tuning the receivers on the frequency modulation band will require more care than on the broadcast band. A hissing sound may be noted when tuning between Frequency Modulation stations. This is normal, and will disappear as the station is tuned in. After a station is located, the pointer should be moved back and forth over it until the point of quietest reception and best tone quality is found. Correct tuning is indicated by the disappearance of background noise.

SPEAKER PHASING

It is most important that coded speaker leads be connected to coded terminals on speakers for proper polarity within each speaker group. It is also then most important that the speaker groups be in phase with each other. One excellent method is to play a monaural record with the volume of each speaker group equal.

Under these conditions the sound should appear to come from a point midway between the two speaker groups. If the sound comes from any other point than midpoint, then one speaker group is out of phase with the other and you should check polarity. One of the easiest methods of checking polarity within the speaker group is to momentarily place a 4½ volt battery across the speaker feed terminals. All the speaker cones should simultaneously move in the same direction.

POWER AMPLIFIERS

Power transistors and their circuits are unique in operation, therefore, repair procedure differs from those steps followed when repairing tube type-circuits.

1. Each channel of the 6AT24, 8ZT20, 9AT27, 10YT26, 10ZT31, 10ZT33, 10AT37, 10ZT38, 11ZT27, 20AT21, 20AT21Z, 20AT30, 20AT30Z, 20AT31, and 25AT20 amplifiers use a pair of matched power transistors in the final output stage. Therefore, should one transistor fail, both transistors must be replaced simultaneously, since they will not perform properly unless matched. (In chassis using complementary symmetry circuits a matched pair consists of one NPN and one PNP transistor.)

- 2. When a power transistor is replaced the insulator (when used) between the transistor and the heat sink should also be replaced. On chassis 2ZT21, 2YT23, 2ZT24, 6AT24, 9AT27, 10YT26, 11ZT27, 20AT21, 20AT21Z, and 25AT20 be certain to apply Dow Corning No. 340 heat conductive grease between the transistor and the insulator. Also between the insulator and the chassis. The Dow Corning grease can be obtained in 1 c.c. quantities by ordering part No. 205-51.
- 3. On chassis 8ZT20 place the heat conductive grease in the clamp or the chassis, and all around the transistor.
- 4. Do not operate these amplifiers without their proper speaker load.
- 5. Do not short out the audio output of either channel when the amplifier is operating.
- Should a power transistor fail (short) be certain to replace the emitter resistors for the specific channel. Also be certain to check the condition of the silicon diode rectifiers.
- 7. Remove plug-in transistors from their sockets before doing any soldering to the socket lugs.

CIRCUIT BOARD COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION

As a special feature to aid the Service Technician, Zenith has identified the location of components which are mounted on certain circuit boards. This information is printed on the circuit boards and also appears on the schematic. Zenith has also prepared a two-color drawing of the foil side of the circuit board showing the relationship between the components and the foil. This will aid the Technician in quickly tracing circuits, as not only are the components shown, but also the voltages at various check points. Components are identified by a letter/number combination. A letter prefix to indicate the type of component: C=Capacitor, L=Coil, R=Resistor, CR=Diode, etc. The numbers are assigned in blocks to identify the circuit, in which it is used, as follows.

Block	Stage	Example
1 - 99	FM Tuner	R1, C1, L1.
101 - 199	AM Tuner	R101, C101, L101.
201 - 299	IF	R201, C201, L201.
301 - 399	Multiplex	R301, C301, L301.
401 - 449	Audio, Right Channel	R401, C401, L401.
451 - 499	Audio, Left Channel	R451, C451, L451.
501 - 599	Power Supply	R501, C501, L501.
601 - 699	Switching Circuits	R601, C601, L601.

CIRCUIT BOARD SERVICING

Servicing circuit board sets is, in general, much the same as servicing ordinary receivers. However, certain tools and techniques are helpful for this type of work.

- 1. Good pair of long-nose pliers.
- 2 Sharp wire cutters.
- 3. Small stiff glue brush (for solder removal).
- 4. Metal pick (soldering aid).

- Pencil type soldering iron with a small tip (25 watts or less).
- 6. Tin leads on component before soldering.
- 7. Use only solder with an extremely low melting point, (60% Tin, 40% Lead).

WARNING: Excessive heat may damage the circuit board foil during component replacement if a soldering pencil, iron or gun of higher wattage rating is used.

COMPONENT REPLACEMENT

Resistors and capacitors should be replaced by clipping out the defective part and neatly soldering in the new part. If a unit, such as the oscillator coil or I.F. transformer is to be removed, heat the mounting lugs with a pencil type soldering iron and move them away from the soldered connection with a long-nose pliers or metal pick. Continue heating the lugs and brush away the molten solder with a small stiff glue brush, Remove the defective unit before lifting it off the chassis. Before inserting the new unit, be certain that the lug holes are open and free from solder. Forcing a lug against a solder filled lug hole may break the bond between the chassis base and the wiring foil. It is, therefore, necessary to exercise care when replacing units.

An open or damaged section of circuit board wiring foil can be repaired by soldering a short jumper wire across the points to be connected. When soldering the low voltage electrolytics, transistors and diodes, the wire should be held with a pair of long nose pliers. The long nose pliers will act as a heat sink.

SIGNAL TRACING

A technique used in radio commonly known as "Screw driver testing" in which the B plus at the plate of the tube or collector of a transistor is shorted to ground to check for "clicks" in the speaker, is definitely not recommended. This practice would be comparable to shorting the collector of a transistor to ground which could damage the transistor. Standard point to point signal checking with the proper RF, IF and audio signals, should only be used.

RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

When making resistance measurements in the circuit, it is most important to remove any transistors in the circuit under test for accuracy in readings. Incorrect or inaccurate resistance measurements are the result of a transistor acting as a diode and conducting.

When making measurements across an electrolytic capacitor, be certain the ohm meter leads are correctly polarized. Also, be certain the battery voltage of the meter does not exceed the working voltage of the capacitor; the capacitor may otherwise be damaged.

FM, RF, AND IF ALIGNMENT

Alignment of these chassis will, in most cases, not be necessary unless an RF or IF transformer is replaced or if someone has tampered with the adjustment.

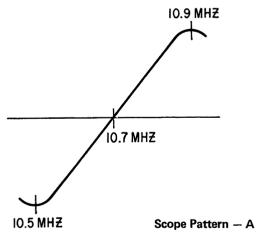
Because of the wide band pass required in the multiplex FM tuner, it is desirable to use an FM signal generator having a deviation of 400 KHz with a sweep rate of 60 cycles as well as an oscilloscope when aligning both the IF and RF FM portions of this receiver. It is not only necessary to obtain maximum amplitude in the IF amplifier stages, but also necessary to maintain symmetry. To help achieve this symmetry, it is desirable to have 10.6, 10.7 and 10.8 megacycle markers in obtaining IF curve symmetry.

The condenser mentioned further on in the alignment procedure should be as small as possible and the ground lead of the generator must be connected to the chassis at the base of the socket, where the signal is being injected. Should the signal be injected at some point other than a socket, then the ground lead should be connected to ground as closely as possible to this point.

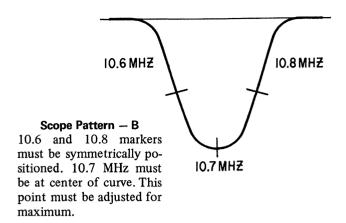
In all alignment procedures, the signal generator output should be kept just high enough to obtain an indication. This is most necessary, since on some chassis we have a zero time constant limiter which will clip the signals if their magnitude is too great, resulting in erroneous waveforms.

In the following alignment procedure charts there is a letter appearing in the operation column in addition to the number. This letter indicates the test point to which the hot lead of the scope is to be connected as follows:

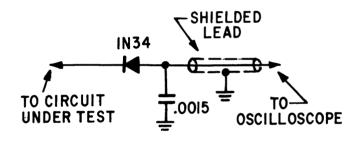
- A. Connect to Ratio Detector Test Point "H"
- B. Connect to the last FM IF Test Point "G" ("G2" on chassis 10ZT30)



Adjust for maximum amplitude and maintain linearity and symmetry. 10.7 MHz must be on curve at base line.



A detector probe is required. If your oscilloscope is not equipped with this probe, it can easily be constructed. For best results, this probe should be shielded.



Simplified Circuit Diagram of Detector Probe.

AM ALIGNMENT

C. A V.T.V.M. on low AC scale connected across the speaker voice coil output terminals (either left or right channel), will be satisfactory for all AM, IF and RF adjustments.

Normally the Oscillator, RF and Mixer Coils and Transformers will not require adjustment unless they have been replaced or misaligned. If alignment becomes necessary the Oscillator Coil should be adjusted at 535 KHz with the tuning gang closed. Adjust the RF and Mixer Transformers at 600 KHz. These adjustments should be made after the corresponding trimmer adjustment shown in the alignment charts. Repeat the corresponding coil and trimmer adjustments for best results.

RF AN IF ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE FOR CHASSIS 102T30 AND 11AT30

OPERATION *	CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO	DUMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	BAND	SET DIAL TO	ADJUST	PURPOSE
1 C			455 KHz 400 Hertz Modulated	BC	600 KHz	L203,L204, L207,L210	Align IF channel for maximum output
2 C	One turn loosely		1600 KHz 400 Hertz Modulated	BC	1600 KHz	C101D	
3 €	coupled to all wavemagnet		600 KHz	BC	600 KHz	L103	Set oscillator to dial
4 C			Repeat Procedures	rocedure	s #2 & 3		scale
5 C			1500 KHz 400 Hertz Modulated	BC	1400 KHz	C101A	Align antenna stage
₽ 9	Term. #3 of T205 3rd IF Trans.		10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	FM	88 MHz	L212	Adjust Primary and Secondary of ratio detector for maximum
7.A	Test Point "GI"		10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	FM	88 MHz	L214	amplitude and symmetry, as shown in Scope Pattern "A"
8	Term. #3 of T203 2nd IF Trans. Test Point "F"	47 ohm in shunt with	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	FM	88 MHz	L208 & L209	
9 B	Term. #3 of T201 1st UF Trans. Test Point "E"	gen. output. Then from hot lead a 27 ohm in series	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	FM	88 MHz	L205 & L206	Align I.F. transformers for maximum output and symmetry. This pattern is not necessary identical to the overall Scone
10 B	Connect to Test Point #D. Junction	with a .001 MFD capaci- tor.	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	FM	88 MHz	L201 & L202	Pattern 'B'
11 B	of R6 1.8K, R7 12K & C9 Feed Thru Condenser on FM Tuner.		10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	FM	88 MHz	Readjust L201,L202, L205,L206, L208 & L209	Align I.F. transformers for maximum output and symmetry as indicated in Scope Pattern "B"
12 B	FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna) Test Point "A"	300 ohm	98 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	FM	98 MHz		Set oscillator to Dial Scale.
13 IB	FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna) Test Point "A"	300 ohm	98 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	FM	98 MHz	L2	Align FM Detector stage for maximum.
*For A B C	C Con Bana 47						

*For A, B, C See Page 47.

RF AND IF ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE FOR CHASSIS 20AT21 AND 20AT21Z

	ADJUST PURPOSE IRON CORES	Top of T207 Adjust Primary and secondary of ratio detector for maximum	Bottom of T207 shown in Scope Pattern "A"	Top & Bottom of T205	Top & Bottom maximum output and symmetry. of T203 This pattern is not necessarily identical to the overall Scope	L5 & L6 Pattern "B"	T201, T203 Align I.F. transformers for maximum output and symmetry as indicated in Scope Pattern "B"	L4 Set oscillator to Dial Scale	L2 Align FM Detector stage for maximum.	L11, L10'& L7. Align AM IF for maximum.	C101D Set oscillator to dial scale.	C101A Align antenna stages.
	SET DIAL TO	88 MHz	88 MHz	88 MHz	88 MHz	88 MHz	88 MHz	98 MHz	98 MHz	. 600 KHz	1600 KHz	1400 KHz
;	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	98 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	98 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	455 KHz 400 Hertz Modulated	1600 KHz 400 Hertz Modulated	1400 KHz
	DUMMY ANT ENNA		l	47 ohm in shunt with	gen. output. Then from hot lead a 27 ohm in series	with a .001 MFD capaci- tor.		300 ohm	300 ohm	.05 in series with hot lead of gen		
	CONNECT GENERATOR TO	Term. #3 of T205 3rd IF Trans.	Term, #3 of T205 3rd IF Trans.	Term, #3 of T203 2nd IF Trans. Test Point "F"	Connect to Test Point "D"	Connect to Test Point #D	Connect to Test Point #D	FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna) Test Point "A"	a)		Two turn loop loosely coupled to wavemagnet	Two turn loop loose-
	OPERATION *	1 A	2 A	3 B	4 B	S B	6 B	7 B	8 B	O 6	10 C	11 C

*For A, B, C See Page 47.

RF AND IF ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE FOR CHASSIS 20AT30, 20AT30Z AND 20AT31

			_			T				r					,			T		
PURPOSE		Align IF channel for maximum output		Set oscillator to dial scale		Align antenna stage		Adjust Primary and Secondary of ratio detector for maximum	amplitude and symmetry, as shown in Scope Pattern "A"		Align I.F. transformers for maximum output and symmetry. This pattern is not necessarily	identical to the overall Scope Pattern "B"	Align I.F. transformers for maximum output and symmetry as indicated in Scope Pattern "B"		Set oscillator to dial scale			Align FM Detector stage for		
ADJUST		L203, L204, L207, L210	C1G	L103	3	C1D		L212	L214	L208 & L209	L205 & L206	L201 & L202	Readjust L201, L202, L205, L206, L208 & L209	s Possible	C13	L4	13 B	C1A	L2 if necessary	16B
SET DIAL TO		600 KHz	1600 KHz	600 KHz	Repeat Operations No. 2 &	1400 KHz		Gang Closed	Gang Closed	Gang Closed	Gang Closed	Gang Closed	Gang	ose To Gang As	106 MHz	90 MHz	Repeat Operations 12 B and 13 B	106 MHz	90 MHz	Repeat Operations 15 B and 16 B
BAND		BC	BC	BC	speat Opera	BC		FM	FM	FM	FM	F	∑	3raid As Cl	T Z	FM	peat Operat	FM	FM	peat Opera
INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	1odulation	455 KHz	1600 KHz	600 KHz	R	1500 KHz	viation	10.7 MHz	10.7 MHz	10.7 MHz	10.7 MHz	10.7 MHz	10.7 MHz	Connected On E	106 MHz	90 MHz	Reg	106 MHz	90 MHz	Re
DUMMY ANTENNA	With 400 Hertz Modulation						With 400 KHz Deviation			47 ohm in shunt with	gen. output. Then from hot lead a 27	ohm in series with a .001 MFD capaci- tor.		ground Must Be	300 ohm					
CONNECT GENERATOR TO	For AM Alignment Use A Signal With		One turn loosely	coupled to wavemagnet	,		For FM Alignment Use A Signal With	Term. No. 5 of T205	Test Point "G"	Term. No. 3 of T203 2nd IF Trans. Test Point "F"	Term. No. 3 of T201 1st IF Trans. Test Point "E"	Connect to Test Point "D"		NOTE: In Steps 10B and 11B Generator ground Must Be Connected On Braid As Close To Gang As Possible	FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna) Test Point "A"					
OPERA- TION *	NOTE: F	1 C	2 C	3 C	4 C	2 C	NOTE: F	6 A	7 A	8	86 8	108	118	NOTE: 1	12 B	13 B	14 B	158	, 16 B	17 B

*For A, B, C, See Page 47.

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CHASSIS 25AT20
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	S PURPOSE	Adjust Primary and Secondary of ratio detector for maximum	amplitude and symmetry as shown in Scope Pattern "A"		Align I.F. transformers for maximum output and symmetry. This pattern is not necessarily identical to the overall Scope	Pattern "B"	Align I.F. transformers for	 L6, as indicated in Scope Pattern "B"	L6,	ref.		
1	ADJUST IRON CORES	L213	L214	L211, L212	L207, L208	L9,L10	L5,L6	Readjust L5, L6, L203, L204, L207, L208, L211, L212	Readjust L5, L6, L203, L204, L207, L208, L211, L212 L7	Readjust L5, L6, L203, L204, L207, L208, L211, L212 L7 L3, L2, L1	Readjust L5, L6, L203, L204, L207, L208, L211, L212 L7 L3,L2,L1 L205, L206, L209, L210	Readjust L5, L6, L203, L204, L207, L208, L211, L212 L7 L3,L2,L1 L205, L206, L209, L210
	SET DIAL TO	88 MHz	88 MHz	88 MHz	88 MHz	88 MHz	88 MHz	 88 MHz	88 MHz	88 MHz 98 MHz	88 MHz 98 MHz 98 MHz	88 MHz 98 MHz 98 MHz 1600 KHz
	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation 98 MHz 400 KHz	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation 98 MHz 400 KHz Deviation 98 MHz 400 KHz	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation 98 MHz 400 KHz Deviation 98 MHz 400 KHz Hoeviation 75 KHz Wodulated	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation 98 MHz 400 KHz Deviation 98 MHz 400 KHz Deviation 455 KHz Modulated 1600 KHz Modulated
	DUMMY			47 ohm ın shunt with	gen. output. Then from hot lead a 27 ohm in series	with a .001 MFD capacitor.			300 ohm	300 ohm	300 ohm 300 ohm 300 ohm .05 in series with hot lead of gen.	
	CONNECT GENERATOR TO	Term. #4 of T205 4th IF Trans.	Term. #4 of T205 4th IF Trans.	Tem. #4 of T203 4th IF Trans. Test Point "F"	Term. #4 of T201 2nd IF Trans. Test Point "E"	Connect to emitter of Q2 Mixer Test Point #K	Connect to emitter of Q2 Mixer Test Point #K	Connect to emitter of Q2 Mixer Test Point #K	Connect to emitter of Q2 Mixer Test Point #K FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna)	Connect to emitter of Q2 Mixer Test Point #K FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna) FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna)	Connect to emitter of Q2 Mixer Test Point #K FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna) FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna) Base of Q101	Connect to emitter of Q2 Mixer Test Point #K FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna) FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna) Base of Q101 Two turn loop loosely coupled to wave-
	OPERATION *	1 A	2 A	3 B	4 B	S B	6 B	7 B	2 B 8 B	8 B B 6	7 B 8 B 9 B	8 B 9 B 10 C

*For A, B, C See Page 47.

RF AND IF ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE FOR CHASSIS 29AT24

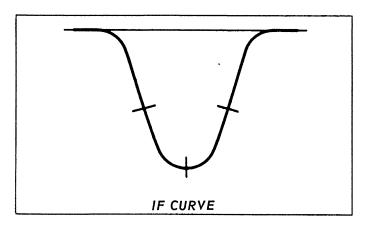
OPER_ATION	CONNECT GENERATOR TO	DUMMY	INPUT SIGNAL FREQUENCY	SET DIAL TO	ADJUST IRON CORES	PURPOSE
T.	Tem. #3 of T205 4th IF Trans.		10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	2HW 88	L212	Adjust Primary and Secondary of ratio detector for maximum
2 A	Term. #3 of T205 4th IF Trans.		10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	88 MHz	L214	amplitude and symmetry as shown in Scope Pattern ''A''
3 B	Term. #3 of T203 3rd IF Trans. Test Point "F"	47 ohm in shunt with	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	88 MHz	L 210, L211	
4 B	Term. #3 of T201nd 2nd IF. Trans. Test Point "E"	gen. output. Then from hot lead a 27 ohm in series	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	88 MHz	L206, L207	Align I.F. transformers for maximum output and symmetry. This pattern is not necessarily
5 B	Connect to emitter of Q2 Mixer Test & Point #K	with a .001 MFD capaci tor.	10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	zHW 88	L202, L203	identical to the overall Scope Pattern "B"
B 9	Connect to emitter of Q2 Mixer Test Point #K		10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	88 MHz	L5,L6	Align I.F. transformers for
7 B	Connect to emitter of Q 2 Mixer Test Point #K		10.7 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	2HW 88	Readjust L5, L6, L202, L203, L206, L207, L210, L211	maximum output and symmetry as indicated in Scope Pattern ''B''
% B B	FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna)	300 оһт	98 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	2HW 86	L7	Set oscillator to Dial Scale.
9 B	FM Antenna Post (Remove Antenna)	300 ohm	98 MHz 400 KHz Deviation	2HW 86	L3,L2,L1	Align RF output, RF input and FM Antenna stages for maximum.
10 C	Base of Q101	,05 in series with hot lead of gen.	455 KHz 400 Hertz Modulated	600 KHz	L108, L109, L204, L205, L208, L209	Align AM IF for maximum.
11 C	Two turn loop loose- ly coupled to wave- magnet		1600 KHz 400 Hertz Modulated	1600 KHz	C101E	Set oscillator to dial scale.
12 C	Two turn loop loose- ly coupled to wave- magnet		1400 KHz 400 Hertz Modulated	1400 KHz	C101B, C101D	Align detector and antenna stages.
*For A, B, C See Page 47.	See Page 47.					Refer to Page 45 for A.G.C. adjustment.

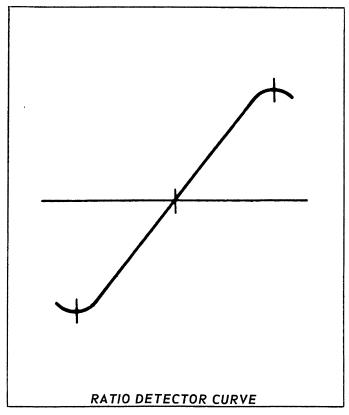
*For A, B, C See Page 47.

SECTION 4

MULTIPLEX ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Using the Zenith FM multiplex signal generator, the multiplex portion of Zenith or any FM multiplex receiver can be aligned, but first before any attempt is made to do this it is necessary that the technician be certain that the RF, IF, and ratio detector alignment is correct, and that the receiver operates normally on monaural signals.





Because of the wide band pass required in the multiplex FM receiver, it is desirable to use an FM signal generator having a deviation of at least 200 KHz with a sweep rate of 60 hertz, as well as an oscilloscope. During the IF and ratio detector alignment it is not only necessary to obtain maximum gain, but also extremely important to maintain symmetry.

To help achieve this IF curve symmetry 10.6 and 10.8 megahertz markers must be symmetrically positioned and the 10.7 megahertz marker must be at the center of the curve. When aligning the ratio detector 10.5 and 10.9 megahertz markers are desirable to achieve S curve symmetry. The pattern illustrating marker use to obtain S curve symmetry indicates it is most necessary to adjust for maximum gain and at the same time maintain linearity and symmetry. 10.7 megahertz must be on the curve at the reference line. 10.5 megahertz and 10.9 megahertz must be at the lower and upper turn of the S curve respectively. Only when the I.F. and ratio detector circuitry have been aligned in accordance with these specifications should the technician proceed to align the multiplex portion of the receiver.

Preliminary Procedures

Before using the Zenith FM multiplex signal generator, it is recommended that it be connected to the power source and turned on giving it a 10 to 20 minute warmup period. This will allow ample time for the RF, audio, and 19KHz oscillators to stabilize.

The following procedure is only necessary when the generator has been received from the factory, or has been subjected to a great deal of handling or transportation vibration. Although the 19KHz pilot generator oscillator is extremely stable, there is always the possibility that it could shift from its precisely assigned frequency. As a result, we have a very simple method to check the 19KHz pilot frequency using an FM multiplex receiver and an FM multiplex station as a frequency standard. Proceed as follows:

- 1. Tune your FM multiplex receiver to an FM multiplex station and when the pilot indicator lights up, this indicates the 19KHz pilot amplifier is functioning. Since the 19KHz sine wave is from the transmitter it must be on frequency and can be used as a reference standard. With a cable connect the collector output of the 19KHz amplifier to the vertical input of a good oscilloscope.
- 2. On the multiplex generator set the pilot carrier amplitude control to 10%. Place L-R, L+R and 67KHz switches in OFF position and connect the composite output terminal directly to the horizontal input of the oscilloscope. On the oscilloscope you will see an oval Lissajous figure which should be motionless when the 19KHz output of the generator is synchronized with the 19KHz signal from the transmitter. Should the Lissajous figure rotate it will only be necessary to adjust the pilot carrier frequency trimmer on the multiplex generator with an IF alignment wrench until the Lissajous figure ceases to rotate. After the generator has been adjusted to zero beat, disconnect all cables.

The multiplex generator provides a composite multiplex signal as well as an RF signal, FM modulated by the composite multiplex signal.

The composite signal is very useful since it is an excellent tool that can be used in signal tracing the multiplex portion of the receiver. We do not recommend that multiplex alignment be made using only the composite signal injected at the output terminal of the ratio detector tertiary winding, since there is always some phase shift occurring in the RF, IF or ratio detector circuits. As a result, multiplex alignment made by a signal injected at the ratio detector would not be correct. For proper multiplex alignment the composite signal must FM modulate the RF carrier and then be fed into the FM antenna terminals. With the signal injected in this manner the multiplex alignment would then be the best that could possibly be obtained and separation would be the maximum for this receiver.

The RF carrier in this generator is variable from 88 to 108MHz. The RF signal should be injected at a point in the FM band where no other signal is present. If at all possible this should be at a frequency near the middle of the FM band, Tune the FM receiver to this point and adjust the RF frequency adjusting slug on the generator to this same frequency. The AGC voltage developed in the receiver should be maximum. AGC voltage substantially less than this will indicate the RF frequency adjusting slug is tuned to an image.

67KHz Trap Adjustment (Chassis 29AT24)

- 1. Connect the stereo generator RF leads to the G and F FM antenna terminals and set the pilot carrier control to zero.
- 2. Move L + R and L R switches to OFF position.
- 3. Move 67KHz generator switch from OFF position up to 67KHz.
- 4. Connect the V.T.V.M. (AC scale) and/or scope to the Composite Amplifier Transistor, Test Point "M" and chassis ground.
- 5. Adjust 67KHz trap for minimum output.
- 6. Move 67KHz generator switch to OFF position.

19KHz Sub Carrier Amplifier, Doubler and Mute Adjustments

- 1. Turn generator 19KHz pilot carrier amplitude control to 10% position.
- 2. Connect the V.T.V.M. (DC scale) and/or scope to the junction of the two frequency doubling diodes and chassis (test point "N").
- 3. Place the stereo-monaural switch in stereo position and short Test Point "T" to ground.
- 4. Adjust the 19KHz amplifier transformer and the doubler transformer for maximum output. Simultaneously adjust the mute control so the voltage at the junction of the two frequency doubling diodes never exceeds -.2 volt during this operation. This voltage must be kept at a minimum for proper alignment. The three controls in this paragraph have an effect on each other. Should the stereo indicator light up, readjust the mute control to extinguish the lamp and continue adjustment of the transformers for maximum.
- 5. Remove ground from Test Point "T".

- 6. Turn generator pilot carrier amplitude control to 5% position.
- 7. Slowly rotate the mute control to a point where the stereo indicator lights up.

Separation Adjustments

- 1. Place stereo monaural switch in Stereo position.
- 2. Turn generator pilot carrier amplitude control to 10% position.
- 3. Move L-R and L+R generator switches from OFF position to L-R and L+R positions.
- 4. Connect a V.T.V.M. (AC scale) and/or scope to the L audio output, after the 38KHz filter.
- 5. Adjust the 38KHz detector transformer for maximum voltage at L output. The magnitude of this signal should be much greater than that at the R output. The voltage at the L output should be approximately 10 times or greater than at the R output.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING

Should a problem arise in aligning the FM multiplex portion of the receiver and the technician does not know whether the difficulty lies in the RF, IF, limiter and ratio detector portions of the receiver, or whether the difficulty lies in the multiplex portion, the multiplex generator can be used as an excellent signal tracing device to determine if the multiplex section of the receiver is functioning properly. The composite output of the multiplex generator can be injected at the output of the ratio detector.

To reduce possible extraneous signals coming through the ratio detector, short the ratio detector primary with a jumper lead. The wave forms and their magnitude may vary slightly from chassis to chassis, however, they are quite indictive of what will be seen when signal tracing the multiplex circuitry.

67KHz Signal Tracing

- 1. Turn generator pilot carrier amplitude control to zero.
- 2. Move L+R and L-R switches to OFF position.
- 3. Move 67 KHz generator switch from OFF position up to 67KHz. Sequentially connect an oscilloscope to the input and output of the 67KHz trap. The 67KHz signal at the output of the trap if it is properly nulled, will be much smaller than at the input. The voltage ratio should be approximately 20 to 1 input to output.

19KHz Signal Tracing

- 1. Move the 67KHz generator switch to OFF.
- 2. Rotate the generator 19KHz pilot carrier amplitude control to 10% position.
- 3. Sequentially connect your scope to the base of composite amplifier, base of 19KHz amplifier and collector of 19KHz amplifier. The amplitude of the 19KHz signal should greatly increase as you proceed along the 19KHz chain.

Doubler and Subcarrier Signal Tracing

To determine if the doubler is functioning, place your scope at the junction of the two diodes and you will see 38KHz DC pulses. Placing the scope at the collector of the subcarrier amplifier, you should see a 38KHz sine wave which will indicate that the subcarrier amplifier and associated ringing circuitry is functioning properly.

Multiplex Detector Signal Tracing

- 1. Leave the 19KHz amplitude control at 10%.
- Move the L R generator switch from OFF position to L-R position. You should see equal amplitude 1000 hertz sine waves at both L and R outputs.

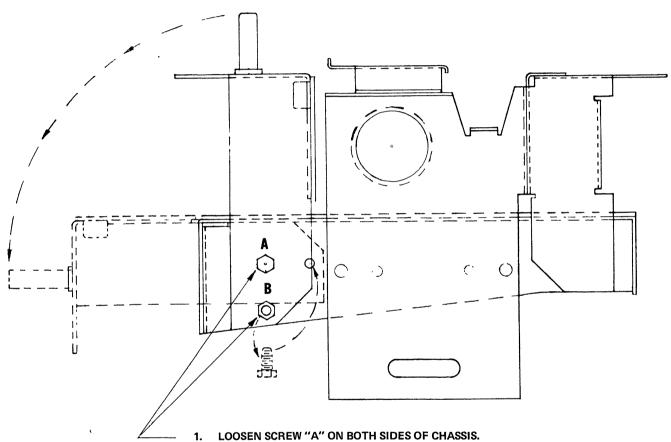
3. Move the L+R switch from OFF up to L+R and look at the L audio output, and measure the magnitude of the 1000 hertz sine wave. If the multiplex detector and preceeding circuitry are aligned properly, the magnitude of the wave form at L should be greater than at R.

If all the waves are similar in form and magnitude to those indicated, then it can be assumed that the multiplex portion of the receiver is functioning properly and the problem lies ahead of this in the FM receiver. If any of the wave forms are missing at a latter point but are apparent at a previous point, then something is amiss in the circuitry between the two test points.

SECTION 5

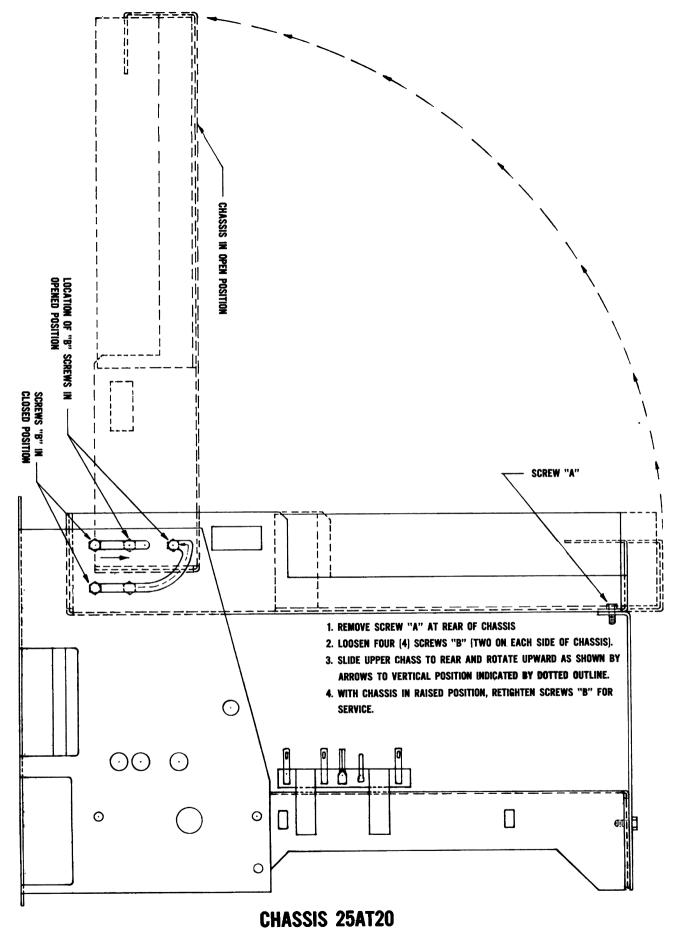
MECHANICAL ASSEMBLIES

Zenith engineers have devised chassis constructions which, while maintaining a compact package size, will provide maximum access to the chassis should service be required. Illustrated here are two chassis configurations with instructions for tilting sub chassis into working position.



- REMOVE SCREW "B" ON BOTH SIDES OF CHASSIS AS INDICATED.
- ROTATE CHASSIS AS SHOWN BY ARROW TO POSITION INDICATED BY DOTTED POSITION.
- INSERT SCREWS "B" IN ALTERNATE POSITION TO LOCK CHASSIS IN OPEN POSITION FOR SERVICE.

CHASSIS 20AT30 AND 20AT31



PARTS LIST

NOTE: Certain circuit boards included in this parts list have component locations identified by item number on the circuit board. These item numbers are also shown on the schematic and in the following parts list—See section 3 for further information.

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
		CHASSIS 1Y20Z			CHASSIS 2ZT22
C1 C3A C3B C4 R1 R2	22-17 22-5400 22-4859 63-6997 63-6998 95-2628 OR	.001 MFD Disc 10% 1000V 40 MFD Electrolytic 150V 20 MFD Electrolytic 150V .1 MFD Tubular 20% 600V 1 Megohm Volume Control & Switch 150 Ohm Fuse Resistor 2W 10%	C1A C1B C1C C1D C2 C3 C4 C5	22-4657 22-3034 22-4617 22-2884 22-2998	Antenna Trimmer Antenna Tuning Oscillator Tuning Oscillator Trimmer .05 Mfd. Disc. + 100% - 50% 25V .01 Mfd. Disc. + 40% - 10% 500V 5 Mfd. Electrolytic 12V .1 Mfd. Tubular 20% 50V
SP1	95-2502 49-1096	Audio Output Transformer 4" Speaker	C6 C7	22-3034 22-2998	.05 Mfd. Disc. + 100% - 50% 25V .1 Mfd. Tubular 20% 50V
SE1 V1	212-71 25C5 54-139 63-1747 63-1828 63-1856 63-1870 78-1542 79-174-12 83-5548	Rectifier Power Pentode 3/8-32 x 9/16 Palnut - Cadmium (Mts. 63-6997) 120 Ohm Resistor - ½ W. 10% 10K Ohm Resistor - ½ W. 20% 47K Ohm Resistor - ½ W. 20% 100K Ohm Resistor - ½ W. 20% Wafer Tube Socket No. 18 Sleeving - Yellow - 1½" Four Lug Terminal Strip	C8 C9 C10 L1 L2 T1 T2 T3 X1 X2	*22-5611 22-3393 22-3393 S-72896 149-311 95-2403 95-2461 95-2394 103-51 103-44 63-1761 63-1764	1.1 Pf Gimmick 500V .01 Mfd. Disc. + 80% - 30% 25V .01 Mfd. Disc. + 80% - 30% 25V Wave Magnet Assembly Iron Core Sleeve Oscillator Transformer 1st I.F. Transformer 2nd I.F. Transformer Crystal Diode Crystal Diode 270 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 330 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%
C1.1	22 5267	CHASSIS 2ZT21		63-1771 63-1785	470 Ohm Resistor - ½W, 10% 1000 Ohm Resistor - ½W, 10% (3 required)
C11 C12 C13 C14 C15 C16 C17A C17B C18 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 S1	22-5267 22-3588 22-4145 22-4617 22-3659 22-3513 22-4853 22-4859 63-6858 63-6319 63-5440 63-6112 63-5302 85-915	.022 Mfd. Tubular 10% 100V .47 Mfd. Disc. + 100% -0% 10V .1 Mfd. 20% 200V .01 Mfd. Disc. + 40% -10% 500V .047 Mfd. 20% 400V .01 Mfd. Disc. 30% 500V { 40 Mfd. Electrolytic 25V } 60 Mfd. Electrolytic 150V .1 Mfd. Tubular 20% 600V Loudness Control Tone Control Voltage Dependent Resistor 10K Ohms 10% 1W 350 Ohms 5% Fusing 3W 3 Position Switch		63-1796 63-1813 63-1817 63-1834 63-1846 63-1887 83-3042 86-412 113-10	1800 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 4700 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 5600 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 15K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 30K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 30K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% Rubber Strip Antenna Terminal (4 part of S-72896) 6-32 x 3/16 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Mach. Screw- N.P Internal Shakeproof Lockwasher (3 mt. 22-4657) Transistor (I.F.) Transistor (Converted) Shield
T4	95-2341	Output Transformer Silicon Rectifier			CHASSIS 2YT23
SE1 SP1	212-71 49-1096 11-87 12-4318 54-384 63-1708 63-1733 63-1824 63-1835 63-1890 63-1908 83-5147 83-5148 83-5170 83-5171 83-5381 83-5382 83-5688 86-199 86-329 86-344 86-357 94-1424 114-940 121-433 205-51	Silicon Rectifier P.M. Speaker A.C. Line Cord Switch Mounting Bracket 4-40 Palnut - Cadmium (1 used on ea. 114-940) 15 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 56 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 8200 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 15K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 330K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 30K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 10 Lug Terminal Strip Insulating Strip (used on 83-5147) Three Lug Terminal Strip Insulating Strip (used on 83-5170) Six Lug Terminal Strip Insulating Strip (used on 83-5181) Transistor Insulating Strip (Part of 800-158) Terminal (2 required) Connector Terminal (1 used on ea. Black Wire-26½", Brown Wire - 26" & Red Wire - 30") Connector Terminal (1 used on ea. Green Wire-22", Red Wire - 23" & Gray Wire - 23") Shoulder Bushing (2 part of 800-158) 4-40 x 5/16 x 3/16 Hex Hd. Mach. Screw-Cadmium (2 used on 800-158) Transistor - Driver Dow Corning Heat Conductive Grease (Part Of 800-158) Transistor Kit - Output (121-436)	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 R1 R2 R3 T1 SE1 SP1	22-3 22-3298 22-4617 22-3412 22-4859 22-5121 22-3896 *63-7094 63-5302 95-2373 212-88 49-1096 63-1733 63-1810 63-1824 63-1852 63-1859 63-1884 63-1911 63-1925 63-6406 *64-974 79-174-12 *83-5436 *83-5437 86-199 86-329 114-615	On Mfd Disc 500V 470 PF Disc 20% 500V 01 Mfd Disc 500V 820 PF Disc 10% 500V 1 Mfd Tubular 600V 40 Mfd Electrolytic 150V 5 Mfd Electrolytic 25V 3 Megohm Loudness Control 500K Ohm Tone Control 350 Ohm Fusing Type 3W Output Transformer Silicon Rectifier Speaker 56 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 3900 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 3900 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 39K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 56K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 50K Ohm R

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ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	121-433 205-51	Transistor (Pre-Amp) Dow Corning Heat Conductive Grease (Part Of	C28 C29	22-3766 22-2939	.033 MFD Capacitor 50V 680 PF Disc 500V
	*800-204	800-204) Transistor - Output Assembly (121-436)	R1A R1B	63-6495	Dual Loudness Control
	S-73673	Wire & Terminal Assembly - Brown (Part Of 800-204)	R2A ↓ R2B Į	63-7685	Dual Bass Control
		CHASSIS 2ZT24	R3A R3B	63-6499	Dual Treble Control
C1 C2 C3 C4	22-4617 22-4617 22-3513 22-4145	.01 Mfd. Disc. + 80% - 20% 500V .01 Mfd. Disc. + 80 - 20% 500V .01 Mfd. Disc. 30% 500V .1 Mfd. 20% 200V	R4 M1 M2	63-6497 S-80709 S-80713 12-4938	Balance Control 9 Contact Housing & Terminal Assy. 3 Contact Housing & Terminal Assy. Chassis Bracket
C5 C6 C7 R1	22-4859 22-5121 22-3896 *63-7543	.1 Mfd. Tubular 20% 600V 40 Mfd. Electrolytic 150V 5 Mfd. Electrolytic 25V 2 Megohm Volume Control		19-448 19-492 43-877 43-1043	Connector Clip Retaining Clip 3 Contact Housing 9 Contact Housing (Male)
R2 R3 T1 SE1	63-6319 63-5302 95-2341 212-71	50K Ohm Tone Control 350 Ohm Fusing Type 3W Output Transformer Silicon Rectifier		52-1526 54-139	Dual Shielded Lead 3/8-32 Palnut No. RE3832 (1 used on ea. 63-7685, 63-6496, 63-6497 & 63-6499) (4 required)
SP1	49-1039 11-87 54-384 63-1736	Speaker Line Cord 4-40 Palnut - Cadmium (2 required) 68 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%		57-6901 63-1799 63-1810 63-1817	Bottom Plate 2200 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 3900 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 5600 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (4 required)
	63-1806 63-1824 63-1852	3300 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 8200 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 39K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%		63-1834 63-1835 63-1845 63-1848	15K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 15K Ohm Resistor - ½W 20% 27K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 33K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
	63-1866 63-1880 63-1898 63-1925	82K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% 180K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% 470 K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 20% 2.2 Megohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10%		63-1855 63-1880 63-1883	47K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required) 180K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required) 220K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (4 required)
	83-5284 83-5291 83-5436 83-5437	5 Lug Terminal Strip Insulating Strip (used on 83-5284) 10 Lug Terminal Strip Insulating Strip (used on 83-5436)		79-174-12 83-5328 83-5384 83-5648	No. 18 Sleeving - Yellow - 1½" 11 Lug Terminal Strip 6 Lug Terminal Strip 14 Lug Terminal Strip
	83-5936 86-199 86-329 86-344	Transistor Insulating Strip (Part of 800-158) Terminal (used on 800-158) Connector Terminal (2 required) Connector Terminal (3 required)		83-6769 83-6881 86-388 86-483	Chassis Control Panel Strip Terminal Board Terminal (2 part of S 80716) Terminal - Male (9 required)
	86-357 94-1424 114-940	Connector Terminal (3 required) Shoulder Bushing (2 part of 800-158) 4-40 x 5/16 x 3/16 Hex. Hd. Mach. Screw- Cadmium (2 used on 800-158)		86-496 114-801 S-80716	Ground Terminal 8-18 x 5/16 x 1/4 Hex. Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat. Bronze (2 Mt. 83-6769) Dual Shielded Lead & Terminal Assem.
	121-433 205-51	Transistor - Driver Dow Corning Heat Conductive Grease			CHASSIS 6ZT20
	800-158 *S-78962	(Part of 800-158) Transistor - Output Assembly Speaker Lead Assembly	C1 C2 C3	22-3615 22-3615 22-3415	1 Mfd Electrolytic 25V 1 Mfd Electrolytic 25V .0068 Mfd Disc 10% 25V
		CHASSIS 2AT30	C4 C5	22-3415 22-3527	.0068 Mfd Disc 10% 25V .22 Mfd Disc 12V
C1 C2 C3	22-3034 *22-5947 22-3687	.05 MFD Disc 20% 25V .39 MFD Capacitor 50V 1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	C6 C7 C8	22-3527 22-5251 22-5251	.22 Mfd Disc 12V .15 Mfd Disc 20% 12V .15 Mfd Disc 20% 12V
C4 C5 C6 C7	22-2939 22-5207 22-5115 22-5207	680 PF Disc 500V 220 PF Capacitor 100V .082 MFD Capacitor 50V 220 PF Capacitor 50V	C9 C10 C11 C12	22-3298 22-3298 22-3615 22-3615	470 Pf Disc 10% 500V 470 Pf Disc 10% 500V 1 Mfd Electrolytic 25V 1 Mfd Electrolytic 25V
C8 C9 C10	22-5115 22-2939 *22-5947	.082 MFD Capacitor 50V 680 PF Disc 500V .39 MFD Capacitor 50V	C13 C14A } C14B }	22-24 *22-5680	2 x .0047 Mfd Disc 500V 100 Mfd Electrolytic 150V 60 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
C12 C13 C14 C15	22-3687 22-3034 22-4617 22-3255	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V .05 MFD Disc 20% 25V .01 MFD Disc 500V 330 PF Disc 500V	C15 C16 C17 C18	22-4859 22-3513 22-2793 22-2799	.1 Mfd Tubular 20% 600V .01 Mfd Disc 30% 500V .047 Mfd Tubular 20% 400V .033 Mfd Tubular 20% 400V
C16 C17 C18	22-3255 22-5115 22-5115	330 PF Disc 500V .082 MFD Capacitor 50V .082 MFD Capacitor 50V	C19 R1 R2A \	22-14 *63-7139 *63-7140	.0047 Mfd Disc 20% 500V Balance Control Dual Tone Control
C19 C20 C21	22-2939 22-5012 22-2939	680 PF Disc 500V .15 MFD Capacitor 50V 680 PF Disc 500V	R2B R3A \ R3B	*63-7138	Dual Loudness Control
C22 C24	22-5012 22-3045	.15 MFD Capacitor 50V .047 MFD Capacitor 50V	R4 T1	63-6461 95-2670	200 Ohm Fusing 10% 8W Output Transformer
C25 C26 C27	22-2939 22-3766	.047 MFD Capacitor 50V 680 PF Disc 500V .033 MFD Capacitor 50V	T2 SE1 SP1	95-2669 212-71 49-1152	Output Transformer Silicon Rectifier Speaker (6" x 9")

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ITEM	PART		ITEM	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.		
SP2	49-1152	Speaker (6" x 9")	R556	63-5961	2.7 Ohms 10% 1W
	11-183	A C Line Cord	R557	63-5282 63-5641	0.39 Ohms 5% 5W 220 Ohms 20% 2W
	43-519	Socket Contact Housing (Phono A C Plug)	R558	63-1820	6.8K 10% ½W
	*52-1446	Four Conductor Cable (Approx. 21")	R559	63-5367	0.43 Ohms 5% 5W
	58-214	Single Prong Plug (2 Part Of S-80609)	R560	63-5369	220 Ohms 10% 5W
	63-1729	47 Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)	R561	63-4851	125 Ohms 10% 5W
	63-1736	68 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)	R562	63-5217	2 Ohms 10% 10W
	63-1782	820 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)	R567 T501	*95-2736	Driver Transformer
	63-1817 63-1820	5600 Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)	T551	*95-2737	Driver Transformer
	63-1827	6800 Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required) 10K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)	T552	95-2425	Power Transformer
	63-1828	10K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 20% (2 required)	F501	136-61 \$83789	3 Amp Fuse (Type C) 9 Contact Housing Assembly (Small)
	63-1834	15K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%	J501	\$83790	9 Contact Housing Assembly (Sman) 9 Contact Housing Assembly (Large)
	63-1870	100K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 20% (2 required)	J502	\$83788	3 Contact Housing Assembly
	63-1890	330K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)	J503	100-249	Phono Lamp No. 1847, 6.3V, 150 MA
	63-1932	3.3 Megohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10%	DS501	100-249	Cab't. Lamp No. 1847, 6.3V, 150MA
	70 1 700	(2 required)	DS502 CR501	212-62	Silicon Rectifier
	78-1768	Transistor Socket (2 required)	CR502	212-62	Silicon Rectifier
	79-174-12 83-5048	No. 18 Sleeving - Yellow - 1½" (2 required) Four Lug Terminal Strip	CR503	212-71	Silicon Rectifier
	83-5049	Six Lug Terminal Strip		12-475 19-546	Chassis Mtg. Bracket (4 required) Capacitor retaining clip (2 required)
	83-5050	Eight Lug Terminal Strip		43-333	3 Contact Housing
	83-5688	Transistor Insulating Strip (2 part of 800-172)		43-574	9 Contact Housing
	83-5908	Five Lug Terminal Strip		43-874	9 Contact Housing
	83-5935	Eighteen Lug Terminal Strip		54-579	10-32 x 3/8 x 3/16 Thick - Hex Nut -
	*83-6956	Six Lug Terminal Strip			Cadmium (1 used on ea. 212-62)
	86-334	Socket Terminal (4 used on 43-519)		62-30	Fuse Holder
	86-475 *90-823	Terminal (Pin Contact) (12 required) Spacer Sleeve (1 used on ea. 94-1171)		63-1747	120 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%
	94-1171	Insulating Bushing (2 required)		63-1757	220 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%
	114-813	6-20 x 3/8 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-		63-1761 63-1827	270 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 10K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
		Cadmium (2 Mt. Ea. 800-172)		63-1926	2.2 Megohm Resistor - ½W. 20%
	121-430	Transistor - Driver (2 required)		63-1954	10 Megohm Resistor - ½W. 20%
	121-433	Transistor - Pre-Driver (2 required)		64-4	1/8 Dia.¼ Lg Tubular Rivet - N.P. No. 30248
	125-96	Strain Relief Grommet (Used on 11-183)			(2 used on ea. 78-1812)
	205-51	Dow Corning Heat Conductive Grease (Part of 800-172)		64-5	1/8 Dia. x 7/32 Lg. Tubular Rivet - Cadmium
	800-172	Transistor - Output Assembly - Matched Pair			(2 join ea. 83-5052 & 83-5054, 3 join
	555 1,2	(2 required)			83-4987 & 83-5038, 2 used on 78-402, & 2 join ea. 83-5284 & 83-5291) (13 required)
	*S-80609	Phono Input Cable Assembly		64-6	1/8 Dia. x 3/16 Lg. Tubular Rivet - Cadmium
				04.0	(2 used on ea. 12-475, 78-1347 & 1 used
		CHASSIS 6AT24			on ea. 86-328) (16 required)
C501	22-5262	100 MFD Electro 50V		64-7	1/8 Dia. x 5/32 Lg. Tubular Rivet - Cadmium
C502	22-4673	500 MFD Electro 50V			(1 used on 83-7330, 2 used on 95-2736
C503	22-2939	680 PF 500V		70.400	& 95-2737) (5 required)
C551	22-5262	100 MFD Electro 50V		78-402	4 Contact Housing
C552	22-4673	500 MFD Electro 50V		78-1347 78-1812	Electrolytic Socket (3 required) 2 Contact Transistor Socket (2 part of ea.
C553 C554	22-2939 22-5455	680 PF 500V 50 MFD Electro 50V		70-1012	S-73152) (6 required)
C555	*22-5903	.0015 MFD Disc 1400V		79-174-12	No. 18 Sleeving - Yellow - 1½"
C556	22-3239	.1 MFD 400V		83-4633	Felt Strip
C557	22-3239	.1 MFD 400V		83-4987	12 Lug Terminal Strip
C558	22-3239	.1 MFD 400V		83-5038	Insulating Strip
C559	22-3239	.1 MFD 400V		83-5052	6 Lug Terminal Strip (2 required)
C560	22-4145	.1 MFD 200V		83-5054 83-5277	Insulating Strip (2 required) Transistor Insulating Strip (6 required)
C561 C562	22-4145 22-3878	.1 MFD 200V		83-5284	5 Lug Terminal Strip (2 required)
C563	22-3881	2000 MFD Electro 75V 1500 MFD Electro 50V		83-5291	Insulating Strip (2 required)
C564A	22 3001	500 MFD Electro 50V		*83-7330	8 Lug Terminal Strip
C564B	22-5162	500 MFD Electro 50V		86-303	Terminal - Male (3 required)
C564C		300 MFD Electro 25V		86-328	Wire Retaining Terminal (2 required)
C565	22-4415	.47 MFD 200V		86-389	Terminal - Female (9 required)
R502 R503	63-5645	270 Ohms 10% 2W		86-484 86-496	Connector Terminal (7 required) Connector Terminal
R503	63-5638 63-5961	180 Ohms 10% 2W 2.7 Ohms 10% 1W		93-2	
R505	63-6442	560 Ohms 10% 3W		93-2 93-369	Rivet Washer (2 used on 95-2737) Internal Lockwasher Shakeproof No. 1210
R506	63-5961	2.7 Ohms 10% 1W		75-507	(1 used on ea. 212-62)
R507	63-5282	0.39 Ohms 5% 5W		*101-2947	Label (Indicator Light & Speaker)
R508	63-5641	220 Ohms 20% 2W		102-9536	Fuse Label (3 amp.)
R509	63-1820	6,8K 10% 12W		114-601	10-16 x 1/2 x 5/16 Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap.
R510	63-5367	0.43 Ohms 5% 5W			Screw-Stat. Bronze (4 Mt. 95-2425)
R552	63-5645	270 Ohms 10% 2W		114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat
R553	63-5638	180 Ohms 10% 2W			Bronze (4 used on ea. S-73152) (8 required)
R554	63-5961	2.7 Ohms 10% 1W			
R555	63-6442	560 Ohms 10% 3W			

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	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
		114-1001	6-32 x 1/2 Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap. Screw- Special (2 used on ea. 121-398 & 121-382)		*S-81069 *S-81070	Chassis Bracket Assem. Bracket & Jack Assem.
		121-382	(12 required) Transistor - Power - Matched Pair (2 required)			CHASSIS 9AT27
		121-398	Transistor - Driver (2 required)	C30	22-3687	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V
		S-73152	Heat Sink Assem. (2 required)	C31	22-3687	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V
			CHASSIS 8ZT20	C32 C33	22-3973 22-3973	100 MFD Electrolytic 25V 100 MFD Electrolytic 25V
	C401 C402	22-5507 22-3414	22 Pf 500V 20% Disc .0047 Mf 25V 20% Disc	C34	22-14	.0047 MFD Disc 500V
	C403	22-3448	10 Mf 15V Electrolytic	C35 C36	22-5316 22-5316	500 MFD Electrolytic 50V 500 MFD Electrolytic 50V
	C404 C405	22-5511 22-3598	100 Mf 20V Electrolytic	C37	22-14	.0047 MFD Disc 500V
	C406	22-5509	.022 Mf 50V 20% .22 Mf 3V 20%	C38 C39	22-4617 22-4617	.01 MFD Disc 500V .01 MFD Disc 500V
	C407	22-5512 22-5507	250 Mf 15V Electrolytic	C40	22-2655	.01 MFD Disc 1000V
	C451 C452	22-3507	22 Pf 500V 20% Disc .0047 Mf 25V 20% Disc	C41 C42	22-5362 22-5316	1000 MFD Electrolytic 50V 500 MFD Electrolytic 50V
	C453	22-3448	10 Mf 15V Electrolytic	C42 C43	22-5167	1000 MFD Electrolytic 30V
	C454 C455	22-5511 22-3598	100 Mf 20V Electrolytic .022 Mf 50V 20%	C44	22-3608	68PF Disc 500V
	C456	22-5509	.22 Mf 3V 20% Disc	C45 C46	22-3608 22-2376	68PF Disc 500V 47PF Disc 500V
	C457 C501	22-5512 22-5511	250 Mf 15V Electrolytic 100 Mf 20V Electrolytic	C47	22-2376	47PF Disc 500V
	C502	22-5511	100 Mf 20 V Electrolytic	C48 R5	22-3892 63-6063	.01 MFD 100V 680 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W
	C503	22-5475 *63-7638	500 Mf 25V Electrolytic	R6	63-6063	680 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W
	R402A(*03-7038	Dual Tone Control	R7	63-6063	680 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W 680 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W
	R407)	*63-7637	Volume Control	R8 R9	63-6063 63-5305	.51 Ohm Resistor 5% 5W
	R457 S T501	95-2573	Power Transformer	R10	63-5305	.51 Oh m Resistor 5% 5W
	CR-501	212-71	Silicon Rectifier	R11 R12	63-5305	.51 Ohm Resistor 5% 5W
	SP1 SP2	49-1138 49-1138	Speaker (Z541) Speaker (Z541)	R13	63-5305	.51 Ohm Resistor 5% 5W
	SP1	49-1147	Speaker (Z538)	R14 R15	63-5600 63-5642	22 Ohm Resistor 10% 2W 220 Ohm Resistor 10% 2W
	SP2 Q401	49-1147 121-633	Speaker (Z538) Transistor, Pre-Driver	R16	63-6031	120 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W
	Q402	121-632	Transistor, Driver	R17 R18	63-6027 63-6027	100 Ohm Resistor 20% 1W 100 Ohm Resistor 20% 1W
1	Q403 \ Q404 \	800-219	Transistors, Output - Matched Pair (Consists of one 121-640 and one	R19	63-6059	560 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W
,	Q404)		121-641)	M3	\$80734	Housing Wire & Terminal Assembly Housing Wire & Terminal Assembly
	Q451	121-633	Transistor, Pre-Driver	M4 M5	S80730 S75023	Three Conductor Cable & Housing Assem.
	Q452 Q403 \	121-632 800-219	Transistor, Driver Transistors, Output - Matched Pair	T1	95-2475	Driver Transformer Driver Transformer
	Q404 }		(Consists of one 121-640 and one	T2 T3	95-2475 95-2476	Power Transformer
		11-183	(121-641) A.C. Line Cord	J1	44-78	Head Phono Jack
		12-4901	Control Bracket (3 required)	F1 SE1	136-24 212-61	2 Amp Fuse Silicon Rectifier
		17-135 19-552	Line Cord Clamp Clip - Heat Sink (2 Used on S-78037 &	SE2	212-61	Silicon Rectifier
			4 used on S-81069)	SPK2 SPK4	49-1181 49-1181	10" Speaker 10" Speaker
		23-23	Wire Connector Socket Contact Housing	SPK1	49-1151	Horn Speaker
		43-519 58-214	Connector Plug (2 part of S-79177)	SPK3	49-1151 11-87	Horn Speaker A.C. Line Cord
		63-1722	33 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)		19-546	Capacitor Retaining Clip
		63-1750 63-1758	150 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (3 required) 220 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 20% (2 required)		19-561 43-519	Capacitor Retaining Clip (4 required) Socket Contact Housing (Male)
		63-1768	390 Ohm Resistor - 1/2 W. 10% (2 required)		43-574	9 Contact Housing (Female)
		63-1778 63-1785	680 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 1000 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%		43-876	3 Contact Housing (Female)
		63-1792	1500 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)		52-1339 57-6328	3 Conductor Cable (Approx. 26") Heat Sink Plate (2 required)
		63-1813	4700 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 180K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)		63-1750	150 Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)
		63-1880 63-1908	820K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)		63-1771 63-1827	470 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 10K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
		63-1911	1 Meg Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%		63-1862	68K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
		63-1915 63-4529	1.2 Meg Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 4.7 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (4 required)		63-1869	100K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
		79-174-12	No. 18 Sleeving - Yellow - 11/2"		63-1876 63-1918	150K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 1.5 MEG Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
		86-334 94-1527	Connector Terminal (3 required) Snap Bushing (Used on 11-183)		63-1936	3.9 MEG OHM Resistor - 1/2W. 10%
		114-802	8-18 x 5/16 x 1/4 Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap		63-4533 78-1812	5.6 OHM Resistor - ½W. 10% (4 required) 2 Contact Transistor Socket (5 required)
		205-51	Screw-Stat. Bronze (2 used on S-81070) Dow Corning Heat Conductive Grease		79-174-12 83-5277	
			(Part of 800-219) Chassis Control Panel Assem.		83-5385	7 Lug Terminal Strip
		S-78037 S-79177	Chassis Control Panel, Assem. Phono Cable & Plug Assem.		83-5391 83-6881	20 Lug Terminal Strip (3 required) 14 Lug Terminal Strip

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NO.	NO.	DESCRIPTION	I I EIVI NO.	PAHT NO.	DESCRIPTION
	86-334	Connector Terminal (3 used on 52-1339)		63-1859	56K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
	86-344	Connector Terminal		63-1862	68K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)
	86-389 86-484	Connector Terminal (8 required) Connector Terminal (Female) (3 required)		63-1876	150K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
	86-496	Ground Terminal		63-1883 63-1897	220K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 470K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (4 required)
	102-5383	Fuse Label		63-1901	560K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (4 required)
	114-271	6-20 x ½ x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.		63-1911	1 MEG Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
		Bronze (4 used on ea. 121-398 & 2 used on		63-1943	5.6 MEG Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required
	114 001	121-726) (10 required)		79-174-12	No. 18 Sleeving - Yellow - 1½" (4 required)
	114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat. Bronze (1 used on ea. 95-2475)		83-1475	Armite Strip
	114-802	8-18 x 5/16 Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.		83-5288 83-5975	13 Lug Terminal Strip (2 required) Transistor Terminal Strip (2 required)
	11.002	Bronze (4 Mt. 95-2476)		86-390	Terminal (10 required)
	121-430	Transistor - Pre-Driver (2 required)		121-433	Transistor - Pre-Amp. (2 required)
	121-706	Transistor - Driver (2 required)		121-543	Transistor - Pre-Driver (2 required)
	121-726	Transistor - Filter		126-1346	Shield
	125-140 205-51	Strain Relief Grommet		198-12	Dial Scale Reflector
	203-31	Dow Corning Heat Conductive Grease (Part of 800-196)			CHASSIS 10YT26
	800-196	Power Output Transistor - Matched Pair (2 required)			AMPLIFIER CHASSIS
	*S-84665	Speaker Cable & Terminal Assem.	C29	22-14	.0047 MFD 500V
			C30	22-14	100 MFD Electrolytic 25V
	00	CHASSIS 10YT26	C32	22-14	.0047 MFD Disc 500V
	CO	NTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY	C33	22-5316	500 MFD Electrolytic 50V
C1	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	C34	22-3973	100 MFD Electrolytic 25V
C2	22-5018	.47 MFD 50V	C35	22-14	.0047 MFD Disc 500V
C3	22-5018	.47 MFD 50V	C36	22-5316	500 MFD Electrolytic 500V
C4 C5	22-13 22-3710	.0033 MFD Disc 500V .22 MFD 50V	C37 C38	22-14 22-5362	.0047 MFD Disc 500V 1000 MFD Electrolytic 50V
C6	22-3595	.33 MFD 50V	C39	22-5316	500 MFD Electrolytic 50V
C7	22-5361	1.5 MFD Electrolytic 10V	C40	22-5167	1000 MFD Electrolytic 30V
C8	22-3595	.33 MFD 50V	C41	22-4577	50 MFD Electrolytic 25V
C9	22-3678	.047 MFD 100V	C42	22-4666	.001 MFD Disc 1400V
C10 C12	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V	C43 C44	22-4601	.01 MFD 1000V
C12	22-3595 22-2703	.33 MFD 50V 220 PF Disc 500V	R4	22-4601 63-6042	.01 MFD 1000V 220 Ohms Resistor 10% 1W
C14	22-4110	.033 MFD 200V	R5	63-5305	.51 Ohms Resistor 5% 5W
C15	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R6	63-6049	330 Ohms Resistor 10% 1W
C16	22-5018	.47 MFD 50V	R7	63-5305	.51 Ohms Resistor 5% 5W
C17	22-5018 22-3710	.47 MFD 50V	R8	63-6049	330 Ohms Resistor 10% 1W
C18 C19	22-3710	.22 MFD 50V .0033 MFD Disc 500V	R9 R10	63-5305 63-6042	.51 Ohms Resistor 5% 5W 220 Ohms Resistor 10% 1W
C20	22-3595	.33 MFD 50V	R11	63-5305	.51 Ohms Resistor 5% 5W
C22	22-5361	1.5 MFD Electrolytic 10V	R12	63-6031	120 Ohms Resistor 10% 1W
C23	22-3595	.33 MFD 50V	R13	63-6003	27 Ohms Resistor 10% 1W
C24	22-3678	.047 MFD 100V	R14	63-4519	2.7 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
C25 C26	22-3595 22-2884	.33 MFD 50V 5 MFD Electrolytic 12V	R15	63-4519	2.7 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 2.7 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
C27	22-2703	220 PF Disc 500V	R16 R17	63-4519 63-4519	2.7 Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W 2.7 Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W
C28	22-3599	.015 MFD 500V	R18	63-6027	100 Ohm Resistor 20% 1W
R1A Ì	63-6939	Dual Loudness Control	R19	63-6027	100 Ohm Resistor 20% 1W
R1B	03-0333	Duai Loudiless Control	T1	95-2475	Driver Transformer
R2A	63-7123	Dual Bass Control	T2	95-2475	Driver Transformer
R2B R3A			T3 M1	95-2476 S-75015	Power Transformer Housing, Wire & Terminal Assembly
R3B	63-6938	Dual Treble Control	M2	S-75013 S-75020	Housing, Wire & Terminal Assembly
\$1	85-1022	Phono-Tape & A.C. Switch	M3	S-75023	Housing, Wire & Terminal Assembly
	12-4903	Control Panel Bracket	M4	S-79077	Housing, Wire & Terminal Assembly
	19-480	Clip (2 required)	M5	S-79111	Housing, Wire & Terminal Assembly
	43-570	6 Contact Housing - Male	SE1	212-61	Silicon Rectifier
	43-571 44-77	Socket Contact Housing Tape Jack	SE2 PL1	212-61 100-249	Silicon Rectifier Pilot Light Bulb
	52-1444	Four Conductor Cable (Approx. 23 ½")	PL2	100-249	Pilot Light Bulb
	52-1473	Two Conductor Shielded Lead (Phono)	F1	136-24	2A Fuse
	52-1474	Two Conductor Shielded Lead (Tape)	SPK1	49-1116	6" PM Speaker
	54-139	3/8-32 Palnut (4 required)	SPK2	49-1116	6" PM Speaker
	58-214	Single Prong Plug (2 required)		11.00	
	63-1743 63-1764	100 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 330 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)		11-87	A.C. Line Cord
	63-1785	1000 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)		19-535 19-546	Retaining Clip (1 used on ea. 126-1106) Retaining Clip (Used on 22-5362)
	63-1799	2200 Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)			
	63-1799 63-1806	2200 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 3300 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)		19-561	Retaining Clip (1 used on ea. 22-5167 & 22-5316)
	63-1806	3900 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 3900 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)		43-519	22-5316) Socket Contact Housing - Male
	63-1813	4700 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)		43-573	6 Contact Housing - Female
	63-1834	15K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10%		43-574	9 Contact Housing - Female
*15		parionaly used in Zonith magnitudes			

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

NO.	PAKI NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.	PAKI NO.	DESCRIPTION
	44-72	Dual Speaker Jack	L101	S-77014	AM Antenna Assembly
	52-1339	Three Conductor Cable - Phono (Approx. 26")	L102	149-311	Iron Core Sleeve
	52-1442	Four Conductor Cable - Speaker (Approx. 8")	L103	In T101	AM Oscillator Trans. Pri.
	57-6328	Heat Sink Plate (2 required)	L104	In T101	AM Oscillator Trans. Sec.
	63-1768	390 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)	T101	95-2544	AM Oscillator Transformer
	63-1827	10K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)	SW1	*85-1027	Bandswitch
	63-1848	33K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%	PL1	100-451	Stereo Ind. Light
	78-1765	Dial Light Socket & Wire	PL2	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847
	78-1812	2 Contact Transistor Socket (4 required)	PL3	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847
	83-5277	Insulating Strip (4 part of 800-196)	PL4	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847
	83-5328	11 Lug Terminal Strip	CR1	103-47	AFC Diode
	83-5975	Transistor Terminal Strip	CR101	103-74	Germanium Diode
	83-6015	17 Lug Terminal Strip	Q1	121-612	FM R.F. Transistor
	83-6208	Single Lug Terminal Strip	Q2	121-613	FM Conv. Transistor
	86-334	Terminal (3 used on 43-519)	Q101	121-257	AM Conv. Transistor Tuner Bracket
	86-389	Terminal - Female (10 required)		12-4009 12-4758	Coil Mtg. Bracket
	102-5383	Fuse Label (2 Amp. 250V.)		*12-4889	Dial Background Mtg. Bracket
	112-1608	8-18 x 5/16 x 1/4 Phillips Pan Hd. Self-Tap. Screw - Black Oxide (4 Mt. 95-2476)		*12-4998	Bracket
	114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-		17-130	Clamp
	114-001	Stat. Bronze (1 used on ea. 95-2475)		17-135	Clamp
	114-1001	6-32 x 1/2 Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-		19-322	Coil Mtg. Clip (1 used on ea. S-62887,
		Special (4 used on ea. 800-196)			S-65043 & S-78099)
	121-544	Transistor - Driver (2 required)		19-448	Ground Clip
	125-140	Strain Relief Grommet		24-1621	Tuner Cover
	126-1106	Heat Dissipator (1 used on ea. 121-544)		43-874	Terminal Housing (9 Contact)
	136-24	2 Amp. Fuse		43-875	Terminal Housing (9 Contact)
	205-51	Dow Corning Heat Conductive Grease (Part of		*52-1489	Two Conductor Shielded Lead
		800-196)		*52-1490	Two Conductor Shielded Lead
	212-61	Silicon Rectifier (2 required)		54-139	3/8 - 32 Palnut (Used on 85-1027)
	800-196	Power Output Transistor - Matched Pair		56-426	Roll Pin (6 required)
		(2 required)		58-315 61-222	Connector Plug (2 required)
		CHASSIS 10ZT30		76-1141	Idler Pulley (6 required) Guide Shaft
C1	22-3792	17 Pf 5% Disc 500V		*76-1772	Tuning Shaft
C2	22-2729	.001 Mf Disc 25V		*78-1784	Dial Light-Socket & Wire (3 required)
C3	22-5321	36 Pf Disc 5% 500V		80-209	Drive Cord Tension Spring (Gang)
C4	22-4617	.01 Disc 500V		80-1140	Drive Cord Tension Spring (Pointer)
C5	22-4613	.001 Feedthru 500V		80-1467	Retaining Spring
C6	22-3541	3.3 Pf Gimmick 5% 500V		80-1468	Grounding Spring
C7	22-5485	1 Pf Gimmick 5% 500V		80-1951	Retaining Spring (2 required)
C8	22-2481	8 Pf Disc 5% 500V		83-4125	Two Lug Terminal Strip
C9 .	22-4844	.002 Feedthru 500V		83-5773	Three Lug Terminal Strip
C10	22-3034	.05 Disc 25V		83-6500	Two Lug Terminal Strip
C11	22-4613	.001 Feedthru 500V		83-6557	Antenna Mtg. Strip
C12	22-3622	19 Pf Disc Cap 5% 500V		*83-6807	Fourteen Lug Terminal Strip
C13	22-4844	.002 Feedthru 500V		*83-6900	Antenna Protection Strip
C14 C15	22-2513 22-3675	7 Pf Disc 500V 10 Pf Disc 500V		86-344 86-388	Connector Terminal (2 required) Connector Terminal - Female (2 required)
C101A)	22-3013	BC Ant. Trimmer .		86-398	Connector Terminal - Female (2 required)
C101B	1	BC Ant. Trimmer		86-441	Insulated Feed-Thru Terminal (2 required)
C101C	22-4843	BC Osc. Tuning		86-483	Connector Terminal - Male (9 required)
C101D)	Į	BC Osc. Trimmer		86-484	Connector Terminal - Female (7 required)
C102	22-3033	.02 Disc 25V		94-613	Iron Core Bushing (2 required)
C103	22-3034	.05 Disc 25V		94-1380	Insulating Bushing (2 required)
C104	22-3393	.01 Disc 25V		113-10	6 - 32 x 3/16 x ¼ Hex Hd. Mach. Screw - N.P.
C105	22-5480	390 Pf Mica 5% 100V			-Internal Lockwasher Att. (2 Mt. 22-4843)
R1	63-1810	39K Ohm 10%		114-26	8-18 x ¼ x ¼ Hex Hd. Self Tap. Screw-Stat.
R2	63-1761	270 Ohm 10%			Bronze (used on 12-4889)
R3	63-4196	1.8K Ohm 10% ¼W		114-564	8-18 x 5/16 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.
R4	63-1772	470 Ohm 20%			Bronze - Flat Washer Att. (1 Joins 17-135 &
R5	63-1898	470 K Ohm 20%		114-651	S-79739 & 1 Used On 17-130)
R6	63-1796	1.8K Ohm 10%		114-031	8-15 x 5/16 x ¼ Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat Bronze (used on S-79739)
R7 R8	63-1831 63-4122	12K Ohm 10% 33 Ohm 10% ¼W		114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
R9	63-1898	470K Ohm 20%		11. 001	Stat. Bronze (2 used on ea. S-79739 &
R101	63-1831	12K Ohm 10%			S-79740) (4 Required)
R102	63-1796	1.8K Ohm 10%		114-802	8-18 x 5/16 x ¼ Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap.
R103	63-1824	8.2K Ohm 10%			Screw-Stat. Bronze (2 used on 94-1380)
R104	63-1778	680 Ohm 10%		114-803	6-20 x ¼ x ¼ Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap.
R105	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10%			Screw-Stat. Bronze (4 join bracket
L1	S-78099	FM Antenna Coil Assembly			& pulley assem. & multiplex assem.)
L2	S-65043	FM Detector Coil Assembly		125-26	Rubber Grommet
L3	20-1256	10.7 MHz Trap Coil		126-1297	Tuner Shield
L4	S-62887	FM Oscillator Coil Assembly		*126-1341	Dial Light Shield
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^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers

NO.	PARI NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.	PAKI NO.	DESCRIPTION
	149-368	Iron Core & Spring	T202	95-2541	AM 1st IF AM 455 KHz
	149-385	Iron Core & Spring	T203	95-2547	FM 2nd IF Transformer 10.7 MHz
	S-62887	FM Oscillator Coil Assem.	T204	95-2542	AM 2nd IF AM 455 KHz
	S-65043	FM Detector Coil Assem.	T205	95-2548	FM 3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHz
	S-77014	Wave Magnet Assem.	T206	95-2543	AM 3rd IF AM 455 KHz
	S-78099	FM Antenna Coil Assem.	T207	95-2545	FM Ratio Detector 10.7 MHz
	S-79739	Bracket & Pulley Assem. (L.H.)	CR201	103-22	Germanium Diode
	S-79740	Bracket & Pulley Assem. (R.H.)	CR202	103-90 }	Germanium Diodes (Matched Pair)
	S-79746	Bracket, Drive Shaft & Iron Core Assem.	CR203	103-90 ∫	•
	S-79776	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. (Gang)	Q201	121-614	AM/FM 1st IF Transistor
	S-79777	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. (Pointer)	Q202	121-546	AM/FM 2nd IF Transistor
	S-79778 S-81430	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. (Pointer) Dial Light Shield & Terminal Strip Assem.	Q203	121-546 22-5486	FM 3rd IF Transistor 10 Mf Electrolytic Capacitor - 3V
	*S-81979	Shielded Lead & Plug Assem.		52-1443	Four Conductor Cable (Approx. 6")
		F. CHASSIS COMPONENTS		64-1002	Brass Eyelet - Amer. Brass No. SE 55 (6 required)
				86-398	Connector Terminal (Female)
C201	22-3310	2.7 Gimmick 10% 500V		149-311	Ferrite Core (Used On 121-257)
C202	22-5483	.0015 Disc 10% 1KV .1 Dial 12V			·
C203 C204	22-3652 22-5481	560 Pf Disc 10% 500V	10ZT	30 MULTI	PLEX CHASSIS COMPONENTS
C204	22-3481	.01 Disc 25V	C301	22-5780	270 Pf 5% 500V
C206	22-3791	42 Pf Disc 5% 500V	C302	22-5781	1000 Pf 5% 500V
C207	22-5479	2.4 Pf Gimmick 10% 500V	C302	22-5471	.47 10% 200V
C208	22-3034	.05 Disc 25V	C304	22-5782	2200 Pf 5% 500V
C209	22-5482	680 Pf Disc 10% 500V	C305	22-2884	5 Mfd Electrolytic 12V
C210	22-5481	560 Pf Disc 10% 500V	C306	22-3010	.01 Disc 25V
C211	22-3770	5.5 Pf Disc 25 Pf 500V	C307	22-5782	2200 Pf 5% 500V
C212	22-3393	.01 Disc 25V	C308	22-5781	1000 Pf 5% 500V
C213	22-2428	1.8 Pf Gimmick 10% 500V	C309	22-3393	.01 Disc 25V
C214	22-5482	680 Pf 10% 500V	C310	22-5781	1000 Pf 5% 500V
C215	22-3034	.05 Disc 25V	C311	22-2884	5 Mfd Electrolytic 12V
C216	22-3080	.005 Disc 25V	C312	22-3034	.05 Disc 20% 25V
C217	22-2729	.001 Disc 25V	C313	22-3034	.05 Disc 20% 25V
C218	22-3177	390 Pf Disc 10% 500V	C314	22-4572	500 MF Electrolytic 15V
C219 C220	22-3177 22-3896	390 Pf Disc 10% 500V 5 Mfd. Electrolytic 25V	C401 R301	22-2729 63-1855	.001 Mfd Disc 25V 47K Ohm 10%
C220 C221	22-3696	10 Mfd Electrolytic 6V	R302	63-1817	5.6K Ohm 10%
C222	22-3033	.02 Disc Cap 25V	R302	63-1768	390 Ohm 10%
R201	63-1778	680 Ohm 10%	R304	63-1803	2.7K Ohm 10%
R202	63-1761	270 Ohm 10%	R305	63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10%
R203	63-1772	470 Ohm 20%	R306	63-1771	470 Ohm 10%
R204	63-1806	3.3K Ohm 10%	R307	63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10%
R205	63-1827	10K Ohm 10%	R308	63-6495	100K Ohm 10% POT.
R206	63-1768	390 Ohm 10%	R309	63-1785	1K Ohm 10%
R207	63-1785	1K Ohm 10%	R310	63-1782	820 Ohm 10%
R208	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10%	R311	63-1848	33K Ohm 10%
R209	63-1772	470 Ohm 20%	R312	63-1824	8.2K Ohm 10%
R210	63-4185	1K Ohm 10% ¼W	R313	63-1775	560 Ohm 10%
R211	63-1771	470 Ohm 10%	R314	63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10%
R212	63-1772	470 Ohm 20%	R315	63-1771	470 Ohm 10%
R213	63-1778	680 Ohm 10% 680 Ohm 10%	R317	63-6066	820 Ohm 10% 1W
R214 R215	63-1778 63-1813	4700 Ohm 10%	R318 R401	63-6045	270 Ohm 10% 1W 470K Ohm 20%
R215 R216	63-1813	4700 Ohm 10%	Q301	63-1898 121-639	Comp. Amp. Transistor
R217	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10%	Q302	121-639	19 KHz Amp. Transistor
R217	63-1869	100K Ohm 10%	Q302	121-639	38 KHz Amp. Transistor
R219	63-1845	27K Ohm 10%	Q304	121-639	Stereo Ind. SW. Transistor
R220	63-1778	680 Ohm 10%		*S-79435	67 KHz Trap Coil
R221	63-1810	3.9K Ohm 10%		*S-79438	Input Coil 19 KHz
R222	63-1803	2.7K Ohm 10%	T302	*S-79436	Doubler Coil 19 KHz
L201	In T201	1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHz Pri		*S-79437	Detector Coil 38 KHz
L202	In T201	1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHz Sec	CR301	103-23 Ì	Germanium Diodes (Matched Pair)
L203	In T202	1st IF AM 455 KHz Pri	CR302	103-23 J	ocimanium biodes (materied ran)
L204	In T202	1st IF AM 455 KHz Sec	CR303	103-23	Germanium Diodes (Matched Pair)
L205	In T203	2nd IF Transformer 10.7 MHz Pri	CR304	103-23 ∫	
L206	In T203	2nd IF Transformer 10.7 MHz Sec	CR305	103-96 105-78	Zener Diode
L207	In T204	2nd IF AM 455 KHz	A301	64-1031	Integnet Grip Eyelet (4 required)
L208	In T205	3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHz Pri		64-1031	Grip Eyelet (4 required) Grip Eyelet (17 required)
L209	In T205	3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHz Sec		86-500	Connector Pin (16 required)
L210	In T206	3rd IF AM 455 KHz Pri			
L211	In T206	3rd IF AM 455 KHz Sec		121-1336	Coil Shield
L212	In T207	Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHz Pri		126-1347	Heat Shield
L213	In T207	Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHz Tertiary		S-79435	Multiplex Trap Coil Assem.
L214	In T207	Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHz Sec		S-79436	Multiplex Trap Coil Assem.
T201	95-2546	FM 1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHz		S-79437	Multiplex Detector Coil Assem.

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO _Q	DESCRIPTION
	S-79438	Multiplex Input Coil Assem.	R463	63-1897	470K Ohm 10% ½W
		CHASSIS 10ZT31	R464	63-1789 63-1740	1200 Ohm 10% ½W 82 Ohm 10% ½W
C401	22 2024	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R465 R466	63-1853	43K Ohm 5% ½W
C401 C402	22-3034 22-5487	.47 MFD Disc Cap 3V	R467	63-1799	2200 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C403	22-5	100 PF Disc 20% 500 V	R468	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W
C404	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V	R469	63-1768	390 Ohm 10% ¼W 390 Ohm 10% ½W
C405 C406	22-3255 22-5630	330 PF Disc 500V 1200 PF Molded Cap 50V	R470	63-1768 63-1708	15 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C407	22-5472	.33 MFD Dilmatic Cap 200V	R471 R472	63-4501	1 Ohm 10% ½W
C408	*22-5632	.022 MFD Molded Cap 200V	R501	63-5656	470 Ohm 10% ½W 2W
C409 C410	*22-5473 *22-5631	.056 MFD Filmatic Cap 200V .0056 MFD Filmatic Cap 200V	R502	63-1933	3.3 Megohm 20% ½W
C410	*22-5632	.022 MFD Filmatic Cap 20% 200V	CR401	*103-145	Diode
C412	22-5257	.1 MFD Disc Cap 12V	CR451	*103-145	Diode Rectifier Diode
C414	22-16	470 PF Disc 500V	CR501	212-71 212-71	Rectifier Diode
C415 C417	22-3687 22-2939	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V 680 PF Disc Cap 500V	CR502 T501	95-2648	Power Transformer
C420	22-4568	100 MFD Electrolytic 15V	P501	*43-1043	9 Contact Housing (Male)
C422	22-3721	200 MFD Electrolytic 35V	P502	43-874	9 Contact Housing (Female)
C451 C452	22-3034 22-5487	.05 MFD Disc 25V .47 MFD Disc Cap 3V		*12-4938	Chassis Bracket
C452	22-5	100 PF Disc 20% 500V		19-448 19-480	Connector Clip (Used on 86-388) Retaining Clip (2 required)
C454	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V		22-2623	.0022 MF Disc Capacitor
C455 C456	22-3255 *22-5630	330 PF Disc 500V 1200 PF Molded Cap 50V		22-5264	100 PF Disc Capacitor - 1KV. (2 required)
C450	22-5472	.33 MFD Filmatic Cap 200V		22-5290 *52-1483	680 PF Disc Capacitor - 1KV. (2 required) Three Conductor Cable (Approx. 12")
C458	*22-5632	.022 MFD Molded Cap 200V		*52-1488	Two Conductor Shielded Lead (Approx. 15")
C459	*22-5473 *22-5621	.056 MFD Filmatic Cap 200V		*54-808	Tinnerman Speed Nut (1 used on ea. 114-1080)
C460 C461	*22-5631 *22-5632	.0056 MFD Filmatic Cap 200V .022 MFD Filmatic Cap 20% 200V		*54-818	Tinnerman Speed Nut (8 required)
C462	22-5257	.1 MFD Disc Cap 12V		*57-6769 63-1835	Heat Sink Plate (2 required) 15K Ohm Resistor - 20% 1/2W
C464	22-16	470 PF Disc 500V		83-3404	Three Lug Terminal Strip
C465 C467	22-3687 22-2939	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V		*83-6769	Chassis Control Panel Strip
C470	22-4568	680 PF Disc Cap 500V 100 MFD Electrolytic 15V		86-388	Connector Terminal (2 required)
C471	22-3661	.05 MFD Disc 100V		86-483 93-542	Terminal - Male (7 required) Insulating Washer (1 used on ea. 57-6769)
C472	22-3721	200 MFD Electrolytic 35V		114-801	8 - 18 x 5/16 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
C501 C502	22-4617 22-4617	.01 MFD Disc 500V .01 MFD Disc 500V		****	Stat. Bronze (1 used on ea 83-6769)
C503	22-5361	1000 MFD Electrolytic 50V		*114-1080	4 - 24 x 7/16 x 3/16 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw- Stat. Bronze (1 used on ea. 121-709, &
C504	22-2655	.01 MFD Disc 1400V			121-710)
R401 R403	63-1880 63-1876	180K Ohm 10% ½W 150K Ohm 10% ½W		121-430	Transistor - Pre-Driver (2 required)
R403	63-1883	220K Ohm 10% 1/2W		121-433	Transistor - Pre-Amplifier (2 required)
R405	63-1845	27K Ohm 10% 1/2W		*121-706 *121-709	Transistor - Driver (2 required) Transistor - Output (Matched Pair)
R406	63-1848	33K Ohm 10% ½W		*121-710	Transistor - Output (Matched Pair)
R407 R408R	63-1799 } }*63-7570	2200 Ohm 10% ½W			01140010 407700
		50K Dual Loudness Control			CHASSIS 10ZT33
R409	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% 1/2W	C401 C403	22-3034 22-5	.05 Mfd Disc 25V
R410R R410L	}*63-7574	100K Dual Bass Control & Switch	C404	22-3 22-3687	100 Pf Disc 20% 500V 1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
R411	63-1820	6.8K Ohm 10% ½W	C406	22-12	1500 Pf Disc 500V
R412F	{}*62.7572	50K Dual Treble Control	C407	22-5636	.27 Mfd Filmatic 200V
			C408 C409	22-5632 22-5473	.022 Mfd Molded 200V .056 Mfd Filmatic 200V
R413 R414	63-1897 63-1789	470K Ohm 10% ½W 1200 Ohm 10% ½W	C410	22-5637	.0047 Mfd Filmatic 200V
R415	63-1740	82 Ohm 10% ½W	C411	22-5632	.022 Mfd Filmatic 200V
R416	63-1853	43K Ohm 5% 1/2W	C412	22-3652	.1 Mfd Disc 10V
R417 R418	63-1799	2200 Ohm 10% ½W	C414 C415	22-16 22-3687	470 Pf Disc 500V 1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
R419	63-1827 63-1768	10K Ohm 10% ½W 390 Ohm 10% ½W	C417	22-2939	680 Pf Disc 500V
R420	63-1768	390 Ohm 10% ½W	C420	22-4568	100 Mfd Electrolytic 15V
R421	63-1708	15 Ohm 10% ½W	C422	22-3721 22-3034	200 Mfd Electrolytic 35V
R422 R424	63-4501 63-1828	1 Ohm 10% ½W 10K Ohm 20% ½W	C451 C453	22-5034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V 100 Pf Disc 20% 500V
R424 R425	*63-7571	250K Balance Control	C454	22-3687	1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
R451	63-1880	180K Ohm 10% ½W	C456	22-12	1500 Pf Disc 500V
R453	63-1876	150K Ohm 10% ½W	C457 C458	22-5636 22-5632	.27 Mfd Filmatic 200V
R454 R455	63-1883 63-1845	220K Ohm 10% ½W 27K Ohm 10% ½W	C458 C459	22-5632 22-5473	.022 Mfd Molded 200V .056 Mfd Filmatic 200V
R455 R456	63-1848	33K Ohm 10% 1/2W	C460	22-5637	.0047 Mfd Filmatic 200V
R457	63-1799	2200 Ohm 10% ½W	C461	22-5632	.022 Mfd Filmatic 200V
R459	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% 1/2W	C462	22-3652	1 Mfd Disc 10 V
R461	63-1820	6.8K Ohm 10% 1/2W	C464	22-16	470 Pf Disc 500V

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers

NO.	NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.	PARI NO.	DESCRIPTION
C465	22-3687	1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V		121-433	Transistor - Pre-Amplifier (2 required)
C467	22-2939	680 Pf Disc 500V		121-706	Transistor - Driver (2 required)
C470	22-4568	100 Mfd Electrolytic 15V		800-270	Transistor - Output (Matched Pair-
C472	22-3721	200 Mfd Electrolytic 35V		000 2.0	Consists of One 121-707 and One
C503	22-5362	1000 Mfd Electrolytic 50V			121-708) (2 required)
C504	22-5475	500 Mfd Electrolytic 25V		*S-79559	Power Cable & Terminal Assembly
R402	63-1950	8.2 Megohm 10% ½W			·
R405	63-1845	27K Ohm 10% ½W			CHASSIS 10AT37
R407	63-1789	1200 Ohm 10% ½W	C401	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V
R408(L))*63-7589	50K Dual Loudness Control	C402	22-5487	.47 Mfd Disc 3V
R409	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% 1/2W	C404	22-2884	5 Mfd Electrolytic 12V
R410(R)		C407	22-5639	.22 Mfd Filmatic 100V
R410(L)*63-7588	100K Dual Bass Control	C408	22-5814	.022 Mfd Filmatic 20% 100V
R411	63-1820	6.8K Ohm 10% 1/2W	C409	22-5883	.033 Mfd Filmatic 100V
R412(R)*63-7587	FOIL Don't Trails Court at	C410	22-5640	.0056 Mfd Filmatic 100V
		50K Dual Treble Control	C411	22-5814	.022 Mfd Filmatic 20% 100V
R413	63-1897	470K Ohm 10% 1/2W	C412	22-3652	.1 Mfd Disc 10V
R414	63-1789	1200 Ohm 10% ½W	C414	22-16	470 Pf Disc 500V
R415	63-1740	82 Ohm 10% ½W	C415 C417	22-5091	2 Mfd Electrolytic 15V
R416	63-1848	33K Ohm 10% ½W	C417	22-2939 22-4568	680 Pf Disc 500V 100 Mfd Electrolytic 15V
R417	63-1799	2200 Ohm 10% ½W	C422	22-3721	200 Mfd Electrolytic 35V
R418 R419	63-1827 63-1761	10K Ohm 10% ½W	C423	22-5884	.082 Mf Filmatic Cap. 10% 100V
R419	63-1768	270 Ohm 10% ½W 390 Ohm 10% ½W	C424	22-5640	.0056 Mfd Filmatic 100V
R421	63-1708	15 Ohm 10% ½W	C451	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V
R422	63-4501	1 Ohm 10% ½W	C452	22-5487	.47 Mfd Disc 3V
R423	63-1925	2.2 Megohm 10% ½W	C454	22-2884	5 Mfd Electrolytic 12V
R425	*63-7586	250K Balance Control	C457	22-5639	.22 Mfd Filmatic 100V
R452	63-1950	8.2 Megohm 10% ½W	C458	22-5814	.022 Mfd Filmatic 20% 100V
R455	63-1845	27K Ohm 10% 1/2W	C459	22-5883	.033 Mfd Filmatic 100V
R457	63-1789	1200 Ohm 10% ½W	C460	22-5640	.0056 Mfd Filmatic 100V
R459	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W	C461	22-5814	.022 Mfd Filmatic 20% 100V
R461	63-1820	6.8K Ohm 10% ½W	C462 C464	22-3652 22-16	.1 Mfd Disc 10V
R463	63-1897	470K Ohm 10% 1/2W	C465	22-16	470 Pf Disc 500V 2 Mfd Electrolytic 15V
R464	63-1789	1200 Ohm 10% ½W	C467	22-3091	680 Pf Disc 500V
R465	63-1740	82 Ohm 10% ½W	C470	22-4568	100 Mfd Electrolytic 15V
R466	63-1848	33K Ohm 10% ½W	C471	22-3661	.05 Mfd Disc 100V
R467 R468	63-1799 63-1827	2200 Ohm 10% ½W 10K Ohm 10% ½W	C472	22-3721	200 Mfd Electrolytic 35V
R469	63-1761	270 Ohm 10% ½W	C473	22-5884	.082 Mf Filmatic Cap. 10% 100V
R470	63-1768	390 Ohm 10% ½W	C474	22-5640	.0056 Mfd Filmatic 100V
R471	63-1708	15 Ohm 10% ½W	C501	22-4601	.01 Mfd Disc 1000V
R472	63-4501	1 Ohm 10% ½W	C502	22-4601	.01 Mfd Disc 1000V
R501	63-1796	1.8K Ohm 10% 1/2W	C503	22-5362	1000 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
R502	63-1912	1 Megohm 20% ½W	C505	22-4572	500 Mf Electrolytic 15V
CR401	103-145	Diode	R401	63-1880	180K Ohm 10%
CR451	103-145	Diode	R403 R404	63-1876 63-1883	150K Ohm 10% 220K Ohm 10%
CR501	212-71	Rectifier Diode	R405	63-1845	27K Ohm 10%
CR502	212-71	Rectifier Diode	R406	63-1758	220 Ohm 20%
A501	S-79577	A.C. Power Sub-Assembly	R407	63-1789	1200 Ohm 10%
SP1 SP2	49-1156	Poly-Planar Speaker	R408R)	l .	
SF Z	49-1156 12-4938	Poly-Planar Speaker Chassis Bracket	R408L	63-8310	50K Dual Loudness Control
	19-480	Cable Retaining Clip	R409	63-1827	10K Ohm 10%
	43-877	Three Contact Housing (Male)	R410R)	*63-8234	100K Dual Bass Control
	*52-1481	Three Conductor Cable (Approx. 10")			
	52-1483	Three Conductor Cable (Approx. 12")	R411	63-1831	12K Ohm 10%
	*52-1508	Two Conductor Shielded Lead	R412R		for p in it a
	54-808	Tinnerman Speed Nut (1 Used On Ea.	R412L j R413		50K Dual Treble Control
		114-1080)	R413	63-1908 63-1789	320K Ohm 10% 1200 Ohm 10%
	54-818	Tinnerman Speed Nut (8 required)	R415	63-1733	56 Ohm 10%
	58-315	Connector Plug (2 required)	R416	63-1753	43K Ohm 5%
	83-6769	Chassis Control Panel Strip	R417	63-1799	2200 Ohm 10%
	*83-6805	Four Lug Terminal Strip	R418	63-1838	18K Ohm 10%
	86-483 *02 1 92 2	Terminal - Male (3 required)	R419	63-1768	390 Ohm 10%
	*93-1833 *101-1288	Transistor Insulating Washer (2 required) Speaker Connection Label	R420	63-1768	390 Ohm 10%
	114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-	R421	63-1708	15 Ohm 10%
	114-001	Stat. Bronze (2 used on 83-6769 & 1 used	R422	63-4501	1 Ohm 10%
			R424	63-1835	15K Ohm 20%
	444.44	9n 83-6805)	R425	63-7571	250K Balance Control
	114-1080	4-24 x 7/16 x 3/16 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-	R426	63-1810	3900 Ohm 10%
		Stat. Bronze (1 used on ea. 121-709 &	R427	63-1813	4700 Ohm 10%
		121-710) (4 required)	R428	63-1827	10K Ohm 10%
	121-430	Transistor - Pre-Driver (2 required)	R451	63-1880	180K Ohm 10%
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ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.	PAH I NO.	DESCRIPTION
D452	62 1076	150V Ohm 10%	C414	22.16	470 Df Diag 500V
R453 R454	63-1876 63-1883	150K Ohm 10% 220K Ohm 10%	C414 C415	22-16 22-3687	470 Pf Disc 500V 1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
R455	63-1845	27K Ohm 10%	C417	22-2939	680 Pf Disc 500V
R456	63-1758	220 Ohm 20%	C420	22-4568	100 Mfd Electrolytic 15V
R457	63-1789	1200 Ohm 10%	C422	22-3721	200 Mfd Electrolytic 35V
R459	63-1827	10K Ohm 10%	C451	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V
R461	63-1831	12K Ohm 10%	C453	22-5	100 Pf Disc 500V
R463	63-1908	820K Ohm 10%	C454	22-3687	1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
R464	63-1789	1200 Ohm 10%	C457	22-5634	.1 Mfd Filmatic 200V
R465 R466	63-1733 63-1853	56 Ohm 10% 43K Ohm 5%	C459 C460	22-5473	.056 Mfd Filmatic 200V
R467	63-1799	2200 Ohm 10%	C461	22-5637 22-5632	.0047 Mfd Filmatic 200V .022 Mfd Filmatic 200V
R468	63-1838	18K Ohm 10%	C462	22-3652	.1 Mfd Disc 10V
R469	63-1768	390 Ohm 10%	C464	22-16	470 Pf Disc 500V
R470	63-1768	390 Ohm 10%	C465	22-3687	1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
R471	63-1708	15 Ohm 10%	C467	22-2939	680 Pf Disc 500V
R472	63-4501	1 Ohm 10%	C470	22-4568	100 Mfd Electrolytic 15V
R476	63-1810	3900 Ohm 10%	C472	22-3721	200 Mfd Electrolytic 35V
R477 R478	63-1813 63-1827	4700 Ohm 10% 10K Ohm 10%	C503 C504	22-5362	1000 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
R501	63-1799	2200 Ohm 10%	R402	22-5475 63-1950	500 Mfd Electrolytic 25V 8.2 Megohm ½W. 10%
R502	63-1933	3.3 Megohm 20%	R402 R405	63-1930	27K Ohm ½W. 10%
CR401	103-145	Diode	P407	62 1010	3900 Ohm ½W. 10%
CR451	103-145	Diode	R408(R)*63-8168	
CR501	212-71	Rectifier Diode	R408(L	j*63-8168	50K Dual Loudness Control
CR502	212-71	Rectifier Diode	R409	63-1827	10K Ohm 1/2W. 10%
T501	95-2649	Power Transformer	R411	63-1813	4700 Ohm ½W. 10%
P501	43-571	9 Contact Housing (Male)	R412(R)*63-7587	50K Dual Tone Control
P502	43-574	9 Contact Housing (Female) Function Switch			
S1 SP1	*85-1073 49-1159	Speaker (Right)	R413 R414	63-1897	470K Ohm ½W. 10%
SP2	49-1159	Speaker (Right) Speaker (Left)	R415	63-17 8 9 63-1740	1200 Ohm ½W. 10% 82 Ohm ½W. 10%
J1	44-78	Stereo Headphone Jack	R416	63-1848	33K Ohm ½W. 10%
• •	12-4938	Chassis Bracket	R417	63-1799	2200 Ohm ½W. 10%
	*12-5213	Switch Mounting Bracket	R418	63-1827	10K Ohm 1/2W. 10%
	19-480	Retaining Clip	R419	63-1761	270 Ohm ½W, 10%
	44-72	Speaker Jack	R420	63-1768	390 Ohm ½W. 10%
	44-77	Tape Jack	R421	63-1708	15 Ohm ½W. 10%
	*52-1614	Auxiliary Input Cable	R422 R423	63-4505	1.2 Ohm ½W. 10%
	*52-1615 *52-1616	Amplifier Input Cable Phono Input Cable	R425	63-1932 *63-7586	3.3 Megohm ½W. 10% 250K Balance Control
	54-139	$3/8-32 \times 9/16$ Palnut (1 used on ea. 63-7570,	R423	63-1950	8.2 Megohm ½W. 10%
	0 . 202	63-7571, 63-7573 & 63-8234 (4 required)	R455	63-1845	27K Ohm ½W, 10%
	54-334	Tinnerman Speed Nut (1 used on ea. 114-1080)	R457	63-1810	3900 Ohm 1/2W. 10%
		(4 required)	R459	53-1827	10K Ohm 1/2W, 10%
	54-818	Tinnerman Speed Nut (8 required)	R461	63-1813	4700 Ohm 1/2W. 10%
	*78-1889	Light Socket & Wire	R463	63-1897	470K Ohm ½W. 10%
	83-6769	Chassis Control Panel Strip	R464	63-1789	1200 Ohm ½W. 10%
	86-390 93-1833	Connector Terminal (9 required) Transistor Insulating Washer (2 required)	R465 R466	63-1740	82 Ohm ½W. 10%
	93-1834	Aluminum Heat Zinc Washer (2 required)	R467	63-1848 63-1799	33K Ohm ½W, 10% 2200 Ohm ½W, 10%
	100-249	Pilot Light (2 required)	R468	63-1827	10K Ohm ½W. 10%
	114-94	6-32 x ¼ Hex Hd. Machine Screw-Stat.	R469	63-1761	270 Ohm ½W. 10%
		Bronze (2 Join 85-1073 & 12-5213)	R470	63-1768	390 Ohm ½W. 10%
	114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-	R471	63-1708	15 Ohm ½W. 10%
		Stat. Bronze (2 used on 83-6769 & 1 used	R472	63-4505	1.2 Ohm ½W. 10%
	114 1000	on 12-5213) (3 required)	R501	63-1796	1.8K Ohm 1/2W. 10%
	114-1080	4-24 x 7/16 x 3/16 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw- Stat. Bronze (2 used on ea. 800-289)	CR401	103-145	Diode
		(4 required)	CR451 CR501	103-145 212-71	Diode Rectifier Diode
	121-433	Transistor - Pre-Amplifier (4 required)	CR501	212-71	Rectifier Diode
	121-706	Transistor - Driver (2 required)	A501	S-79577	A.C. Power Sub-Assy.
	*126-1414	Dial Light Shield	SP1	49-1167	Speaker 6 x 9
	800-289	Output Transistor Assem Matched Pair	SP2	49-1167	Speaker 6 x 9
		(2 required)	SP3	49-979	Speaker 3½
		CHASSIS 10ZT38	SP4	49-979	Speaker 3½
			Q401	121-433	Transistor, Pre-Amplifier
C401	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	Q402	121-430	Transistor, Pre-Driver
C403	22-5	100 Pf Disc 500V	Q403 Q404	121-706	Transistor, Driver
C404 C407	22-3687 22-5634	1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V .1 Mfd Filmatic 200V	Q404 Q405	800-270	Transistors, Output-Matched Pair (Consists of one 121-707and one
C407	22-5634	.056 Mfd Filmatic 200V	2.00		121-708)
C410	22-5637	.0047 Mfd Filmatic 200V	Q451	121-433	Transistor, Pre-Amplifier
C411	22•5632	.022 Mfd Filmatic 200Y	Q452	121-430	Transistor, Pre-Driver
C411	22-3652	.1 Mfd Disc 10V	Q453	121-706	Transistor, Driver
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^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

NO.	NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
Q454	800-270	Transistors, Output-Matched Pair		63-1803	2700 Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)
Q455	300-270	, (Consists of one 121-707 and one		63-1817	5600 Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (4 required)
	12-4938	121-708) Chassis Bracket		63-1834	15K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10 % (4 required)
	19-480	Cable Retaining Clip		63-1835 63-1841	15K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 20% 22K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
	43-877	Three Contact Housing (Male)		63-1845	27K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
	52-1481	Three Conductor Cable (Approx. 10")		63-1848	33K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)
	52-1483 *52-1508	Three Conductor Cable (Approx. 12") Two Conductor Shielded Lead (Part of		63-1876	150K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)
	32-1300	S-80215)		63-1883 79-174-12	220K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) No. 18 Sleeving - Yellow - 1½"
	54-334	Tinnerman Speed Nut (1 used on ea.		83-5328	Eleven Lug Terminal Strip
	50.215	114-1080)		83-5384	Six Lug Terminal Strip
	58-315 83-6769	Connector Plug (2 part of S-80215) Chassis Control Panel Strip		83-5648	Fourteen Lug Terminal Strip
	*83-6805	4 Lug Terminal Strip		83-6769 *83-6881	Chassis Control Panel Strip Terminal Board
	86-483	Terminal - Male (3 required)		86-388	Terminal (2 required)
	*93-1833	Transistor Insulating Washer (2 required)		86-483	Terminal - Male (8 required)
	93-1834 *101-1288	Aluminum Washer (2 required) Speaker Connection Label		86-496	Ground Terminal
	101-1288	Diode (2 required)		114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x ½ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw- Stat. Bronze (2 Mt. 83-6769)
	114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-		121-430	Transistor - Pre-Driver (2 required)
		Stat. Bronze (2 used on 83-6769 & 1 used on 83-6805)		*S-80716	Dual Shielded Lead & Terminal Assembly
	114-1080	4-24 x 7/16 x 3/16 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw- Stat. Bronze (1 used on ea. 800-270) (4 required)			CHASSIS 11ZT27 AMPLIFIER CHASSIS
	212-71	Silicon Rectifier (2 required)	C30	22-3687	1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
	S-79559	Power Cable & Terminal Assem.	C31 C32	22-3687	1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
	*S-80215	Shielded Lead & Plug Assem.	C32	22-3973 22-3973	100 Mfd Electrolytic 25V 100 Mfd Electrolytic 25V
		CHASSIS 11ZT27	C34	22-14	.0047 Mfd Disc 500V
		CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY	C35	22-5316	500 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
C1	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	C36	22-5316	500 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
C2	22-3595	.33 Mfd 50V	C37 C38	22-14 22-4617	.0047 Mfd Disc 500V .01 Mfd Disc 500V
C3	22-3687	1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V	C39	22-4617	.01 Mfd Disc 500V
C4	22-2939	680 Pf Disc 500V	C40	22-2655	.01 Mfd Disc 1000V
C5 C6	22-5207 22-3630	220 Pf Mica 100V .068 Mfd 50V	C41	22-5362	1000 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
C7	22-5207	220 Pf Mica 100V	C42 C43	22-5316 22-5167	500 Mfd Electrolytic 50V 1000 Mfd Electrolytic 30V
C8	22-3630	.068 Mfd 50V	Č44	22-3608	68 Pf Disc 500V
C9	22-2939	680 Pf Disc 500V	C45	22-3608	68 Pf Disc 500V
C10 C12	22-3595 22-3687	.33 Mfd 50V 1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V	C46	22-2376	47 Pf Disc 500V
C13	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	C47 C48	22-2376 22-3892	47 Pf Disc 500V .01 Mfd 100V
C14	22-4617	.01 Mfd Disc 500V	R5	63-6063	680 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W
C15	22-3355	330 Pf Disc 500V	R6	63-6063	680 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W
C16 C17	22-3355 22-5012	330 Pf Disc 500V .15 Mfd 50V	R7	63-6063	680 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W
C18	22-5012	.15 Mfd 50V	R8 R9	63-6063 63-5305	680 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W .51 Ohm Resistor 10% 5W
C19	22-17	.001 Mfd Disc 1000V	R10	63-5305	.51 Ohm Resistor 10% 5W
C20	22-3710	.22 Mfd 50V	R12	63-5305	.51 Ohm Resistor 10% 5W
C22 C23	22-3710 22-17	.22 Mfd 50V	R13	63-5305	.51 Ohm Resistor 10% 5W
C23	22-17 22-5439	.001 Mfd Disc 1000V .056 Mfd 50V	R14 R15	63-5600 63-5642	22 Ohm Resistor 10% 2W
C25	22-5439	.056 Mfd 50V	R16	63-6031	220 Ohm Resistor 10% 2W 120 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W
C26	22-13	.0033 Mfd Disc 500V	R17	63-6027	100 Ohm Resistor 20% 1W
C27 C28	22-5652	.027 Mfd 50V	R18	63-6027	100 Ohm Resistor 20% 1W
C29	22-5652 22-13	.027 Mfd 50V .0033 Mfd Disc 500V	R19 M1	63-6059 S80 <i>7</i> 09	560 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W Housing Wire & Terminal Assembly
R1A)	*63-6496	Dual Loudness Control	M2	S80703	Housing Shielded Lead & Terminal Assem.
R1B∫ R2A)			M3 M4	S80734 S80730	Housing Wire & Terminal Assembly Housing Wire & Terminal Assembly
R2B } R3A }	*63-7685	Dual Bass Control	M5	S75023	Three Conductor Cable & Housing Assem.
R3B }	*63-6499	Dual Treble Control	T1 T2	95-2475 95-2475	Driver Transformer Driver Transformer
R4	*63-6497 12-4938	Balance Control Chassis Bracket	T3	95-2476	Driver Transformer
	12 -4 936 19-448	Grounding Clip	J1 F1	44-78 136-24	Head Phono Jack 2 Amp Fuse
	19-480	Retaining Clip	SE1	212-61	Silicon Rectifier
	43-877	Three Contact Housing - Male	SE2	212-61	Silicon Rectifier
	43-1043	Nine Contact Housing - Male	SPK1	49-1116	6 ¹¹ PM Speaker
	*52-1526	Dual Shielded Lead	SPK2	49-1116	6" PM Speaker
	54-139	3/8 - 32 Palnut (1 used on ea. 63-6498,		11-87	A.C. Line Cord
	*57-6901	63-6496, 63-6497 & 63-6499) Bottom Plate		19-546 19-561	Capacitor Retaining Clip Capacitor Retaining Clip (4 required)

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ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	43-519	Socket Contact Housing (Male)	C210	22-5481	560 PF Disc 10% 500V
	43-874	Nine Contact Housing (Female)	C211	22-3770	5.5 PF Disc ±.25PF 500V
	43-876	Three Contact Housing (Female)	C212	22-3393	.01 Disc 25V
	52-1339 *52-1520	Three Conductor Cable - Phono (Approx. 26") Three Conductor Cable - Speaker (Approx. 20")	C213	22-2428	1.8 PF Gimmick 10% 500V 680 PF 10% 500V
	*52-1529 57-6328	Heat Sink Plate (2 required)	C214	22-5482 22-3034	.05 Disc 25V
	63-1757	220 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)	C215 C216	22-3034	.005 Disc 25V
	63-1771	470 Ohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)	C216 C217	22-3000	.001 Disc 25V
	63-1785	1000 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%	C217	22-3177	390 PF Disc 10% 500V
	63-1827 63-1862	10K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required) 68K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)	C219	22-3177	390 PF Disc 10% 500V
	63-1869	100K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)	C220	22-3896	5 MFD Electrolytic 25V
	63-1876	150K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (2 required)	C221	22-4754	10 MFD Electrolytic 6V
	63-1918	1.5 Megohm Resistor - 1/2W. 10% (2 required)	C222 C301	22-3033 22-5780	.02 Disc Cap 25V 270 PF 5% 500V
	63-1936	3.9 Megohm Resistor - ½W. 10%	C302	22-5781	1000 PF 5% 500V
	63-4533	5.6 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (4 required)	C303	22-5471	.47 10% 200V
	78-1812 79-174-34	Two Contact Transistor Socket (5 required) No. 18 Sleeving - Yellow - 4¼"	C304	22-5782	2200 PF 5% 500V
	*83-3404	Three Lug Terminal Strip	C305	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V .01 Disc 25V
	83-5277	Transistor Insulating Strip (3 part of 800-196)	C306 C307	22-3010 22-5782	2200 PF 5% 500V
	83-5385	Seven Lug Terminal Strip	C307	22-3762	.01 Disc 25V
	83-5391	Twenty Lug Terminal Strip (3 required)	C309	22-5781	1000 PF 5% 500V
	*83-6881 86-334	Fourteen Lug Terminal Strip Terminal (3 required)	C310	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V
	86-484	Terminal (11 required)	C311	22-3415	.0068 MF Disc 10% 25V
	86-496	Ground Terminal	C312	22-3034	.05 Disc 20% 25V 500 MF Electrolytic 15V
	112-1608	8-18 x 5/16 Phillips Pan Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-	C314 C362	22-4572 22-3034	.05 Disc 20% 25V
		Black Oxide (4 Mt. 95-2476)	C401	22-2729	.001 MF Disc 25V
	114-271	6-20 x ½ x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.	R1	63-1810	3.9K Ohm 10% 1/2W
		Bronze (2 used on ea. 800-196 & 2 used on 121-726)	R2	63-1761	270 Ohm 10% 1W
	114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.	R3	63-4196	1.8K Ohm 10% ¼W
		Bronze (1 used on ea. 95-2475)	R4 R5	63-1772 63-1898	470 Ohm 20% ½W 470K Ohm 20% ½W
	121-430	Transistor - Pre-Driver (2 required)	R6	63-1796	1.8K Ohm 10% ½W
	121-706	Transistor - Driver (2 required)	R7	63-1831	12K Ohm 10% 1/2W
	*121-726 125-140	Transistor (Power Supply Filter) Strain Relief Grommet	R8	63-4122	33 Ohm 10% ¼W
	205-51	Dow Corning Heat Conductive Grease (Part of	R9	63-1898	470K Ohm 20% ½W
		800-196)	R101	63-1831 63-1796	12K Ohm 10% ½W 1.8K Ohm 10% ½W
	800-196	Power Output Transistor Assembly - Matched Pair	R102 R103	63-1824	8.2K Ohm 10% ½W
		(2 required)	R104	63-1778	680 Qhm 10% ½W
		CHASSIS 11AT30	R105	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% 1/2W
01	22.2522		R201	63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C1 C2	22-3792 22-27 2 9	17 PF 5% Disc 500V .001 MF Disc 25V	R202	63-1761 63-1772	270 Ohm 10% ½W 470 Ohm 20% ½W
C3	22-5321	36 PF Disc 5% 500V	R203 R204	63-1772	3.3K Ohm 10% ½W
C4	22-4617	.01 Disc 500V	R205	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C5	22-4613	.001 Feedthru 500V	R206	63-1768	390 Ohm 10% ½W
C6	22-3541	3.3 PF Gimmick 5% 500V	R207	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C7	22-5485	1 PF Gimmick 5% 500V	R208	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W 470 Ohm 20% ½W
C8 C9	22-2481 22-4844	8 PF Disc 5% 500V .002 Feedthru 500V	R209 R210	63-1772 63-4185	1K Ohm 10% ¼W
C10	22-3034	.05 Disc 25V	R211	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C11	22-4613	.001 Feedthru 500V	R212	63-1772	470 Ohm 20% ½W
C12	22-3622	19 PF Disc Cap 5% 500V	R213	63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C13	22-4844	.002 Feedthru 500V	R214	63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C14	22-2513 22-3675	7 PF Disc 500V 10 PF Disc 500V	R215	63-1813	4700 Ohm 10% ½W 4700 Ohm 10% ½W
C15 C101A)	22-30/3	BC Ant. Trimmer	R216 C217	63-1813 63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C101B		BC Ant. Tuning	R218	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C101C	22-4843{	BC Osc. Tuning	R219	63-1845	27K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C101D)	Ţ	BC Osc. Trimmer	R220	63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C102	22-3033	.02 Disc 25V	R221	63-1810	3.9K Ohm 10% ½W 2.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C103	22-3034	.05 Disc 25V	R222	63-1803	47K Ohm 10% ½W
C104 C105	22-3393 22-5480	.01 Disc 25V 390 PF Mica 5% 100V	R301 R302	63-1855 63-1813	4.7K Ohn 10% ½W
C201	22-3480	2.7 Gimmick 10% 500V	R302 R303	63-1764	330 Ohm 10% ½W
C202	22-5483	.0015 Disc 10% 1KV	R305	63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C203	22-3652	.1 Disc 12V	R306	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% ½W
C204	22-5481	560 PF Disc 10% 500V	R307	63-1806	3.3K Ohm 10% ½W 100K Ohm 10% Pot. ½W
C205 C206	22-3010 22-3791	.01 Disc 25V 42 PF Disc 5% 500V	R308	63-6495 63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C206 C207	22-3791	2.4 PF Gimmick 10% 500V	R309 R310	63-1782	820 Ohm 10% ½W
C208	22-3034	.05 Disc 25V		63-1824	8.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C208 C209	22-3034	680 PF Disc 10% 500V	R311 R312	63-1824	560 Ohm 10% ½W
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ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R313	63-1764	330 Ohm 10% ½W		56-426	Roll Pin (Part of S-79746)
R314	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% ½W		58-315	Connector Plug (2 required)
R315	63-6066	820 Ohm 10% 1W		61-222	Idler Pulley (6 required)
R316	63-5652	390 Ohm 10% 2W		76-1141	Guide Shaft
R317	63-1782	820 Ohm 10% ¼W		76-1772	Tuning Shaft (Part of S-79746)
R318	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W		78-1784	Dial Light Socket & Wire (3 required)
R319	63-1825	9.1K Ohm 5% ½W 10K Ohm 5% ½W		80-209	Drive Cord Tension Spring (Gang)
R320 R401	63-1826 63-1898	470K Ohm 20% 1/2W		80-1140 80-1467	Drive Cord Tension Spring (Pointer)
L1	S-78099	FM Antenna Coil Assembly		80-1468	Retaining Spring Grounding Spring
L2	S-65043	FM Detector Coil Assembly		80-1951	Retaining Spring (Part of S-79746)
L3	20-1256	10.7 MHZ Trap Coil		83-4125	Two Lug Terminal Strip
L4	S-62887	FM Oscillator Coil Assembly		83-4590	Felt Strip
L101	S-77014	AM Antenna Assembly		83-5773	3 Lug Terminal Strip
L102	149-311	Iron Core Sleeve		83-6500	2 Lug Terminal Strip
L103 L104	In T101	AM Oscillator Trans. Pri. AM Oscillator Trans. Sec.		83-6557	Antenna Mtg. Strip
L104 L201	In T101 In T201	1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Pri.		83-6807 83-6900	14 Lug Terminal Strip Antenna Protection Strip
L201	In T201	1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Sec.		86-344	Connector Terminal (2 required)
L203	In T202	1st IF AM 455KHZ Pri.		86-388	Connector Terminal - Female (2 required)
L204	In T202	1st IF AM 455KHZ Sec.		86-390	Connector Terminal - Male (9 required)
L205	In T203	2nd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Pri.		86-398	Connector Terminal - Female (8 required)
L206	In T203	2nd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Sec.		86-441	Insulated Feed-Thru Terminal (2 required)
L207	In T204	2nd IF AM 455 KHZ		86-484	Connector Terminal - Female (7 required)
L208	In T205	3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Pri.		94-613	Iron Core Bushing (2 required)
L209 L210	In T205	3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Sec. 3rd IF AM 455 KHZ Pri.		94-1380 113-10	Insulating Bushing (2 required) 6-32 x 3/16 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Mach. Screw- N.P
L210 L211	In T206 In T206	3rd IF AM 455 KHZ Sec.		113-10	Internal Lockwasher Att. (4 Mt. 22-4843)
L212	In T207	Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHZ Pri.		114-26	8-18 x 1/4 x 1/4 Hex Hd, Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.
L213	In T207	Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHZ Tertiary		11.20	Bronze (2 join 12-4998 & S-79739 & 2 Mt.
L214	In T207	Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHZ Sec			S-79739)
L301	S-79435	67 KHZ Trap Coil		114-564	8-18 x 5/16 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.
SW1	85-1027	Bandswitch			Bronze (Used on 17-130)
T101	95-2544	AM Oscillator Transformer		114-651	8-15 x 5/16 x1/4 Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap.
T201 T202	95-2546 95-2541	FM 1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ AM 1st IF AM 455 KHZ			Screw-Stat. Bronze (Joins 17-135 & S-79739)
T202	95-2541 95-2547	FM 2nd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ		114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.
T204	95-2542	AM 2nd IF AM 455 KHZ			Bronze (2 used on S-79740 & 12-4889)
T205	95-2548	FM 3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ			(4 required)
T206	95-2543	AM 3rd IF AM 455 KHZ		114-802	8-18 x 5/16 x 1/4 Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
T207	95-2545	FM Ratio Detector 10.7 MHZ			Stat. Bronze (2 used on 94-1380)
T301	S-79438	Input Coil 19 KHZ		114-803	6-20 x 1/4 x 1/4 Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
T302	S-79436	Doubler Coil 19 KHZ			Stat. Bronze (4 join S-79739 & Multiplex Assem.)
T303 CR1	S-79437	Detector Coil 38 KHZ AFC Diode		121-612	Transistor - R.F. (FM)
CR101	103-47 103-74	Germanium Diode		121-613	Transistor - Autodyne Converter (FM)
CR201	103-74	Germanium Diode		125-26	Rubber Grommet
CR202	103-90}			126-1297 149-368	Tuner Shield Iron Core & Spring
CR203	103-90 }	Germanium Diodes (Matched Pair)		149-385	Iron Core & Spring
CR301	103-23	Germanium Diodes (Matched Pair)		S-79739	Bracket & Pulley Assem. (L. H.)
CR302	103-23∫	•		S-79740	Bracket & Pulley Assem. (R. H.)
CR305	103-96	Zener Diode		S-79746	Bracket, Drive Shaft & Iron Core Assem.
Z301	105-107	38 KHZ Filter		S-79776	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. (Gang)
Z351 PL1	105-107 100-451	38 KHZ Filter Stereo Ind. Light		S-79777	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. (Pointer)
PL2	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847		S-79778	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. (Pointer)
PL3	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847		S-81430 S-81979	Dial Light Shield & Terminal Strip Assem. Shield Lead & Plug Assem.
PL4	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847		3-01979	Sincia Lead & Flug Assein.
	12-4009	Tuner Bracket			CHASSIS 11AT30
	12-4758	Coil Mtg. Bracket		I.F.	ASSEMBLY COMPONENTS
	12-4889	Dial Background Mtg. Bracket			4 Conductor Cable
	12-4998	Bracket		52-1443 64-1002	Brass Eyelet - American Brass No. SE55
	17-130	Clamp		04-1002	(6 required)
	17-135 19-322	Clamp Coil Mtg. Clip (1 used on ea. S-62887,		86-398	Connector Terminal (Female)
	13-322	S-65043 & S-78099)		121-257	Transistor - Converter (AM)
	19-448	Ground Clip		121-546	Transistor - 2nd & 3rd I.F. (2 required)
	19-480	Retaining Clip		121-614	Transistor - 1st I.F.
	22-4572	500 MF Electrolytic Capacitor - 15V.			
	24-1621	Tuner Cover			CHASSIS 11AT30
	43-571	Teffhihal Housing (9 Contact)		MALLI TIDI	LEX ASSEMBLY COMPONENTS
	43-874	Terminal Housing (9 Contact)			
	52-1489	Two Conductor Shielded Lead		22-5018	.47 MF Capacitor - 50V.
	52-1490	Two Conductor Shielded Lead		63-1799	2200 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%
	52-1571	Two Conductor Shielded Cable		64-1033	Grip Eyelet (21 required) Connector Pin (14 required)
	54-139	3/8-32 Palnut (Used on 85-1027)		86-500	Connector i in (17 lequitet)

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ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	121-639	Transistor - Comp. AM., 19 KHZ Amp., 38 KHZ	C457	22-5634	.1 Mfd 200V
	121 037	Amp. & Stereo Indicator Switch (4 required)	C458	22-5056	.02 Mfd 25V
	*121-762	Transistor	C459	22-5633	.15 Mfd 200V
	126-1336	Coil Shield	C460	22-3687	1.0 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
	126-1347	Heat Shield	C461	22-2376	47 Pf Disc 500V
	*S-84181	Multiplex Detector Coil Assem.	C462	22-5315	300 Mfd Electrolytic 35V
		•	C501	22-4617	.01 Mfd Disc 500V
	CHASSIS	20AT21 & 20AT21Z	C502	22-4617	.01 Mfd Disc 500V
C101A	١	BC Antenna Trimmer	C503	22-5650	2000 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
C101B		BC Antenna Tuning	C504	22-5650	2000 Mfd Electrolytic 50V
C101C	22-5649	BC Oscillator Tuning	C505	22-5167	1000 Mfd Electrolytic 30V
C101D	J	BC Oscillator Trimmer	C506	22-3973	100 Mfd Electrolytic 25V
C102	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	C507	22-4617	.01 Mfd Disc 500V .01 Mfd Disc 500V
C103	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	C508	22-4617	
C104	22-3393	.01 Mfd Disc 25V	C413 C463	22-2939 22-2939	680 Pf 500V 680 Pf 500V
C105	22-5480	390 Pf Mica 5% 100V	R101	63-1831	12K Ohm 10% ½W
C201	22-3310	2.7 Pf Gimmick 10% 500V	R101 R102	63-1651	1.8K Ohm 10% ½W
C202	22-5483	.0015 Mfd Disc 500V	R102	63-1831	12K Ohm 10% ½W
C203	22-5251	.15 Mfd Disc 12V	R104	63-1782	820 Ohm 10% ½W
C204	22-5481	560 Pf Disc 500V	R105	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C205	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	R201	63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C206	22-3791	42 Pf Disc 5% 500V	R202	63-1761	270 Ohm 10% ½W
C207	22-5479	2.4 Pf Gimmick 10% 500V	R203	63-1772	470 Ohm 20% ½W
C208	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	R204	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C209	22-5482	680 Pf Disc 500V	R205	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C210	22-5486	10 Mfd Electrolytic 3V	R206	63-1820	6.8K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C211	22-5481	560 Pf Disc 10% 500V	R207	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C212	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	R208	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% ½W
C213	22-2397	100 Pf Disc 500V	R209	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C214	22-5482	680 Pf Disc 500V	R210	63-1897	470K Ohm 10% ½W
C215	22-3400	3.9 Pf Gimmick 500V	R211	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C216 C217	22-3393 22-3034	.01 Mfd Disc 25V .05 Mfd Disc 25V	R212	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C217	22-3034	1.8 Pf Gimmick 500V	R213	63-1841	22K Ohm 10% ½W
C218	22-2426	.0022 Mfd Disc 500V	R214	63-4185	1K Ohm 10% ¼W
C219	22-5659	5 Mfd Electrolytic 12V	R215	63-1775	560 Ohm 10% ½W
C221	22-5037	.005 Mfd Disc 25V	R216	63-1834	15K Ohm 10% ½W
C222	22-3177	390 Pf Disc 500V	R217	63-1814	4.7K Ohm 20% 1/2W
C223	22-3177	390 Pf Disc 500V	R218	. 63-6495	100K Potentiometer
C224	22-3896	5 Mfd Electrolytic 25V	R219	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% ½W
C225	22-3033	.02 Mfd Disc 25V	R220	63-1772	470 Ohm 20% ½W
C226	22-5229	.0022 Disc 500V	R221 R222	63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C227	22-5229	.0022 Disc 500V	R222 R223	63-1778 63-1813	680 Ohm 10% ½W 4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C301	22-2729	.001 Mfd Disc 25V	R223	63-1813	4.7K Ohn 10% ½W
C302	22-3424	270 Pf Mica 100V	R225	63-1852	39K Ohm 10% ½W
C303	22-3366	1000 Pf Mica 100V	R226	63-1834	15K Ohm 10% ½W
C304	22-5471	.47 Mfd 200V	R227	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C305	22-3635	2200 Pf Mica 300V	R228	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C306	22-3896	5 Mfd Electrolytic 25V	R229	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C307	22-3393	.01 Mfd Disc 25V	R301	63-1911	1 Megohm 10% ½W
C308	22-3635	2200 Pf Mica 300V	R302	63-1817	5.6K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C309	22-13	.0033 Mfd Disc 500V	R303	63-1768	390 Ohm 10% ½W
C310 C311	22-3896 22-3613	5 Mfd Electrolytic 25V 1000 Pf Mica 100V	R304	63-1859	56K Ohm 10% ½W
C311	22-3313	1000 Pf Mica 100 V	R305	63-1806	3.3K Ohm 10% ½W
C312	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	R306	63-1792	1.5K Ohm 10% ½W
C351	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	R307	63-1 <i>7</i> 71	470 Ohm 10% ½W
C401	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25 V	R308	63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C401	22-3687	1.0 Mfd Electrolytic 50V	R309	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% ½W
C402	22-5471	.47 Mfd 200V	R310	63-6495	100K Potentiometer
C404	22-3255	330 Pf Disc 500V	R311	63-1782	820 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C405	22-5633	.15 Mfd 200V	R312	63-1824	8.2K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C406	22-5635	.0068 Mfd 100V	R313	63-1775	560 Ohm 10% ½W
C407	22-5634	.1 Mfd 200V	R314	63-1806	3.3K Ohm 10% ½W
C408	22-5056	.02 Mfd 25V	R315	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% ½W
C409	22-5633	.15 Mfd 200V	R316	63-4533	5.6 Ohm 10% ½W
C410	22-3687	1.0 Mfd Electrolytic 50V	R317	63-5666	820 Ohm 10% 2W
C411	22-2376	47 Pf Disc 500V	R318	63-6045	270 Ohm 10% 1W
C412	22-5315	300 Mfd Electrolytic 35V	R319 R401	63-1848 63-1883	33K Ohm 10% ½W 220K Ohm 10% ½W
C451	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	R401 R402	63-1880	180K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C452	22-3687	1.0 Mfd Electrolytic 50V	R402 R403	63-1883	220K Ohm 10% ½W
C453	22-5471	.47 Mfd 200V	R403	63-1855	47K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C454	22-3255	330 Pf Disc 500V			
Ċ455	22-5633	.15 Mfd 200V	R405	63-1848	33K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C455	22-5635	.0068 Mfd 100V	R406	63-1792	1.5K Ohm 10% ½W
2400	22 3033				

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

NO.	PAKI NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R407R)	63-7563	50K Dual Loudness Control	T202	95-2541	1st I.F. Transformer Coil (AM)
R407L J R408	63-1792	1.5K Ohm 10% ½W	T203	95-2547 95-2542	2nd I.F. Transformer Coil (FM) 2nd I.F. Transformer Coil (AM)
R409R)			T204 T205	95-2548	3rd I.F. Transformer Coil (FM)
R409L)	63-7584	250K Dual Treble Control	T206	95-2543	3rd I.F. Transformer Coil (AM)
R410 R411R \	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W	T207 T301	95-2545 *S-79438	Ratio Detector Mx Input Coil Assembly
R411L∫	63-7564	250K Dual Bass Control	T302	S-79436	Mx Doubler Coil Assembly
R412 R413	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W	T303	S-79437	Mx Detector Coil Assembly
R413 R414	63-1873 63-1747	120K Ohm 10% ½W 120 Ohm 10% ½W	T401 T451	95-2637 95-2637	Driver Transformer Driver Transformer
R415	63-1834	15K Ohm 10% 1/2W	T501	95-2655	Power Transformer
R416 R417	63-1743 63-1855	100 Ohm 10% ½W 47K Ohm 10% ½W	CR101	103-74	Germanium Diode
R417	63-1852	39K Ohm 10% ½W	CR201 CR202	103-23 103-23	Germanium Diode Germanium Diode
R419	63-6063	680 Ohm 10% 1W	CR203	103-23	Germanium Diode
R420 R421	63-4533 63-4533	5.6 Ohm 10% ½W	CR204	103-90	Matched Pair Diode Matched Pair Diode
R421	63-6063	5.6 Ohm 10% ½W 680 Ohm 10% 1W	CR205 CR301	103-90 103-23	Germanium Diode
R423	63-5944	1 Ohm 10% 1W	CR302	103-23	Germanium Diode
R424 R425	63-5944 63-1834	1 Ohm 10% 1W	CR303	103-23 103-23	Germanium Diode Germanium Diode
R425 R426	63-7680	15K Ohm 10% ½W 150K Balance Control	CR351 CR501	212-71	Silicon Rectifier
R427	63-1911	1 Megohm 10% ½W	CR502	212-71	Silicon Rectifier
R451	63-1883	220K Ohm 10% ½W	CR503	103-96 100-384	Zener Diode Stereo Pilot Indicator
R452 R453	63-1880 63-1883	180K Ohm 10% ½W 220K Ohm 10% ½W	DS301 TB501	S-80050	Cable & Housing Assembly (Phono A.C.)
R454	63-1855	47K Ohm 10% ½W	DS501	100-249	Pilot Light
R455	63-1848	33K Ohm 10% ½W	DS502	100-249 100-249	Pilot Light Pilot Light
R456 R458	63-1792 63-1792	1.5K Ohm 10% ½W 1.5K Ohm 10% ½W	DS503 DS504	100-249	Pilot Light
R460	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W	DS505	100-249	Pilot Light
R462	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% 1/2W	DS506	100-249 105-78	Pilot Light R/C Network
R463 R464	63-1873 63-1747	120K Ohm 10% ½W 120 Ohm 10% ½W	Z301	11-106	Line Cord
R465	63-1834	15K Ohm 10% ½W		12-4954	Transistor Mtg. Bracket (2 required)
R466	63-1743	100 Ohm 10% ½W		12-4956	Antenna Mtg. Bracket
R467 R468	63-1855 63-1852	47K Ohm 10% ½W 39K Ohm 10% ½W		12-4959 12-4968	Transistor Mtg. Bracket Switch Mtg. Bracket
R469	63-6063	680 Ohm 10% 1W		12-4976	Chassis Mtg. Bracket (Right Side)
R470	63-4533	5.6 Ohm 10% 1/2W		12-4977	Chassis Mtg. Bracket (Left Side)
R471 R472	63-4533 63-6063	5.6 Ohm 10% 1W 680 Ohm 10% 1W		12-4983 *15-256	Bracket Pointer Cap
R473	63-5944	1 Ohm 10% 1W		17-135	Plastic Clamp
R474	63-5944	1 Ohm 10% 1W		17-141	Plastic Clamp
R501 R502	63-1910 63-6424	1 Meg Ohm 20% ½W 1 Ohm 10% 5W		17-236 19-448	Plastic Clamp Grounding Clip (2 required)
R502	63-5642	220 Ohm 10% 2W		19-480	Wire Retaining Clip (2 required)
R504	63-1757	220 Ohm 10% ½W		19-485	Tinnerman Speed Clip
L1 L2	In T101 In T101	Osc. Coil Pri. 455 KHz Osc. Coil Sec. 455 KHz		19-492 24-1670	Wire Retaining Clip (2 required) Tuner Cover
L3	In T202	1st I.F. Pri. 455 KHz		26-1748	Dial Scale (20AT21Z)
L4	In T202	1st I.F. Sec. 455 KHz		26-1749 43-519	Dial Scale (20AT21) Housing
L5 L6	In T203 In T203	2nd I.F. Pri. 10.7 MHz 2nd I.F. Sec. 10.7 MHz		46-7263	Balance Control Knob
L7	In T204	2nd I.F. 455 KHz		46-7264	Stereo-Monaural Knob
L8	In T205	3rd I.F. Pri. 10.7 MHz		46-7333 46-7334	Control Knob - Loudness - Bass - Treble (20AT21) Tuning Knob
L9 L10	In T205 In T206	3rd I.F. Sec. 10.7 MHz 3rd I.F. Pri. 455 KHz		46-7335	Bandswitch Knob (20AT21)
L10 L11	In T206	3rd I.F. Sec. 455 KHz		*46-7336	Control Knob-Loudness-Bass-Treble (20AT21Z)
L12	In T207	Ratio Det. Pri. 10.7 MHz		46-7337 52-1445	Bandswitch Knob (20AT21Z) 4 Conductor Cable (Approx. 5 ½")
L13 L14	In T207 In T301	Ratio Det. Sec. 10.7 MHz Mx Input Pri.		52-1497	Two Conductor Shielded Cable
L14	In T301	Mx Input Sec.		52-1498	Two Conductor Shielded Cable
L16	In T302	Mx Doubler Pri.		52-1500	Three Conductor Cable (Approx. 24")
L17	In T302	Mx Doubler Sec.		52-1501 *52-1610	Three Conductor Cable (Approx. 20") Two Conductor Shielded Cable
L18 L19	In T303 In T303	Mx Det. Pri. Mx Det. Sec.		*52-1611	Two Conductor Shielded Cable
L101	S-77014	Am Antenna Assembly		54-139	3/8-32 x 9/16 Palnut - Cadmium (1 used on ea.
L102	149-311	Ferrite Sleeve		54-634	63-7563, 63-7564, 63-7584 & 85-1029) Tinnerman Speed Nut (6 used on 126•1363)
L301	S-79435	Multiplex Trap Coil Assembly		J ∓® J₹ 54-812	Tinnerman Speed Nut (10 fequired)
S301 S501	85-1032 85-1029	Mono- Stereo Switch Bandswitch		54-813	Tinnerman Speed Nut (4 used on 83-6899)
S501 S501D	03-1047	A.C. Switch (Part Of Bandswitch)		57-6830	Background Plate
T101	95-2544	Oscillator Coil (AM)		*57-7152	Die-Cast Escutcheon (20AT21Z)

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	*57-7153	Die-Cast Escutcheon (20AT21)		192-450	Light-Up Bar (20AT21Z)
	58-315	Connector Plug (2 required)		192-451	Light-Up Bar (20AT21)
	*59-1000	Dial Pointer		192-453	Light-Up Bar (Tuning Control)
	78-1815	Dial Light Socket & Wire (2 required)		*192-465	Dial Crystal (20AT21)
	78-1816	Dial Light Socket & Wire		*192-466	Dial Crystal (20AT21Z)
	78-1819	Dial Light Socket & Wire (3 required)		205-51	Dow Corning Heat Conductive Grease
	78-1820	Stereo Indicator Light Socket & Wire		*S-79987	FM Tuner Assem. (See FM Tuner Parts List For
	80-209	Drive Cord Tension Spring		40.05544	Components)
	80-1140	Drive Cord Tension Spring		*S-80044	Switch & Bracket Assem.
	82-148	Ground Strip (I.F.)		*S-80098	Pointer Guide Rail Assem.
	83-6834 83-6835	Retainer Strip Slider Bearing (2 required)		*S-80100 *S-80101	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem.
	83-6874	4 Lug Terminal Strip		S-80101	Indicator Disc Assem. (3 required) (20AT21)
	83-6885	Cable Retaining Strip (2 required)		S-80105	Indicator Disc Assem. (20AT21)
	83-6899	Glass Channel Strip (2 required)		S-80127	Indicator Disc Assem. (3 required) (20AT21Z)
	83-6993	Rubber Strip (2 required)		S-80128	Indicator Disc Assem. (20AT21Z)
	*83-7148	Trim Strip (20AT21)		*S-80295	Reflector Bracket & Terminal Strip
	*83-7150	Trim Strip (20AT21Z)		S-81484	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem.
	*83-7190	Trim Strip (20AT21)		*S-82377	Background Plate & Bracket Assem.
	86-199	Connector Terminal (2 required)			01140010 004700 0 0047007
	86-334	Connector Terminal (3 required)			CHASSIS 20AT30 & 20AT30Z
	86-344	Connector Terminal (5 required)	CIA		F.M. Detector Trimmer
	86-388	Connector Terminal (4 required)	CIB		F.M. Detector Tuning
	86-398	Connector Terminal (3 required)	CIC		F.M. Oscillator Tuning
	86-500	Terminal - Test Point (15 required)	CID	22-5812	A.M. Antenna Trimmer
	*93-1301 *93-1831	Felt Washer (2 required)	CIE		A.M. Antenna Tuning
	93-1832	Washer (3 required) Washer	CIF		A.M. Oscillator Tuning
	94-1381	Insulating Bushing (4 required)	CIG		A.M. Oscillator Trimmer
	113-8	6-32 x ½ x ½ Hex Hd, Mach, Screw-N.P	C2	22-2513	7PF Disc 500V
	115-0	Internal Shakeproof Lockwasher (2 used on	C3	22-2729	.001 Mfd Disc 25V
		12-4956) (4 required)	C4	22-3792	17Pf Disc 5% 500V
	113-10	6-32 x 3/16 x ½ Hex Hd. Mach. Screw-N.P	C5 C6	22-3675	10Pf Disc 5% 500V
		Internal Shakeproof Lockwasher (3 required)	C7	22-3393 22-3541	.01 Mfd Disc 25V 3.3Pf Gimmick 5% 500V
	114-26	8-18 x ¼ x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.	C8	22-3558	16Pf Disc 5% 500V
		Bronze (3 used on ea. 12-4976 & 12-4977	C9	*22-5879	3.3Pf Disc + .25Pf 50V
		& 4 Mt. S-82377)	C10	22-2729	.001 Mfd Disc 25V
	114-477	8-15 x 3/8 Hex Slotted Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.	C11	*22-5878	5.5Pf Disc + .5Pf 25V
		Bronze - Flat Washer Att. (2 required)	C12	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V
	114-605	4-24 x 5/16 x 3/16 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-	C13	22-4855	1.7 to 10Pf Ceramic Trimmer
		Cadmium (4 used on 63-7680)	C14	22-3393	.01 Mfd Disc 25V
	114-654	6-20 x 3/8 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.	C102	22-3033	.02 Mfd Disc 25V
	114 001	Bronze (8 required)	C103	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V
	114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.	C104	22-3393	.01 Mfd Disc 25V
	114-803	Bronze 6-20 x ¼ x ¼ Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-	C105	22-5480	390Pf Mica 5% 100V
	114-003	Stat. Bronze (2 used on ea. 121-418, 95-2637	C201	22-3310	2.7Pf Gimmick 500V
		& 1 Mts. ea. 12-4983, 17-135 & 17-236 &	C202	22-5483	.0015 Mfd Disc 500V
		3 used on ea. 24-1670 & 85-1029) (15 required)	C203	22-3652	.1 Mfd Disc 10V
	114-809	8-18 x 3/16 x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.	C204 C205	22-5481 22-3034	560 Pf Disc 500V
		Bronze (2 required)	C206	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V 42Pf Disc 5% 500V
	114-900	8-18 x 7/16 x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.	C207	22-3310	2.7 Pf Gimmick 500V
		Bronze (4 used on 57-7153)	C208	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V
	121-257	Transistor - A.M. Conv.	C209	22-5482	680 Pf Disc 500V
	121-418	Transistor - Output - Matched Pair (2 required)	C210	22-5481	560 Pf Disc 500V
	121-430	Transistor - Pre-Driver (2 required)	C211	*22-3770	5.5 Pf Disc 500V
	121-433	Transistor - Pre-Amp. (2 required)	C212	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V
	121-546	Transistor - F.M. & A.M. 2nd I.F. & FM 3rd.	C213	22-2428	1.8 Pf Gimmick 500V
	101 (14	I.F. (2 required)	C214	22-5482	680 Pf Disc 500V
	121-614 121-639	Transistor - FM & AM 1st I.F.	C215	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V
	121-039	Transistor - Comp. Amp., 19 KHz Amp.	C216	22-3080	.005 Mfd Disc 25V
	121-706	38 KHz Amp. & Stereo Ind. Switch (4 required) Transistor - Driver (2 required)	C217	22-2729	.001 Mfd Disc 25V
	125-62	Grommet (2 used on 192-453)	C218	22-3177	390 Pf Disc 500V
	125-140	Strain Relief Grommet	C219	22-3177	390 Pf Disc 500V
	126-1336	Shield (Multiplex Trap Coil)	C220	22-3896	5 Mfd Electrolytic 25V
	126-1361	Shield (Multiplex)	C221 C222	22-5486	10 Mfd Electrolytic 6V
	126-1362	Shield (Audio)	C222	22-3415 22-3034	.0068 Mfd 25V .05 Mfd Disc 25V
	126-1363	Balance Control Shield	C224	22-3034	.0047 Mfd 500V
	126-1372	Stereo Pilot Light Shield	C225	22-14	.0047 Mfd 500V
	126-1402	Light Shield	C227	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V
	126-1418	Pilot Light Shield	C301	*22-5780	270 Pf Polystyrene 5% 500 V
	159-183	Plug Button	C302	*22-5781	1000 Pf Polystyrene 5% 500V
	188-441	Clamping Ring (1 used on ea. S-80104, 1 used on	C303	*22-5638	.47 Mfd 100V
		S-80105 & 1 part of ea. 46-7333, 46-7334,		22-5782	.4 / MIU 100 V 2200 Pf Polystyrene 5% 500 V
		& 46-7335)	C304 C305	22-3782	5 Mfd Electrolytic 12V
*Denot	ee narte not no	eviously used in Zanith receivers	-500		

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM PART NO. NO.	DESCRIPTION
			E213 63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C306	22-3393	.01 Mfd Disc 25V	R214 63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C307 C308	22-5782 *22-5781	2200 Pf Polystyrene 5% 500V 1000 Pf Polystyrene 5% 500V	R215 63-1813	4700 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C309	22-3781	.01 Mfd Disc 25V	R216 63-1813	4700 Ohm 10% ½W
C310	*22-5781	1000 Pf Polystyrene 5% 500V	R217 63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C311	22-2884	5 Mfd Electrolytic 12V	R218 63-1869 R219 63-1841	100K Ohm 10% ½W 22K Ohm 10% ½W
C312	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	E220 63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C351 C401	22-3034 22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V .05 Mfd Disc 25V	R221 63-1834	15K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C401	22-5487	.47 Mfd Disc 3V	R222 63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C403	22-5	100 Pf Disc 500V	R223 63-1904 R224 63-1898	680K Ohm 10% ½W 470K Ohm 20% ½W
C404	22-2884	5 Mfd Electrolytic 12V	R225 63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C405	22-3255	330 Pf Disc 500V	R301 63-1855	47K Ohm 10% ½W
C406 C407	22-2939 22-5639	680 Pf Disc 500V .22 Mfd 10% 100V	R302 63-1817	5.6K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C408	*22-5814	.022 Mfd 20% 100V	R303 63-1768	390 Ohm 10% ½W
C409	*22-5815	.056 Mfd 10% 100V	R304 63-1803 R305 63-1813	2.7K Ohm 10% ½W 4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C410	22-18	.0022 Mfd Disc 500V	R306 63-1771	4.7 K Oldii 10% 72W 470 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C411	*22-5814	.022 Mfd 20% 100V	R307 63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C412 C414	22-3652 22-16	.1 Mfd Disc 10V 470 Pf Disc 500V	R308 63-6495	100K Mute Control
C415	22-3687	1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V	R309 63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C417	22-2939	680 Pf 500V	R310 63-1782	820 Ohm 10% ½W
C420	22-4568	100 Mfd Electrolytic 15V	R311 63-1848 R312 63-1824	33K Ohm 10% ½W 8.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C422	22-3721	200 Mfd Electrolytic 35V	R312 63-1824 R313 63-1775	560 Ohm 10% ½W
C451	22-3034	.05 Mfd Disc 25V	R314 63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C452 C453	22-5487 22-5	.47 Mfd Disc 3V 100 Pf Disc 20% 500V	R315 63-1771	470 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C454	22-2884	5 Mfd Electrolytic 12V	R317 63-6066	820 Ohm 10% 1W
C455	22-3255	330 Pf Disc 500V	R318 63-6045	270 Ohm 10% 1W
C456	22-2939	680 Pf Disc 500V	R401 63-1880 R403 63-1876	180K Ohm 10% ½W 150K Ohm 10% ½W
C457	22-5639	.22 Mfd 10% 100V	R403 03-1876 R404 63-1883	220K Ohm 10% ½W
C458	*22-5814	.022 Mfd 20% 100V	R405 63-1845	27K Ohm 10% ½W
C459 C460	*22-5815 22-18	.056 Mfd 10% 100V .0022 Mfd Disc 500V	R406 63-1848	33K Ohm 10% ½W
C461	*22-16 *22-5814	.022 Mfd 20% 100V	R407 63-1810	3.9K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C462	22-3652	.1 Mfd Disc 10V	R408(R) 63-7683	50K Dual Loudness Control
C464	22-16	470 Pf Disc 500V	R408(L) 63-7683 R409 63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W
C465	22-3687	1 Mfd Electrolytic 50V	R410(R) R410(L) *63-7683	
C467	22-2939	680 Pf Disc 500V	R410(L)*63-7683	100K Dual Bass Control
C470 C472	22-4568 22-3721	100 Mfd Electrolytic 15V 200 Mfd Electrolytic 35V	R411 63-1820	6.8K Ohm 10% 1/2 W
C501	22-4617	.01 Mfd Disc 500V	R412(R) R412(L)*63-7681	Dual Treble Control
C502	22-4617	.01 Mfd Disc 500V	R412(L) 163-7681 R413 63-1897	470K Ohm 10% ½W
C503	22-5362	1000 Mfd Electrolytic 50V	R413 03-1897 R414 63-1789	1200 Ohm 10% ½W
C504	22-4572	500 Mfd Electrolytic 15V	R415 63-1740	82 Ohm 10% ½W
C505	22-4572	500 Mfd Electrolytic 15V .05 Mfd 100V	R416 63-1853	43K Ohm 5% 1/2W
C506 C510	22-3661 22-2655	.01 Mfd Disc Cap 1.4 K.V.	R417 63-1799	2200 Ohm 10% 1/2W
R1	63-1768	390 Ohm 10% ½W	R418 63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W
R2	63-4213	4.7K Ohm 10% ¼W	R419 63-1768 R420 63-1768	390 Ohm 10% ½W 390 Ohm 10% ½W
R3	63-1772	470 Ohm 20% ½W	R421 63-1708	15 Ohm 10% 1/2W
R4	63-1796	1.8K Ohm 10% ½W	R422 63-4501	1 Ohm 10% ½W
R5 R6	63-4196 63-1831	1.8K Ohm 10% ¼W 12K Ohm 10% ½W	R424 63-1835	15K Ohm 20% 1/2W
R7	63-1898	470K Ohm 20% ½W	R425 *63-7684	250K Balance Control & Switch
R8	63-4122	33 Ohm 10% ¼W.	R451 63-1880 R453 63-1876	180K Ohm 10% ½W
R9	63-1898	470K Ohm 20% ½W	R454 63-1883	150K Ohm 10% ½W 220K Ohm 10% ½W
R10	63-1898	470K Ohm 20% ½W	R455 63-1845	27K Ohm 10% 1/2W
R101 R102	63-1831 63-1803	12K Ohm 10% ¼W. 2.7K Ohm 10% ¼W	R456 63-1848	33K Ohm 10% ½W
R102	63-1831	12K Ohm 10% ½W	R457 63-1810	3.9K Ohm 10% 1/2W
R104	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% 1/2W	R459 63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W
R105	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W	R461 63-1820 R463 63-1897	6.8K Ohm 10% ½W 470K Ohm 10% ½W
R201	63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W	R464 63-1789	1200 Ohm 10% ½W
R202	63-1761	270 Ohm 10% 1/2W	R465 63-1740	82 Ohm 10% ½W
R203 R204	63-1772 63-1806	470 Ohm 20% ½W 3.3K Ohm 10% ½W	R466 63-1853	43K Ohm 5% 1/2W
R204	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W	R467 63-1799	2200 Ohm 10% ½W
R206	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% ½W	R468 63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W
R207	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R469 63-1768	390 Ohm 10% ½W
R207	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W	R470 63-1768	390 Ohm 10% 1/2W
R209	63-1772	470 Ohm 20% ½W	R471 63-1708 R472 63-4501	15 Ohm 10% ½W
R210	63-4185	1K Ohm 10% ¼W	R472 63-4501 R501 63-5659	1 Ohm 10% ½W 560 Ohm 10% 2W
R211	63-1775	560 Ohm 10% ½W	R502 63-1701	10 Ohm 10% ½W
R212	63-1772	470 Ohm 20% ½W	R503 63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W
*Deno	tes parts not	previously used in Zenith receivers.		

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	R506	63-1933	3.3 Megohm 20% 1/2W	Q454 \		Transistor, Output - NPN (121-710)
	L1	*20-1744	FM Antenna Coil	Q455	800-289	Transistor, Output - PNP (121-709)
	L2	*20-1648	FM RF Coil	• •	*12-5166	Dial Background Mtg. Bracket
1	L3	20-1256	Trap Coil 10.7 MHZ		*12-5169	Bandswitch & Tuning Bracket
,	L4	*20-1649	FM Oscillator Coil		*12-5170	Control Mtg. Bracket
	L5 L101	20-2033 *S-82104	Peaking Coil AM Antenna Assembly		17-143 19-448	Nylon Clamp (2 required) Ground Clip (2 required)
	L101	149-311	Ferrite Core Sleeve		*26-1575	Dial Scale
	L103	IN T101	AM Oscillator Trans. Pri.		43-571	Nine Contact Housing
	L104	IN T101	AM Oscillator Trans. Sec.		52-1425	Two Conductor Shielded Cable
	L201	IN T201	1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Pri.		52-1443	Four Conductor Cable (Approx. 6")
	L202	IN T201	1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Sec.		52-1529	Three Conductor Cable (Approx. 28")
	L203 L204	IN T202 IN T202	1st IF AM 455 KHZ Pri. 1st FM AM 455 KHZ Sec.		*52-1588 *52-1589	Two Conductor Shielded Lead Two Conductor Shielded Lead
	L204 L205	IN T202 IN T203	2nd ID Transformer 10.7 MHZ Pri.		*52-1590	Two Conductor Shielded Lead
	L206	IN T203	2nd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Sec.		*52-1591	Two Conductor Shielded Lead
	L207	IN T204	2nd IF AM 455 KHZ		54-139	3/8-32 x 9/16 Palnut (5 required)
	L208	IN T205	3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Pri.		54-334	Tinnerman Speed Nut (1 used on ea.
	L209	IN T205	3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Sec.		44.004	114-591 (4 required)
	L210	IN T206	3rd IF AM 455 KHZ Pri.		54-804	Zip Twist Palnut (6 used on S-82432)
	L211 L212	IN T206 IN T207	3rd IF AM 455 KHZ Sec. Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHZ Pri.		54-828 54-835	1/2" - 20 Palnut Tinnerman Nut (21 required)
	L212	IN T207	Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHZ Tri. Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHZ Tertiary		*54-838	Tinnerman Nut (17 required)
	L214	IN T207	Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHZ Sec.		*54-839	Tinnerman Nut
	L301	S-79435	67 KHZ Trap Coil		58-214	Single Prong Plug (2 required)
	T101	95-2544	AM Oscillator Transformer		*59-1016	Dial Pointer - FM
	T201	95-2546	FM 1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ		*59-1017	Dial Pointer - AM
	T202	95-2541	AM 1st IF AM 455 KHZ		64-288	Shoulder Rivet (1 part of ea. S-82399, &
	T203	95-2547	FM 2nd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ		*76-1902	S-82401, 2 part of S-82400) (4 required) Tuning Shaft
	T204 T205	95-2542 95-2548	AM 2nd IF AM 455 KHZ FM 3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ		*78-1866	Dial Light Socket & Wire
	T206	95-2543	AM 3rd IF AM 455 KHZ		*78-1867	Dial Light Socket & Wire
	T207	95-2545	FM Ratio Detector 10.7 MHZ		*78-1868	Dial Light Socket & Wire
	T301	S-79438	Input Coil 19 KHZ		80-1964	Tension Spring
	T302	S-79436	Doubler Coil 19 KHZ		80-2066	Tension Spring
	T303	S-79437	Detector Coil 38 KHZ		*82-152 *82-153	Oscillator Coil Grounding Strap 2nd I.F. Grounding Strap
	T501 SW1	95-2698 *85-1058	Power Transformer Band Switch		*82-154	3rd I.F. Grounding Strap
	CR1	103-47	AFC Diode		83-3404	Three Lug Terminal Strip
	CR101	103-74	Germanium Diode		*83-7196	Two Lug Terminal Strip
	CR201	103-23	Germanium Diode		*83-7197	Two Lug Terminal Strip
	CR202	103-90	Germanium Diodes (Matched Pair)		*83-7233	Antenna Mtg. Strip
	CR203	103-90			*83-7417 86-312	Antenna Protective Strip Terminal
	CR204 CR301	103-23 103-23	Germanium Diode		86-357	Connector Terminal (2 required)
	CR302	103-23	Germanium Diodes		86-388	Connector Terminal (3 required)
	CR303	103-23	Germanium Diodes		86-390	Connector Terminal (9 required)
	CR351	103-23			86-398	Connector Terminal (19 required)
	CR401	103-145	Diode		86-500 93-1833	Terminal (20 required) Transistor Insulating Washer (2 required)
	CR451 CR501	103-145 212-71	Diode Silicon Rectifier		94-1532	Nylon Shaft Bushing
	CR501	212-71	Silicon Rectifier		114-390	8-18 x 7/16 x ¼ Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
	CR503	103-96	Diode			Stat. Bronze (6 used on S-82432)
	Z301	*105-106	Integnet		114-591	$4-24 \times 3/8 \times 3/16$ Slotted Hex. Hd. Self-Tap.
	PL1	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847			Screw-Cadmium (1 used on ea. 121-709
	PL2	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847		114-801	& 121-710) (4 required) 8-18 x 5/16 Hex. Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.
	PL3	*100-474	Stereo Indicator Light		114-801	Bronze (1 Mts. Ea. S-82399, 17-143 & 2
	Q1 Q2	121-612 121-613	Transistor, FM R.F. Transistor, FM Conv.			Mt. ea. S-82104, S-82400, & 12-5166, &
	Q101	121-714	Transistor, AM Conv.			4 Mts. S-82401 & 2 joins ea. S-82401 &
	Q201	121-614	Transistor, FM-AM 1st I.F.			S-82399 & S-82401 & S-82400) (21 required)
	Q202	121-546	Transistor, FM-AM 2nd I.F.		114-803	6-20 x 1/4 Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
	Q203	121-546	Transistor, FM 3rd I.F.		106 1006	Stat. Bronze (1 Mts. 83-7196)
	Q301	121-639	Transistor, Comp. Amp.		126-1336 *171-66	Coil Shield Stereo Indicator Lens
	Q302 Q303	121-639 121-639	Transistor, 19KHZ Amp. Transistor, 38 KHZ Amp.		188-140	Retaining Ring
	Q303 Q304	121-639	Transistor, Stereo Indicator Switch		188-155	Clamping Ring (Part of S-82433)
	Q401	121-433	Transistor, Pre-Amplifier		199-265	Shielded Paper Sleeve
	Q402	121-430	Transistor, Pre-Driver		199-436	Shielded Paper Sleeve
	Q403	121-706	Transistor, Driver		*S-82104	Wave magnet Assm.
	Q404 \	800-289	Transistor, Output - NPN (121-710)		S-82399 *S-82400	Bracket & Pulley Assem. (Left)
	Q405 J		Transistor, Output - PNP (121-709)		*S-82400 S-82401	Bracket & Pulley Assem. (Right) Bandswitch Bracket Assem.
	Q451	121-433 181 100	Transistor, Pre-Amplifier		*S-82402	
	Q452	121-430	Transistor, Pre-Driver			Dial Light Shield Assem.
	Q453	121-706	Transistor, Driver		*S-82433	Drive Pulley Assem.

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ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	*S-82434 *S-82435	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. (Pointer)	C409 C410 C411	*22-5883 22-5640 *22-5914	.033 MFD Paktron 10% 100V .0056 MFD Mylar 100V
		CHASSIS 20AT31Z	C411 C412	*22-5814 22-3652	.022 MFD 20% 100V .1 MFD Disc 10V
C1A	(F.M. Detector Trimmer	C414	22-16	470 PF Disc 500V
C1B	1	F.M. Detector Tuning	C415 C417	22-5091 22-2939	2 MFD Electrolytic 15V 680 PF 500V
CIC	****	F.M. Oscillator Tuning	C417	22-2939	100 MFD Electrolytic 15V
C1D >	*22-5812	A.M. Antenna Trimmer A.M. Antenna Tuning	C422	22-3721	200 MFD Electrolytic 35V
C1F	I	A.M. Oscillator Tuning	C423 C451	*22-5884 22-3034	.082 MFD Paktron 10% 100V
C1G		A.M. Oscillator Trimmer	C451 C452	22-5034	.05 MFD Disc 25V .47 MFD Disc 3V
C2 ′ C3	22-2513 22-2729	7 PF Disc 5% 500V .001 MFD Disc 25V	C453	22-5	100 PF Disc 20% 500V
C4	22-3792	17 PF Disc 5% 500V	C454 C455	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V
C5	22-3675	10 PF Disc 5% 500V	C433	22-3255 22-5640	330 PF Disc 500V .0056 MFD Paktron 10% 100V
C6 C7	22-3393 22-3541	.01 MFD Disc 25V 3.3 PF Gimmick 5% 500V	C457	22-5639	.22 MFD 10% 100V
C8	22-3558	16 PF Disc 5% 500V	C458	*22-5814	.022 MFD 20% 100V
C9	*22-5879	3.3 PF Disc ± .25 PF 25 V	C459 C460	*22-5883 22-5640	.033 MFD Paktron 10% 100V .0056 MFD Mylar 100V
C10 C11	22-2729 *22-5878	.001 MFD Disc 25V	C461	*22-5814	.022 MFD 20% 100V
C12	22-3076	5.5 PF Disc ± .5 PF 25V .05 MFD Disc 25V	C462	22-3652	.1 MFD Disc 10V
C13	22-4855	1.7 to 10 PF Ceramic Trimmer	C464 C465	22-16 22-5091	470 PF Disc 500V 2 MFD Electrolytic 15V
C14 C102	22-3393 22-3033	.01 MFD Disc 25V	C467	22-2939	680 Pf Disc 500V
C102 C103	22-3033 22-3034	.02 MFD Disc 25V .05 MFD Disc 25V	C470	22-4568	100 MFD Electrolytic 15V
C104	22-3393	.01 MFD Disc 25V	C472 C473	22-3721 *22-5884	200 MFD Electrolytic 35V .082 MFD Paktron 10% 100V
C105	22-5480	390 PF Mica 5% 100V	C501	22-4617	.01 MFD Disc 500V
C201 C202	22-3310 22-5483	2.7 PF Gimmick 500V .0015 MFD Disc 500V	C502	22-4617	.01 MFD Disc 500V
C203	22-3652	.1 MFD Disc 10V	C503 C504	22-5362 22-4572	1000 MFD Electrolytic 50V 500 MFD Electrolytic 15V
C204	22-5481	560 PF Disc 500V	C505	22-4572	500 MFD Electrolytic 15V
C205 C206	22-3034 22-3791	.05 MFD Disc 25V 42 PF Disc 5% 500V	C506	22-3661	.05 MFD 100V
C207	22-3310	2.7 PF Gimmick 500V	C510 R1	22-2655 63-1768	.01 MFD Disc Cap 1.4 K.V. 390 Ohm 10% ½W
C208	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R2	63-4213	4.7K Ohm 10% ¼W
C209 C210	22-5482 22-5481	680 PF Disc 500V 560 PF Disc 500V	R3	63-1772	470 Ohm 20% ½W
C210	22-3770	5.5 PF Disc ± .25 PF 500V	R4 R5	63-1796 63-4196	1.8K Ohm 10% ½W 1.8K Ohm 10% ¼W
C212	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R6	63-1831	12K Ohm 10% ½W
C213 C214	22-2428 22-5482	1.8 PF Gimmick 500V 680 PF Disc 500V	R7	63-1898	470K Ohm 20% ½W
C215	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R8 R9	63-4122 63-1898	33 Ohm 10% ¼W 470K Ohm 20% ½W
C216	22-3080	.005 MFD Disc 25V	R10	63-1898	470K Ohm 20% 1/2W
C217 C218	22-2729 22-3177	.001 MFD Disc 25V 390 PF Disc 500V	R101	63-1831	12K Ohm 10% ½W
C219	22-3177	390 PF Disc 500V	R102 R103	63-1803 63-1831	2.7K Ohm 10% ½W 12K Ohm 10% ½W
C220	22-3896	5 MFD Electrolytic 25V	R104	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% ½W
C221 C222	22-5486 22-3415	10 MFD Electrolytic 6V .0068 MFD 25V	R105	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C223	22-3034	.05-MFD Disc 25V	R201 R202	63-1778 63-1761	680 Ohm 10% ½W 270 Ohm 10% ½W
C224	22-14	.0047 MFD 500V	R203	63-1772	470 Ohm 20% ½W
C225 C227	22-14 22-3034	.0047 MFD 500V .05 MFD Disc 25V	R204	63-1806	3.3K Ohm 10% ½W
C301	*22-5780	270 PF Polystyrene 5% 500V	R205 R206	63-1827 63-1771	10K Ohm 10% ½W 470 Ohm 10% ½W
C302	*22-5781	1000 PF Polystyrene 5% 500V	R207	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C303 C304	22-5638 *22-5782	.47 MFD 100V 2200 PF Polystyrene 5% 500V	R208	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C305	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V	R209 R210	63-1772 63-4185	470 Ohm 20% ½W 1K Ohm 10% ¼W
C306	22-3393	.01 MFD Disc 25V	R211	63-1775	560 Ohm 10% ½W
C307 C308	22-5782 22-5781	2200 PF Polystyrene 5% 500V 1000 PF Polystyrene 5% 500V	R212	63-1772	470 Ohm 20% ½W
C309	22-3393	.01 MFD Disc 25V	R213 R214	63-1778 63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W 680 Ohm 10% ½W
C310	22-5781	1000 PF Polystyrene 5% 500V	R215	63-1813	4700 Ohm 10% ½W
C311 C312	22-2884 22-3034	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V .05 MFD Disc 25V	R216 R217	63-1813 63-1799	4700 Ohm 10% ½W 2.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C351	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R217 R218	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% 1/2W 100K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C401	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R219	63-1841	22K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C402 C403	22-5487 22-5	.47 MFD Disc 3V 100 PF Disc 50QV	R220	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C404		5 MFD Electrolytic 12V	R221	63-1834	15K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C404 C405	22-2884 22-3255	330 PF Disc 500V	R222 R223	63-1785 63-1904	1K Ohm 10% ½W 680K Ohm 10% ½W
C406	22-5640	.0056 Paktron 10% 100V	R224	63-1898	470K Ohm 20% ½W
C407 C408	22-5639 *22-5814	.22 MFD 10% 100V .022 MFD 20% 100V	R225	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C+U0	24-3014	.022 MI. D 20/0 100 Y	R301	63-1855	47K Ohm 10% ½W

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ITEN	1 PART		ITEM	DADT	
NO.		DESCRIPTION	NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R302	2 63-1817	5.6K Ohm 10% ½W	L101	*9 92104	AM Antonno Accombly
R303		390 Ohm 10% ½W	L101 L102	*S-82104 149-311	AM Antenna Assembly Ferrite Core Sleeve
R304		2.7K Ohm 10% ½W	L103	In T101	AM Oscillator Trans. Pri.
R305		4.7K Ohm 10% ½W	L104	In T101	AM Oscillator Trans. Sec.
R306		470 Ohm 10% ½W	L201	In T201	1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Pri.
R307		4.7K Ohm 10% ½W	L202	In T201	1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Sec.
R308		100K Mute Control	L203	In T202	1st IF AM 455 KHZ Pri.
R309		1K Ohm 10% ½W	L204	In T202	1st IF AM 455 KHZ Sec.
R310 R311		820 Ohm 10% ½W 33K Ohm 10% ½W	L205 L206	In T203	2nd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Pri. 2nd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Sec.
R312		8.2K Ohm 10% 1/2W	L200 L207	In T203 In T204	2nd IF AM 455 KHZ
R313		560 Ohm 10% ½W	L208	In T205	3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Pri.
R314		4.7K Ohm 10% ½W	L209	In T205	3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ Sec.
R315		470 Ohm 10% ½W	L210	In T206	3rd IF AM 455 KHZ Pri.
R317		820 Ohm 10% 1W	L211	In T206	3rd IF AM 455 KHZ Sec.
R318		270 Ohm 10% 1W	L212	In T207	Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHZ Pri.
R401		180K Ohm 10% ½W	L213	In T207	Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHZ Tertiary
R403		150K Ohm 10% ½W	L214	In T207	Ratio Detector Trans. 10.7 MHZ Sec.
R404		220K Ohm 10% ½W	L301	S-79435	67 KHZ Trap Coil
R40: R40		27K Ohm 10% ½W 33K Ohm 10% ½W	T101	95-2544	AM Oscillator Transformer FM 1st IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ
R400		1.2K Ohm 10% ½W	T201 T202	95-2546	AM 1st IF AM 455 KHZ
R40	8R 8L 8L *63-7683		T203	95-2541 95-2547	FM 2nd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ
R40	8L \ *63-7683	50K Dual Loudness Control	T204	95-2542	AM 2nd IF AM 455 KHZ
DAM	63-1927	10K Ohm 10% ½W	T205	95-2548	FM 3rd IF Transformer 10.7 MHZ
R41	0R 0L 0L *63-7682	100K Dual Bass Control	T206	95-2543	AM 3rd IF AM 455 KHZ
			T207	95-2545	FM Ratio Detector 10.7 MHZ
R41		12K Ohm 10% ½W	T301	S-79438	Input Coil 19 KHZ
R41:		Dual Treble Control 50K	T302	S-79436	Doubler Coil 19 KHZ
R41: R41:	4L)		T303	S-79437	Detector Coil 38 KHZ
R41		820K Ohm 10% ½W 1200 Ohm 10% ½W	T501 SW1	95-2698	Power Transformer
R41		56 Ohm 10% ½W	CR1	*85-1058 103-47	Band Switch AFC Diode
R410		43K Ohm 5% ½W	CR101		Germanium Diode
R41		2200 Ohm 10% 1/2W	CR201		Germanium Diode
R41	8 63-1831	12K Ohm 10% 1/2W	CR202		
R41	9 63-1768	390 Ohm 10% ½W	CR203		Germanium Diodes (Matched Pair)
R42		390 Ohm 10% 1/2W	CR204		Germanium Diode
R42		15 Ohm 10% ½W	CR301		Germanium Diodes
R42		1 Ohm 10% ½W	CR302		Germaniani Diodes
R42		15K Ohm 20% ½W	CR303		Germanium Diodes
R42 R45		250K Balance Control & Switch	CR351 CR401		Diode
R45		180K Ohm 10% ½W 150K Ohm 10% ½W	CR401 CR451		Diode Diode
R45		220K Ohm 10% ½W	CR501		Silicon Rectifier
R45		27K Ohm 10% ½W	CR502		Silicon Rectifier
R45		33K Ohm 10% ½W	CR503		Diode
R45		1.2K Ohm 10% ½W	Z301	*105-106	Integnet
R45		10K Ohm 10% 1/2W	PL1	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847
R46		12K Ohm 10% ½W	PL2	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847
R46		820K Ohm 10% 1/2W	PL3	100-474	Stereo Indicator Light
R46		1200 Ohm 10% ½W		*12-5166	Dial Background Mtg. Bracket
R46		56 Ohm 10% ½W		*12-5169	Bandswitch & Tuning Bracket (Part of S-8240
R46 R46		43K Ohm 5% ½W		*12-5170 17-143	Control Mtg. Bracket Nylon Clamp (2 required)
R46 R46		2200 Ohm 10% ½W 12K Ohm 10% ½W		19-448	Ground Clip (1 used on 52-1588 & 52-1589)
R46		390 Ohm 10% ½W		12-140	(2 required)
R47		390 Ohm 10% ½W		22-3362	560 Pf Disc Capacitor
R47		15 Ohm 10% ½W		22-3541	3.3 Pf Gimmick Capacitor 500V
R47		1 Ohm 10% ½W		*26-1578	Dial Scale
R50		560 Ohm 10% 2W		43-571	9 Contact Housing
R50	2 63-1701	10 Ohm 10% ½W		52-1287	Three Conductor Cable (Approx. 10")
R50		2.2K Ohm 10% ½W		52-1443	Three Conductor Cable (Approx. 6")
R50		3.3 Meg Ohm 20% 1/2W		*52-1588	Two Conductor Shielded Lead
R42		3.9K Ohm 10% ½W		*52-1589	Two Conductor Shielded Lead
R42		4.7K Ohm 10% ½W		*52-1590	Two Conductor Shielded Lead
R42		10K Ohm 10% ½W		*52-1591	Two Conductor Shielded Lead
R47 R47		3.9K Ohm 10% ¼W 4.7K Ohm 10% ¼W		*52-1650	Two Conductor Shielded Cable (Part of S-83909)
R47		10K Ohm 10% ½W		54-139 54-808	3/8-32 x 9/16 Palnut (5 required) Tinnerman Speed Nut (1 used on ea. 114-591)
L1	*20-1744	FM Antenna Coil		54-808 *54-828	Tinnerman Speed Nut (1 used on ea. 114-591) 1/2"-20 Palnut
L2	20-1648	FM RF Coil		*54-838	Tinnerman Nut (17 required)
L3	*20-1256	Trap Coil 10.7 MHZ		*54-839	Tinnerman Nut
<u>[4</u>	*20•1649	FM Oscillator Coil		58-214	Single Prong Plus (2 part of S-83909)
L5	20-2033	Peaking Coil		*59-1016	Dial Pointer (FM)
LJ	20-2033	LURING CON		22-1010	Diai rolliter (r.w.)

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

NO.	NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	*59-1017	Dial Pointer (AM)	C110	22-4564	10 MFD Electrolytic 25V
	*64-288	Shoulder Rivet (4 required)	C201	22-2720	1.0 PF Gimmick 500V
	*76-1902	Tuning Shaft	C202	22-3254	.1 MFD Disc 25V
	*78-1866	Dial Light Socket & Wire	C203 .	22-2715	1.2 PF Gimmick 500V
	*78-1867	Dial Light Socket & Wire	C204	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	80-1964 80-2069	Tension Spring Tension Spring	C205	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	*82-152	Oscillator Coil Grounding Strap	C206 C207	22-3254	.1 MFD Disc 25V
	*82-153	2nd IF Grounding Strap	C207	22-3675 22-3034	10 pf Disc 500V .05 MFD Disc 25V
	*82-154	3rd. IF Grounding Strap	C209	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	*83-7196	Two Lug Terminal Strip	C210	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V
	*83-7197	Two Lug Terminal Strip (Part of S-82402)	C211	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	*83-7233	Antenna Mtg. Strip (Part of S-82104)	C212	22-2903	22 PF Disc 500V
	*83-7417 86-312	Antenna Protective Strip	C213	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	86-344	Terminal Connector Terminal (3 used on 52-1287)	C214 C215	22-2424	1.5 MFD Gimmick 500V
	86-357	Connector Terminal (3 used on 32-1287) Connector Terminal (2 required)	C213	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	86-388	Connector Terminal (1 used on 52-1588 & 2 used	C217	22-18 22-18	.0022 MFD Disc 500V .0022 MFD Disc 500V
		on 52-1589)	C218	22-18	.0022 MFD Disc 500V
	86-390	Connector Terminal (9 required)	C219	22-5459	.0015 MFD Disc 500V
	86-398	Connector Terminal (19 required)	C220	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	86-500	Terminal (20 required)	C221	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	93-1833	Transistor Insulating Washer (2 required)	C222	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	*94-1532 114-591	Nylon Shaft Bushing 4-24 x 3/8 x 3/16 Slotted Hex Hd. Self-Tap.	C223 C224	22-2333	2.2 PF Gimmick 500V
	114-391	Screw-Cadmium - Matched Pair (2 used on ea.	C224	22-2729 22-3177	.001 MFD Disc 25V 390 PF Disc 500V
		800-289 (4 required)	C226	22-3177	390 PF Disc 500V
	114-689	8-18 x 1/2 Hex Hd. Special Washer (Spinlock)	C227	22-3448	10 MFD Electrolytic 15V
		Self-Tap. Screw-Stat. Bronze (2 Mt. 83-7417)	C228	22-2374	6 PF Disc 500V
	114-801	8-18 x 5/16 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat. Bronze	C229	22-3254	.1 MFD Disc 25V
		(1 used on S-82399 & 17-143 & 2 used on	C230	22-3080	.005 MFD Disc 25V
		12-5166, S-82104, S-82400, 2 join S-82401,	C231	22-2481	8 PF Disc 500V
		S-82399, S-82401, S-82400, 4 used on 12-5170, S-82401)	C232 C301	22-3034 22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V .05 MFD Disc 25V
	114-803	6-20 x 1/4 Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.	C302	22-5780	270 PF Capacitor 5% 500V
	114-003	Bronze (Used on 83-7196)	C303	22-5781	.001 MFD Capacitor 5% 500V
	121-433	Transistor - Pre-Amplifier & Driver (4 required)	C304	22-5018	.47 MFD Capacitor 50V
	121-546	Transistor - 2nd & 3rd I.F. (2 required)	C305	22-5782	2200 PF Capacitor 5% 500V
	121-612	Transistor - R.F. (FM)	C306	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V
	121-613	Transistor - Autodyne Converter (FM)	C307	22-5782	2200 PF Capacitor 5% 500V
	121-614	Transistor - 1st I.F. Amplifier	C308 C309	22-3393 22-5781	.01 MFD Disc 25V .001 MFD Capacitor 5% 500V
	121-639 121-706	Transistor - Composite Amplifier (4 required) Transistor - Audio Driver (2 required)	C310	22-3415	.0068 MFD Disc 25V
	121-700	Transistor - Additio Driver (2 required) Transistor - AM - FM - I.F.	C311	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V
	126-1336	Coil Shield	C312	22-5761	470 PF Disc 500V
	*126-1406	Dial Light Shield (Part of S-82402)	C362	22-5761	470 PF Disc 500V
	188-140	Retaining Ring	C401	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	188-155	Clamping Ring (Part of S-82433)	C402	*22-5944	.82 MFD Disc 3V
	199-265	Shielded Paper Sleeve	C403	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V
	199-436	Shielded Paper Sleeve	C404 C405	*22-5911	.27 MFD Capacitor 100V .56 MFD Capacitor 100V
	800-289	Output Transistor Assem Matched Pair	C406	*22-5900 22-3595	.33 MFD Capacitor 50V
	*S-82399	(2 required) Bracket & Pulley Assem Left	C407	22-5542	.0022 MFD Capacitor 500V
	*S-82400	Bracket & Pulley Assem Right	C408	22-3892	.01 MFD Capacitor 100V
	*S-82401	Bandswitch Bracket Assem.	C409	22-5159	.047 MFD Capacitor 50V
	*S-82402	Dial Light Shield Assem.	C410	*22-5867	.12 MFD Capacitor 100V
	*S-82433	Drive Pulley Assem.	C411	22-4905	.01 MFD Capacitor Disc 500V
	*S-82434	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem.	C412	22-3255	330 PF Disc 500V
	*S-82435	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. (Pointer)	C413 C414	22-5188	.1 MFD Capacitor 50V 1500 PF Disc 500V
	*S-83909	Shielded Lead & Plug Assem.	C417	22-5459 22-4576	25 MFD Electrolytic 15V
		CHASSIS 25AT20	C417	22-3608	68 PF Disc 500V
C101A		A.M. Antenna Trimmer	C421	22-5362	1000 MFD Electrolytic 50V
C101B		A.M. Antenna Tuner	C423	22-3362	560 PF Disc 500V
C101C		A.M. Detector Tuner	C451	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
C101D	22-4808	A.M. Detector Trimmer	C452	*22-5944	.82 MFD Disc 3V
C101E		A.M. Oscillator Trimmer	C453	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V
C101F C102	22-5	A.M. Oscillator Tuner	C454 C455	*22-5911 *22-5900	.27 MFD Capacitor 100V .56 MFD Capacitor 100V
C102	22-3 22-14	100 PF Disc 500V .0047 MFD Disc 500V	C455 C456	22-3595	.33 MFD Capacitor 50V
C103	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	C457	22-5542	9922 MFD Capacitor 500Y
					.01 MFD Capacitor 100V
C105	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	C458 C459	22-3892 22-5159	.047 MFD Capacitor 100V
C106 C107	22-5639 22-2729	.22 MFD Capacitor 100V .001 MFD Disc 25V	C459 C460	*22-5159 *22-5867	.12 MFD Capacitor 100V
C107	22-2729	.05 MFD Disc 25V	C461	22-4905	.01 MFD Capacitor Disc 500V
C100	22-3054	.1 MFD Disc 25V	C462	22-3255	330 PF Disc 500V
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^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

ITEM	PART		ITEM	PART	
NO.	NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.	NO.	DESCRIPTION
C463	22-5188	.1 MFD Capacitor 50V	R312	63-1775	560 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
C464	22-5459	1500 PF Disc 500V	. R313	63-1771	470 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
C467	22-4576 22-3608	25 MFD Electrolytic 15V 68 PF Disc 500V	R314 R315	63-1771 63-1825	470 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 9.1K Ohm Resistor 5% ½W
C469 C471	22-5362	1000 MFD Electrolytic 50V	R316	63-1826	10K Ohm Resistor 5% ½W
C473	22-3362	560 PF Disc 500V	R317	63-1789	1.2K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
C501	22-4121	.047 MFD Capacitor 200V	R318	63-1771	470 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
C502 C504	22-4121 22-5362	.047 MFD Capacitor 200V 1000 MFD Electrolytic 50V	R401 R402	63-1859 63-1876	56K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 150K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
C505	22-5316	500 MFD Electrolytic 50V	R403	63-1890	330K Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W
C506	22-5474	2000 MFD Electrolytic 30V	R404	63-1848	23K Ohm Resistor 10%½W
C508	22-5167	1000 MFD Electrolytic 30V	R405 R406	63-1827 63-1782	10K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 820 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
C509 C510	22-5192 22-5903	300 MFD Electrolytic 15V .0015 MFD Disc 1.4KV	R406 R407	63-1775	560 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
C511	22-4147	.1 MFD Capacitor 400V	R408	*63-8237	30K Volume Control
C512	22-4147	1 MFD Capacitor 400V	R409	63-1838	18K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
C513	22-4147 63-1792	.1 MFD Capacitor 400V 1.5K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R410 R411	*63-8239 63-1820	250K Bass Control 6.8K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R101 R102	63-1764	330 Ohm Resistor 10%½W	R412	*63-8238	10K Treble Control
R103	63-1768	390 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R413	63-1848	33K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R104	63-1764	330 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R414	63-1932	3.3K Meg Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 120K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R105 R106	63-1817 63-1834	5.6K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 15K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R415 R416	63-1873 63-1740	82 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R107	63-1813	4.7K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R417	63-1841	22K Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W
R108	63-1785	1K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R418	63-1764	330 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R109 R110	63-1785 63-1915	1K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 1.2 Meg Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R419 R420	63-1876 63-6045	150K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 270 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W
R201	63-1713	390 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R421	63-4519	2.7 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R202	63-1782	820 Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W	R422	63-5656	470 Ohm Resistor 10% 2W
R203	63-1764	330 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R423	63-4519	2.7 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R204 R205	63-1778 63-1803	680 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 2.7K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R424 R425	63-1855 63-5305	47K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W .51 Ohm Resistor 5% 5W
R206	63-1831	12K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R426	63-5305	.51 Ohm Resistor 5% 5W
R207	63-1771	470 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R427	63-1845	27K Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W
R208	63-1838	18K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 3.9K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R426	*63-8240	150K Ohm Balance Control
R209 R210	63-1810 63-1834	15K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R429 R430	63-1925 63-1894	2.2 Meg Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 390K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R211	63-1799	2.2K Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W	R431	63-6027	100 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W
R212	63-1834	15K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R432	63-1750	150 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R213 R214	*63-8258 63-1785	150K Potentiometer 1K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R451 R452	63-1859 63-1876	56K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 150K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R214	63-1792	1.5K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R452 R453	63-1890	330K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R217	63-1743	100 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R454	63-1848	33K Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W
R218	63-1785	1K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R455	63-1827	10K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R219 R220	63-1778 63-1778	680 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 680 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R456 R457	63-1782 63-1775	820 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 560 Ohm Ressitor 10% ½W
R221	63-1848	33K Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W	R458	63-8237	30K Volume Control
R222	63-1890	330K Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W	R459	63-1838	18K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R223	63-1897 63-1883	470K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 220K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R460	63-8239	250K Ohm Bass Control
R224 R225	63-1831	12K Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W	R461 R462	63-1820 63-8238	6.8K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 10K Ohm Treble Control
R226	63-1806	3.3K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R463	63-1848	33K Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W
R227	63-1778	680 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R464	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R228 R229	63-1785 63-1701	1K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 10 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R465	63-1873	120K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 82 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R229	63-1778	680 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R466 R467	63-1740 63-1821	22K Ohm Resistor 10% 72W
R231	63-1778	680 Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W	R468	63-1764	330 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R232	63-1817	5.6K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R469	63-1876	150K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R233 R234	63-1813 63-1869	4.7K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 100K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R470 R471	63-6045 63-4519	270 Ohm Resistor 10% 1W 2.7 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R235	63-1869	100K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R471 R472	63-5656	470 Ohm Resistor 10% 2W
R236	63-1848	33K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R473	63-4519	2.7 Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W
R237	63-1785	1K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 1.8K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R474	63-1855	47K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W
R238 R301	63-1796 63-1911	1 Meg Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R475 R476	63-6305 63-6305	.51 Ohm Resistor 5% 5W .51 Ohm Resistor 5% 5W
R302	63-1855	47K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R480	63-1894	390K Ohm Resistor
R303	63-1817	5.6K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R481	63-6027	100 Ohm Resistor 1W
R304 R305	63-1764 63-1813	330 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 4.7K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R482	63-1750	150 Ohm Resistor
R305	63-1764	330 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R501 R502	63-1926 63-5652	2.2 Meg Ohm Resistor 20% 390 Ohm Resistor 2W
R307	63-1806	3.3K Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R502 R503	63-5663	680 Ohm Resistor 2W
R308	63-6495	100K Ohm Potentiometer	R504	63-1757	220 Ohm Resistor
R309	63-1782 63-1771	820 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W 470 Ohm Resistor 10% ½W	R505	63-5623	100 Ohm Resistor 2W
R310		8.2K Ohm Resistor 10% 1/2W	R506	63-7576	50 Ohm Resistor 4W
R311	63-1824	0.2A UHHI KESISIOI 1U% 72W	L101	S-64803	AM Loop Antenna

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

I I GIVI	PARI		ITEM	PART	P-00-10-10-1
NO.	NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.	NO.	DESCRIPTION
L102	In T104	1stIF Transformer (AM) Primary		*43-1103	Function Plate Housing
L103	In T104	1st IF Transformer (AM) Secondary		*43-1109 *46-7249	6 Contact Housing (4 required) Control Knob - Loudness, - Treble, -
L201 L202	20-2033	Peaking Coil		-40-7217	Balance & Bass (4 required)
L202 L203	20-1422 In T201	Peaking Coil 2nd IF Teansformer (FM) Primary		46-7334	Tuning & Function Knob (2 required)
L204	In T201	2nd IF Transformer (FM) Secondary		*46-7355	Stereo - Monaural & On-Off Knob (2 req.)
L205	In T202	2nd IF Transformer (AM) Primary		54-541	Thread - Forming Palnut (3 used on 12-5216 &
L206	In T202	2nd IF Transformer (AM) Secondary		* 54 50C	2 used on ea. 57-7421 & 57-7422) (11 req.)
L207	In T203	3rd IF Transformer (FM) Primary		*54-506	Tinnerman Speed Nut (2 used on ea. 83-7206 & 126-1410) (20 required)
L208 L209	In T203 In T204	3rd IF Transformer (FM) Secondary		*54-833	Tinnerman Speed Nut (6 used on 192-467)
L210	In T204	3rd IF Transformer (AM) Primary 3rd IF Transformer (AM) Secondary			(6 required)
L211	In T205	4th IF Transformer (FM) Primary		*54-834	Thread - Forming Palnut (1 joins 43-1103 &
L212	In T205	4th IF Transformer (FM) Secondary			Escutcheon)
L213	In T206	Ratio Detector Transformer Primary		*57-7257 *57-7421	Die-Cast Escutcheon Slide Switch Mounting Plate
L214 L215	In T206	Ratio Detector Transformer Secondary		*57-7422	Slide Switch Mounting Plate
L301.	In T206 S-79435	Ratio Detector Transformer Tertiary MX Trap Coil		*57-7499	Retainer Plate (4 required)
T101	S-74470	AM Antenna Coil		*83-7206	Slider Guide
T102	*95-2716	AM Detector Coil		*83-7208	Trim Strip (Bottom)
T103	*95-2717	AM Oscillator Coil		*83-7209	Trim Strip (Top)
T104	*95-2718	1st AM IF		*83-7210 *83-7211	Indicator Strip (Volume) Indicator Strip (Treble)
T201 T202	*95-2728 *95-2719	1st FM IF 2nd AM IF		*83-7212	Indicator Strip (Ficole)
T203	*95-2726	3rd FM IF		*83-7213	Indicator Strip (Bass)
T204	*95-2720	3rd AM IF		*86-538	Connector Terminal (21 required)
T205	*95-2726	4th FM IF		*112-625	4-24 x 1/4 Phillips Pan Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
T206	*95-2727	Ratio Detector			Stat. Bronze (2 used on ea. 63-8237, 63-8238, 63-8239 & 63-8240) (8 required)
T301	S-79438	MX Input Coil		114-344	6-20 x 1/4 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
T302 T304	S-79436 *S-84181	MX Doubler Coil MX Bi-Plex Detector Coil		1145	Stat. Bronze (4 used on 43-1103)
CR101	103-23	Diode		114-801	8-18 x 5/16 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
CR201	103-23	Diode			Stat. Bronze (4 join escutcheon & RF
CR203	103-23	Diode		114-806	Chassis)
CR204	103-23	Diode		114-000	8-18 x 1/4 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw- Stat. Bronze (4 joins audio chassis & RF
CR205 CR301	103-23 103-23	Diode Diode			chassis & 2 used on 12-5214) (6 required)
CR301	103-23	Diode		*126-1410	Light Shield (2 required)
CR502	212-61	Diode		*126-1416	Slider Guide Shield (8 required)
CR503	212-61	Diode		188-441	Knob Clamping Ring (Part of 46-7334)
CR504	103-96	Diode (Zener)		*192-467	Dial Crystal
Z201 Z301	20-2008 *105-107	10.7 MHZ Choke 38 KHZ Filter (Right)		25AT20	R.F. CHASSIS COMPONENTS
Z351	*105-107	38 KHZ Filter (Left)		12-4211	Variable Capacitor Mounting Bracket
P501	On 11-106	AC Line Cord Plug		*12-5192	Meter Mounting Bracket
P502	43-519	AC Phono Motor Input		*12-5193	Chassis Mounting Bracket
P503	43-574	9 Contact Housing (Female)		*12-5232	Switch Bracket
P504 P505	43-840 43-571	3 Contact Housing (Female)		19-448	Grounding Clip (2 required)
P506	43-877	9 Contact Housing (Male) 3 Contact Housing (Male)		19-464	Coil Mounting Clip
P507	43-877	3 Contact Housing (Male)		19-480 19-485	Wire Retaining Clip Cable Clamp
P508	43-840	3 Contact Housing (Female)		19-492	Wire Retaining Clip (5 required)
PL1	100-482	Stereo Indicator		43-571	Nine Contact Housing
PL2	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847 (Cabinet)		43-877	Three Contact Housing
PL3 PL4	100-249 100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847 (Cabinet) Pilot Light No. 1847		52-1496	Two Conductor Shielded Cable
PL5	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847		*52-1622 *52-1624	Two Conductor Cable Two Conductor Shielded Cable
PL6	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847		*52-1625	Two Conductor Shielded Cable
PL7	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847		*52-1626	Two Conductor Shielded Cable
PL8	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847		54-139	3/8 - 32 x 9/16 Palnut - Cadmium (Used on
PL9	100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847			85-1070)
PL10 PL11	100-249 100-249	Pilot Light No. 1847 Pilot Light No. 1847		54-812	Tinnerman Speed Nut (13 used on chassis &
PL12	100-422	Function Light No. 1030 (Stereo)	:	*54-832	3 used on 126-1429) Tinnerman Speed Nut (2 used on 12-5192)
PL13	100-422	Function Light No. 1030 (Phono)		*57-7256	Back Ground Plate
PL14	100-422	Function Light No. 1030 (Tape)		57-7452	Function Plate & Socket
PL15	100-422	Function Light No. 1030 (AM)		58-315	Connector Plug (2 part of S-83447 & 1 part
PL16 PL17	100-422 100-422	Function Light No. 1030 (AFC) Function Light No. 1030 (FM)			of S-83450)
SW1	*85-1070	Bandswitch	•	*59-1036	Dial Pointer
SW2	*85-1072	Stereo - Mono Switch		61-222	Pulley (2 part of S-83474 & 2 part of S-83475)
gw3	485-1071	On - Off Switch		64-862	Steel Eyelet (4 used on FM Tuner)
SW3 M201	*122-41	Tuning Meter		69-217	
111401	*12-5214	Rear Chassis Support Bracket		UJ-211	4-40 x 3/16 Rd. Hd. Machine Screw-N.P. (2
	*12-5216	Light Shield Strip		*78-1891	used on ea. 85-1071 & 85-1072) (4 required) Socket & Wire (3 required)
	*26-1811	Dial Scale		*78-1891	Socket & Wire (3 required) Socket & Wire (2 required)
*Denotes n	arts not previous	sly used in Zenith receivers			(a rodurou)

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	*78-1901	Socket & Wire (3 required)		114-271	6-20 x 1/2 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
	80-209	Tension Spring			Stat. Bronze (4 used on ea. 800-196)
	80-1140	Tension Spring		114-344	6-20 x 1/4 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw- Stat. Bronze (4 used on ea. S-73214 &
١	*83-7308	Terminal Strip			2 used on ea. 95-2699)
,	*83-7309	Antenna Terminal Strip		121-706	Transistor - Driver (2 required)
	86-388	Connector Terminal (2 required)		121-751	Transistor - Driver (2 required)
	86-390	Connector Terminal (8 required)		*121-752	Transistor - Pre-Amp. (2 required)
	86-398	Connector Terminal (6 required)		199-246 199-319	Insulating Sleeve (2 part of S-83440) Insulating Sleeve (2 part of S-83439)
	86-483 86-500	Connector Terminal (3 required) Terminal (Test Point) (24 required)		205-51	Dow Corning Heat Conductive Grease (Part
	113-10	6-32 x 3/16 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Mach. Screw-			of 800-196)
		N.P Internal Shakeproof Lockwasher		800-196	Output Transistor Assem Matched Pr.
		(2 join 12-4211 & 22-4808)		0.72214	(2 required)
	114-344	6-20 x 1/4 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw- Stat. Bronze (3 used on 57-7256, 2 join		S-73214 *S-83439	Heat Sink & Socket Assem. (2 required) Speaker Cable, Terminal & Sleeve Assembly
		126-1420 & 57-7256, 2 used on S-83475		*S-83440	Two Conductor Shielded Cable, Terminal &
		& 1 used on 85-1070 & 2 Mt. 126-1420)			Sleeve Assem.
	114-494	10-16 x 1/2 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.			CHASSIS 29AT24
		Bronze - Flat Washer Att. (4 used on	C101A	`	A.M. Antenna Tuning
	114-801	FM tuner) 8-18 x 5/16 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-	C101B	1	A.M. Antenna Trimmer
	114-001	Stat. Bronze (2 used on 12-4211)	C101C	22-4817	A.M. Detector Tuning
	114-806	8-18 x 1/4 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-	C101D	1 22 (02)	A.M. Detector Trimmer
		Stat. Bronze (2 used on ea. 83-7309 &	C101E C101F)	A.M. Oscillator Tuning A.M. Oscillator Trimmer
		85-1071 & 3 used on ea. S-83474 & 12-5193) (10 required)	C102	22-9	100 PF Disc 500V
	121-496	Transistor - Comp. Amp 19KHZ Amp	C103	22-3944	.0047 MFD 10% 25V
	121 170	38KHZ Amp Stereo Ind. Sw. (4 required)	C104	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	121-546	Transistor - 2nd. & 3rd. I.F. (3 required)	C105 C106	22-3034 22-3527	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	121-614	Transistor - 1st I.F.	C100	22-4564	.22 MFD Disc 12V 10 MFD Electrolytic 25V
	121-638 *121-734	Transistor - Converter Transistor	C108	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V
	*121-753	Transistor (2 required)	C109	22-2729	.001 MFD Disc 25V
	125-117	Rubber Grommet (4 used on FM tuner)	C110	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	126-1331	Coil Shield	C111 C201	22-3034 22-2720	.05 MFD Disc 25V 1 PF Gimmick 500V
	126-1420	Dial Scale Light Shield	C201	22-3254	.1 MFD Disc 25V
	*126-1429 149-370	Bandswitch Shield Iron Core	C203	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	199-246	Insulating Sleeve (2 part of S-83449)	C204	22-2715	1.2 PF Gimmick 500V
	S-82931	FM tuner assembly	C205	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	*S-83447	Phono Cable & Connector Plug Assem.	C206 C207	22-3034 22-3675	.05 MFD Disc 25V 10 PF Disc 5% 500V
	*S-83449	Shielded Cable & Terminal Assem. (tape in)	C208	22-2424	1.5 PF Gimmick 500V
	*S-83450 *S-83454	FM Cable & Plug Assem. Stereo Indicator, Wire & Terminal Assem.	C20,9	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	*S-83474	Chassis Mounting Bracket & Pulley Assem.	C210	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	*S-83475	Pointer Guide Rail & Pulley Assem.	C211 C212	22-3010 22-3034	.01 MFD Disc 25V .05 MFD Disc 25V
	*S-83476	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem.	C212	22-18	.0022 MFD Disc 500V
	*S-83477	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem.	C214	22-18	.0022 MFD Disc 500V
	*S-83478	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem.	C215	22-18	.0022 MFD Disc 500V
	25A 120 A	AUDIO CHASSIS COMPONENTS Cable Clamp	C216	22-13	.0033 MFD Disc 500V
	19-448	Ground Clamp	C217 C218	22-3034 22-2374	.05 MFD Disc 25V 6 PF Disc 500V
	19-480	Wire Clip (2 required)	C219	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	19-546	Capacitor Retaining Clip (4 required)	C220	22-2903	22 PF Disc 500V
	19-561	Capacitor Retaining Clip	C221	22-2374	6 PF Disc 500V
	43-841 43-876	Three Contact Housing Three Contact Housing	C222	22-2333	2.2 PF Gimmick 500V
	54-812	Tinnerman Speed Nut (4 used on ea.	C223 C224	22-3034 22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V .05 MFD Disc 25V
		64-1033 & 86-500)	C225	22-3254	.1 MFD Disc 25V
	64-1033	Grip Eyelet (4 required)	C226	22-3080	.005 MFD Disc 25V
	78-1812	Two Contact Transistor Socket (2 part of ea. S-73214)	C227	22-2729	.001 MFD Disc 25V
	79-174-12	No. 18 Sleeving - Yellow - 1½"	C228	22-3177	390 PF Disc 500V
	83-5277	Transistor Insulating Strip (2 part of ea.	C229 C230	22-3177 22-3448	390 PF Disc 500V 10 MFD Electrolytic 15V
		800-196)	C301	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V
	83-5288	13 Lug Terminal Strip	C302	22-5018	.47 MFD Mylar 50V
	83-5794 86-344	18 Lug Terminal Strip Connector Terminal (3 part of S-83439)	C303	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V
	86-388	Connector Terminal (2 part of S-83440)	C304	22-2884	5 MFD Electrolytic 12V
	86-390	Connector Terminal (2 required)	C305 C306	22-3010 22-3826	.01 MFD Disc 25V .022 MFD Mylar 100V
	86-484	Connector Terminal (3 required)	C307	22-5626	.0082 MFD Disc 500V
	86-500	Connector Pin (4 required)	C357	22-5626	.0082 MFD Disc 500V
	*95-2699	Driver Transformer (2 required)	C401	22-3034	05 MFD Disc 25Y
	114-26	8-18 x 1/4 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-	C402	22-5883	.033 MFD 100V
		Stat. Bronze (1 used on 17-141)	C403	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V

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ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
C404	22-3080	.005 MFD Disc 25V	C633	*22-5904	.15 MFD 100V
C405	22-3362	560 PF Disc 500V	C634	*22-5907	.1 MFD 50V
C406 C407	22-3034 22-3687	.05 MFD Disc 25V 1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	C635 C636	*22-5815 22-5612	.056 MFD 100V 180 PF Disc 500V
C407	22-3596	.1 MFD Mylar 20% 50V	C637	*22-5907	.1 MFD 100V
C410	22-14	.0047 MFD Disc 500V	C638	22-3687	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V
C411	22-3599	.015 MFD 50V	C639 C640	22-4905 22-18	.01 MFD Disc 500V .0022 MFD Disc 500V
C412 C413	22-5237 22-3826	.01 MFD 100V .022 MFD Mylar 100V	C641	*22-5904	.15 MFD 100V
C414	22-3444	.018 MFD 50V	C642	*22-5907	.1 MFD 50V
C415	22-3687	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	C643 C644	*22-5815 22-5612	.056 MFD 100V
C416 C417	22-3826 22-3687	.022 MFD Mylar 100V 1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	C645	*22-5907	180 PF Disc 500V .1 MFD 50V
C417 C418	22-3891	.0068 MFD 100V	C646	22-4509	20 MFD Electrolytic 25V
C419	22-3687	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	R101	63-1915	1.2 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
C420	22-5188	.1 MFD 50V	R102 R103	63-1764 63-1799	330 Ohm 10% ½W 2.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C421 C422	22-5012 22-5012	.15 MFD 50V .15 MFD 50V	R103	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C423	22-3896	5 MFD Electrolytic 25V	R105	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C451	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R106	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C452	22-5883	.033 MFD 100V	R107 R108	63-1887 63-1813	270K Ohm 10% ½W 4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C453 C454	22-3034 22-3080	.05 MFD Disc 25V .005 MFD Disc 25V	R109	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W
C455	22-3362	560 PF Disc 500V	R110	63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C456	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R111	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C457	22-3687	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	R112 R201	63-1785 63-1768	1K Ohm 10% ½W 390 Ohm 10% ½W
C458 C460	22-3599 22-14	.1 MFD Mylar 20% 50V .0047 MFD Disc 500V	R202	63-1782	820 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C461	22-3566	.015 MFD 50V	R203	63-1764	330 Ohm 10% ½W
C462	22-5237	.01 MFD 100V	R204	63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C463	22-3826	.022 MFD Mylar 100V	R205 R206	63-1831 63-1803	12K Ohm 10% ½W 2.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C464 C465	22-3444 22-3687	.018 MFD 50V 1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	R207	63-1792	1.5K Ohm 10% ½W
C466	22-3826	.022 MFD 100V	R208	63-1747	120 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C467	22-3687	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	R209	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C468 C469	22-3891 22-3687	.0068 MFD 100V	R210 R211	63-1810 63-1838	3.9K Ohm 10% ½W 18K Ohm 10% ½W
C409 C470	22-5188	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V .1 MFD 50V	R212	63-1799	2.2K Ohm 10% ½W
C471	22-5012	.15 MFD 50V	R213	63-1834	15K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C472	22-5012	.15 MFD 50V	R214 R215	*63-8258 63-1771	150K Ohm Potentiometer 470 Ohm 10% ½W
C473 C565	22-3896 22-5168	5 MFD Electrolytic 25V 300 MFD Electrolytic 25V	R216	63-1834	15K Ohm 10% ½W
C566	22-5167	1000 MFD Electrolytic 30V	R217	63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C601	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R218 R219	63-1778 63-1848	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C602 C603	22-3687 22-3034	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	R219 R220	63-1887	33K Ohm 10% ½W 270K Ohm 10% ½W
C604	22-3034 22-4905	.05 MFD Disc 25V .01 MFD Disc 500V	R221	63-1890	330K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C605	22-3687	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	R222	63-1782	820 Ohm 10% ½W
C606	22-4905	.01 MFD Disc 500V	R223 R224	63-1778 63-1806	680 Ohm 10% ½W 3.3K Ohm 10% ½W
C607 C608	22-3034 22-3687	.05 MFD Disc 25V 1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	R225	63-1831	12K Ohm 10% ½W
C609	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R226	63-1848	33K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C610	22-3034	.05 MFD Disc 25V	R227	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
C611	22-4905	.01 MFD Disc 500V	R228 R229	63-1796 63-1869	1.8K Ohm 10% ½W 100K Ohm 10% ½W
C612 C613	22-3034 22-4905	.05 MFD Disc 25V .01 MFD Disc 500V	R230	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% ½W
C614	22-3687	1 MFD Electrolytic 50V	R231	63-1701	10 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C615	22-4905	.01 MFD Disc 500V	R232	63-1778	680 Ohm 10% ½W
C616	*22-5907	.1 MFD 50V	R233 R234	63-1778 63-1813	680 Ohm 10% ½W 4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C617 C618	22-4905 22-18	.01 MFD Disc 500V .0022 MFD Disc 500V	R235	63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
C619	22-4905	.01 MFD Disc 500V	R301 .	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% ½W
C620	22-18	.0022 MFD Disc 500V	R302 R303	63-1911 63-1866	1 Meg Ohm 10% ½W 82K Ohm 10% ½W
C621	22-5883 22-5883	.033 MFD 100V	R304	63-1817	5.6K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C622 C623	22-5883	.033 MFD 100V .033 MFD 100V	R305	63-1764	330 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C624	22-5883	.033 MFD 100V	R306	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% 1/2W
C625	22-5883	.033 MFD 100V	R307 R308	63-1764 63-1806	330 Ohm 10% 1/2W 3.3K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C626	22-4905	.01 MFD Disc 500V	R309	63-3238	50K Potentiometer (Mute Control)
C627 C638	22-18 22-18	.0022 MFD Disc 500V	R310	63-1733	56 Ohm 10% 1/4W
C628	22-5883	.033 MFD 100V	R311	63-1771	470 Ohm 10% ½W
C629 C630	22-4905 22-18	.01 MFD Disc 500V .0022 MFD Disc 500V	R312	63-1824	8.2K Ohm 10% 1/2W
C631	22-4905	.01 MFD Disc 500V	R313	63-1775	560 Ohm 10% 1/W
C632	22-18	.0022 MFD Disc 500V	R314 - R315	63-1782 63-1806	820 Ohm 10% 1/2W 3.3K Ohm 10% 1/2W
**		1. 7 with maximum		2000	

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	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	R316	63-1796	1.8K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R611	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R317	63-1825	9.1K Ohm 5% ½W	R612	63-1936	3.9 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R318	63-1792	1.5K Ohm 10% ½W	R613	63-1897	470K Ohm 10% ½W
	R319	63-1778 63-1826	680 Ohm 10% ½W 10K Ohm 5% ½W	R614	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
,	R320 R401	63-1862	68K Ohm 10% ½W	R615 R616	63-1932 63-1897	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W 470K Ohm 10% ½W
	R402	63-1911	1 Meg 10% ½W	R617	63-1883	220K Ohm 10% ½W
	R403	63-1887	270K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R618	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R404	63-1911	1 Meg 10% ½W	R619	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R405 R406	63-1894 63-1880	390K Ohm 10% ½W 180K 10% ½W	R620	63-1929 63-1890	2.7 Meg Ohm 10% ½W 330K Ohm 10% ½W
	R407	63-1939	4.7 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	R621 R622	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R408	63-1838	18K Ohm 10% ½W	R623	63-1922	1.8 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R409	63-1841	22K Ohm 10% ¼W	R624	63-1929	2.7 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R410	63-1870	100K Ohm 20% ½W 33K Ohm 10% ½W	R625	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R411 R412	63-1848 63-1953	10 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	R626 R628	63-1922 63-4548	1.8 Meg Ohm 10% ½W 22 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R413	63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W	R629	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R414	63-1838	18K Ohm 10% ½W	R630	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R415	63-1841	22K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R631	63-1841	22K Ohm 10% ½W
	R416(R)	*63-8260	250K Treble Slide Control	R632	63-1841	22K Ohm 10% ½W
	R416(L) \(\) R417(R) \(\)			R633 R634	63-1883 63-1841	220K Ohm 10% ½W 22K Ohm 10% ½W
	R417(L)	*63-8259	250K Bass Slide Control	R635	63-1722	33 Ohm 10% ½W
	R418	63-1925	2.2 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W	R636	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R419	63-1866	82K Ohm 10% ½W	R637	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R420 R421	63-1813 63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W 4.7K Ohm 10% ½W	R638	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W
	R421 R422	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W	R639 R640	63-4548 63-1869	22 Meg Ohm 10% ½W 100K Ohm 10% ½W
	R423	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R641	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W
	R424	63-1852	39K Ohm 10% ½W	R642	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R425	63-1810	3.9K Ohm 10% ½W	R643	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% ½W
	R427(R) \\ R427(L) \	*63-8244	250K Dual Loudness Control	R644 R645	63-1827 63-4548	10K Ohm 10% ½W
	R427(L) J	63-1810	3.9K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R646	63-1869	22 Meg Ohm 10% ½W 100K Ohm 10% ½W
	R429	63-1922	1.8 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W	R647	63-1827	10K Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R430	63-1743	100 Ohm 10% ½W	R648	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R451	63-1862	68K Ohm 10% ½W 1 Meg 10% ½W	R649	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% ½W
	R452 R453	63-1911 63-1887	270K Ohm 10% ½W	R650	63-1918	1,5 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R454	63-1911	1 Meg 10% ½W	R651 R652	63-1869 63-1813	100K Ohm 10% ½W 4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
	R455	63-1894	390K Ohm 10% ½W	R653	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R457	63-1939	4.7 Meg Ohm 10% ½W 18K Ohm 10% ½W	R654	63-1883	220K Ohm 10% ½W
	R458 R459	63-1838 63-1841	22K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R655	63-1841	22K Ohm 10% ½W
	R460	63-1870	100K Ohm 20% ½W	R656 R657	63-4548 63-1869	22 Meg Ohm 10% ½W 100K Ohm 10% ½W
	R461	63-1848	33K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R658	63-1918	1.5 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R462	63-1953	10 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	R659	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% ½W
	R463	63-1813 63-1838	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W 18K Ohm 10% ½W	R660	63-1785	1K Ohm 10% ½W
	R464 R465	63-1841	22K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R661	63-1813 63-1841	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W 22K Ohm 10% ½W
	R468	63-1925	2.2 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W	R662 R663	63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W
	R469	63-1866	82K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R664	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R470	63-1813	4.7K Ohm 10% ½W 4.7K Ohm 10% ½W	R665	63-1859	56K Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R471 R472	63-1813 63-1827	10K Ohm 10% ½W	R666	63-1859	56K Ohm 10% ½W
	R473	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R667 R668	63-1869 63-1911	100K Ohm 10% ½W 1 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R474	63-1852	39K Ohm 10% 1/2W	R669	63-1911	1 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R475	63-1810	3.9K Ohm 10% ½W	R670	63-1841	22K Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R478	63-1810 63-1922	3.9K Ohm 10% ½W 1.8 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	R671	63-1911	1 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R479 R480	63-1743	100 Ohm 10% ½W	R672	63-1911 63-4548	1 Meg Ohm 10% ½W 22 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R481	*63-8282	250K Balance Slide Control	R673 R674	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W 22 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R482	63-1936	3.9 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	R675	*63-4561	47 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R567	63-1814	4.7K Ohm 20% ½W	R676	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% 1/2W
	R568 R601	*63-8298 63-4548	200 Ohm 10% 15W 22 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	R677	63-1869	100K Ohm 10% ½W
	R602	63-1946	6.8 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	R678	63-1869 63-1932	100K Ohm 10% ½W 3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R603	63-1894	390K Ohm 10% ½W	R679 R680	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R604	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	R681	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R605	63-1946	6.8 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	R682	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
_	R606	63-1932 63-1894	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ¼W 390K Ohm 10% ¼W	R683	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
Đ	R607 R608	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	R684	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R609	63-1936	3.9 Meg Ohm 10% ¼W	R685	63-1932	3,3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W
	R610	63-4548	22 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	R686	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W

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NO.	PARI . NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
R687	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	CR605	103-142	Diode
R688	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	CR606	103-142	Diode
R689	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	CR607	103-142	Diode
R690	63-1932	3.3 Meg Ohm 10% ½W	CR608	103-142	Diode
L101	S-64803	A.M. Antenna (Cabinet)	CR609	103-142	Diode
L102	In T101	A.M. Antenna Coil (Pri.)	CR610	103-142	Diode
L103	In T101	A.M. Antenna Coil (Sec.)	CR611	103-142	Diode
L104 L105	20-2033	Peaking Coil	CR612	103-142	Diode
L106	In T102 In T102	A.M. Detector Coil (Pri.) A.M. Detector Coil (Sec.)	CR613	103-142 103-142	Diode Diode
L107	In T102	A.M. Oscillator Coil	CR614 CR615	103-142	Diode
L108	In T103	A.M. Mixer Coil (Pri.)	CR616	103-142	Diode
L109	In T103	A.M. Mixer Coil (Sec.)	CR617	103-142	Diode
L202	In T201	2nd F.M. I.F. Transformer	CR618	103-142	Diode
7.000		10.7 MHz (Pri.)	CR619	103-142	Diode
L203	In T201	2nd F.M. I.F. Transformer	CR620	103-142	Diode
L204	I T.202	10.7 MHz (Sec.)	CR621	103-142	Diode
1.204	In T202	2nd A.M. I.F. Transformer 455 KHz (Pri.)	S301	85-1077	AFC Switch
L205	In T202	2nd A.M. I.F. Transformer	S401	*85-1075 *85-1074	Contour Switch
2200	III 1202	455 KHz (Sec.)	S501 S501	*85-1074 *85-1110	A.C. Switch (Early Models) A.C. Switch (Late Models)
L206	In T203	3rd F.M. I.F. Transformer	S601	*85-1078	A.C. Switch (Late Models) A.M. Switch
	III 1200	10.7 MHz (Pri.)	S602	*85-1078	F.M. Switch
L207	In T203	3rd F.M. I.F. Transformer	S603	*85-1078	Phono Switch
		10.7 MHz (Sec.)	S604	*85-1078	Tape Switch
L208	In T204	3rd A.M. I.F. Transformer	S605	*85-1078	Mono-Stereo Switch
		455 KHz (Pri.)	S606	*85-1078	Ext. Bass Switch
L209	In T204	3rd A.M. I.F. Transformer	Z201	20-1422	10.7 MHz Trap
1.010		455 KHz (Sec.)	Z301	105-93	Integnet (R)
L210	In T205	4th F.M. I.F. Transformer	Z351	105-93	Integnet (L)
L211	T 7006	10.7 MHz (Pri.)	DS301	100-384	Stereo Indicator Light (1819X)
L211	In T205	4th F.M. I.F. Transformer	DS503	100-249	Pilot Light (1847)
L212	In T206	10.7 MHz (Sec.) Ratio Detector Trans. (Pri.)	DS504	100-249	Pilot Light (1847)
L213	In T206	Ratio Detector Trans. (Tertiary)	DS505 DS506	100-249 100-249	Pilot Light (1847)
L214	In T206	Ratio Detector Trans. (Sec.)	DS506 DS507	100-249	Pilot Light (1847) Pilot Light (1847)
L301	In T301	Trap Coil 67 KHz	DS508	100-249	Pilot Light (1847)
L302	In T302	Input Coil 19 KHz (Pri.)	DS509	100-249	Pilot Light (1847)
L303	In T302	Input Coil 19 KHz (Sec.)	DS510	100-249	Pilot Light (1847)
L304	In T303	Doubler Coil 19 KHz (Pri.)	DS511	100-249	Pilot Light (1847)
L305	In T303	Doubler Coil 19 KHz (Sec.)	DS601	100-384	A.M. Indicator Light (1819X)
L306 L307	In T304	Biplex Det. Coil 38 KHz (Pri.)	DS602	100-384	F.M. Indicator Light (1819X)
L307 L401	In T304 149-311	Biplex Det. Coil 38 KHz (Sec.) Ferrite Sleeve	DS603	100-384	Phono Indicator Light (1819X)
L451	149-311	Ferrite Sleeve	D\$604	100-384	Tape Indicator Light (1819X)
L501	20-2008	Peaking Coil	DS605	100-384	Mono-Stereo Indicator Light (1819X)
L601	20-2033	10 UH Trap	DS606 J401	100-384 S-83998	Ext. Bass Indicator Light (1891X)
T101	S-74470	A.M. Antenna Coil	J402	S-83999	Housing, Wire & Terminal Assem. (Female) Housing, Wire & Terminal Assem. (Female)
T102	S-83974	A.M. Detector	P401	S-84151	Housing, Wire & Terminal Assem. (Male)
T103	*95-2721	A.M. Mixer	P402	S-84137	Housing, Wire & Terminal Assem. (Male)
T104	S-83975	A.M. Oscillator	P501	S84014	Housing, Wire & Terminal Assem. (Male)
T201	95-2328	2nd F.M. I.F. Transformer	P502	S84023	Housing, Wire & Terminal Assem. (Male)
T202	*95-2722	2nd A.M. I.F. Transformer	P601	S84038	Twenty Contact Housing & Wire Assem.
T203 T204	95-2387 *95-2723	3rd F.M. I.F. Transformer	P602	S83998	Twenty Contact Housing & Wire Assem.
T204		3rd A.M. I.F. Transformer	M201	*122-42	Tuning Meter
T206	95-2387 95-2324	4th F.M. I.F. Transformer Ratio Detector Transformer		OR	
T301	95-2324	Trap Coil		*122-43	Variable Considerable D. 1.
T302	95-2315	Input Transformer		12-4120 12-4652	Variable Capacitor Mtg. Bracket Tuning Meter Mtg. Bracket
T303	95-2313	Doubler Transformer		12-4729	Stereo Reflector Bracket
T304	95-2314	Detector Transformer		12-4945	I.F. Shield Bracket
CR101	103-23	Diode		*12-5272	Switch Mtg. Bracket
CR201	103-23	Diode		*12-5295	Mtg. Bracket
CR202	103-23	Diode		17-149	Cable Clamp
CR203	103-23	Diode	-	19-238	Coil Mtg. Clip (1 part of ea. S-82954 &
CR204 CR205	103-23	Diode		40 - 41	S-82955)
CR203 CR301	103-23	Diode Diode		19-448	Ground Clip (2 required)
CR301 CR302	103-23 103-23	Diode Diode		19-464	Coil Mtg. Clip (Part of S-76801)
CR502 CR503	103-23	Zener Diode		19-480	Wire Retaining Clip (3 required)
CR504				19-492	Cable Retaining Clamp (3 required)
	103-96	Zener Diode		19-561	Capacitor Clamp
CR601	103-142	Diode		22-3652	.1 Mf Disc Capacitor 12V
CR602 CR603	103-142	Diode Diode		22-3944	.0047 Mf Disc Capacitor 25V
CR603	103-142 103-142	Diode Diode		00 1777	(Part of S-76801)
22007	103 174	21040		22-4509	20 Mf Electrolytic Capacitor 25V

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM N⊕.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	02 4555	1 Mf Floatrolytic Compaiton 10V (2 mg)		*83-7324	Trim Strip (Bottom)
	22-4555 22-5639	1 Mf Electrolytic Capacitor 10V (2 req.) .22 Mf Capacitor 100V (2 required)		*83-7325	Trim Strip (Bottom)
	*26-1859	Dial Scale		*83-7383	Escutcheon Strip
	*226-1860	Log Scale		*83-7384	Indicator Strip
	43-571	9 Contact Housing		*83-7385	Indicator Strip
	43-875	9 Contact Housing		*83-7386 *83-7387	Indicator Strip Indicator Strip
	43-878 43-879	12 Contact Housing (2 required) 12 Contact Housing - Treble & Bass (2 req.)		*83-7397	2 Lug Terminal Strip (Used with 58-315)
	43-880	6 Contact Housing (Phono Socket)		*83-7407	Escutcheon Strip (Top)
	*43-1110	20 Contact Housing (2 required)		*83-7410	Terminal Board - Function Switch (2 req.)
	*46-6548	Tuning Control Knob		*83-7411	30 Lug Terminal Strip
	*46-7249	Bass, Treble, Balance & Contour Control Knob (4 required)		*83-7412 *83-7415	16 Lug Terminal Strip Channel Strip - Side (2 required)
	46-7334	Loudness Control Knob		*83-7416	Channel Strip - Top & Bottom (2 req.)
	*46-7355	AFC & On-Off Control Knob (2 required)		*85-1077	AFC Switch
	52-1214	Two Conductor Shielded Cable (Used on 43-875)		86-344	Connector Terminal (Used on 78-1920)
	52-1606	Single Conductor Shielded Cable (Used on		86-388	Connector Terminal (1 used on 43-1110 & 2 used on 78-1761)
	*52-1644	22-4817) Two Conductor Cable (Used on 83-7397)		86-390	Connector Terminal (1 used on 43-1110 &
	*52-1645	Two Conductor Shielded Cable (Used on			8 used on 43-571)
	32 20 .0	43-1110)		86-483	Connector Terminal (9 used on 43-875 &
	*52-1646	Two Conductor Shielded Cable (Used on		06.404	22 used on 43-879)
	+52 1649	43-1110) Simple Conductor Shielded Lond (Head on 42 1110)		86-484	Connector Terminal (22 used on 43-878 & 6 used on 43-880)
	*52-1648 54-450	Single Conductor Shielded Lead (Used on 43-1110) Thread - Forming Palnut (6 Mt. 83-7383)		86-496	Ground Terminal (7 required)
	*54-506	Tinnerman Speed Nut (2 Mt. ea. 126-1430		*86-538	Connector Terminal (30 used on 43-1110)
		& 83-7206)		93-369	No. 10 Internal Shakeproof Lockwasher -
	54-515	Thread - Forming Palnut (12 required)		93-502	Cadmium (used on 103-158)
	54-541	Thread - Forming Palnut (2 Mt. ea. 57-7551 & 57-7552)		93-302	No. 6 External Shakeproof Lockwasher - Cadmium Plated (3 used on ea. 83-7407)
	54-579	10-32 x 3/8 Hex Nut - Steel - Cadmium		94-1379	Insulating Bushing (2 required)
	0,0	(Mts. 103-158)		*100-485	Pilot Light Bulb (6 req.)
	54-590	Tinnerman Speed Nut (2 Mt. 12-4729)		112-625	4-24 x 1/4 Phillips Pan Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
	54-652	Thread - Forming Palnut (7 required)			Stat. Bronze (4 Mt. 57-7553 & 4 Mt.
	54-818 *54-834	Tinnerman Speed Nut (6 required) Thread - Forming Palnut (4 Mt. 57-7553)			Treble & Bass Control Assem.)
	*57-7504	Retainer Plate		114-26	8-18 x 1/4 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw- Stat. Bronze (1 used on S-84096 & 2 Mt.
	*57-7532	Die-Cast Escutcheon			22-4817)
	*57-7551	Slide Switch Mtg. Plate		114-344	6-20 x 1/4 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
	*57-7552	Slide Switch Mtg. Plate			Stat. Bronze (2 Mt. ea. 12-4652, 126-1204
	*57-7553 58-315	Function Plate & Socket Connector Plug			& 126-1281, 2 joins 29AT24 & Escutcheon
	59-859	Dial Pointer		114 901	Assem.) 8-18 x 5/16 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
1	61-222	Pulley (1 part of S-84096, 3 part of		114-801	Stat. Bronze (2 Mt. 12-4945 & 4 Mt. ea.
		S-84098 & 4 part of S-84097)			S-84097 & S-84098)
	63-1845	27K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% (4 req.)		114-803	6-20 x 1/4 Hex Washer Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-
	63-1876 63-4405	150K Ohm Resistor ½W. 10% 560 Ohm Resistor - 5W. 10%			Stat. Bronze (6 join 29AT24 & Escutcheon
	63-4526	3.9 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%		114-804	Assem.) 8-18 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw- Stat.
	63-4749	470 Ohm Resistor - 5W. 10%		111 001	Bronze Flat Washer Att. (4 Mt. Tuner)
	63-6442	560 Ohm Resistor - 3W. 10%		114-920	8-15 x 3/8 Hex Hd. Self-Tap. Screw-Stat.
	64-862	Steel Eyelet (4 Mt. Tuner)			Bronze (4 Mt. Printed Circuit Board &
B	69-160	4-40 x 1/4 Rd. Hd. Mach. Screw-Cadmium (2 Mt. ea. 85-1074 & 85-1077)		121 420	Bracket Assem.)
	78-1099	3 Contact Socket		121-430 121-496	Transistor (2 required) Transistor (4 required)
	78-1761	Stereo Indicator Socket & Wire		121-497	Transistor (4 required)
	78-1838	Transistor Socket (18 required)		121-544	Driver (2 required)
	*78-1920	Dial Light Socket & Wire Tension Spring (Gang)		121-546	Transistor (3 required)
	80-1091 80-1140	Tension Spring (Gang) Tension Spring (Pointer)		121-602 121-603	Transistor (2 required) Transistor (2 required)
	80-2035	Spring (Used on 46-6548)		121-638	Transistor (2 required)
	83-1475	Cable Retaining Strip		*121-732	Transistor
	83-5164	4 Lug Terminal Strip		121-433	Transistor (Preferred)
	83-5165	Insulating Strip 3 Lug Terminal Strip		-OR-	—
	83-5170 83-5171	Insulating Strip		121-752 *121-756	Transistor
	83-5288	13 Lug Terminal Strip		*121-756 *121-775	Transistor Transistor
	83-5290	19 Lug Terminal Strip		-OR-	
	83-5391	20 Lug Terminal Strip (3 required)		121-614	Transistor
	83-5392 83-5736	32 Lug Terminal Strip 3 Lug Terminal Strip		125-117	Rubber Grommet (4 used on tuner)
	83-5737 83-5737	Insulating Strip		126-1204 126-1281	Shield Dial Scale Light Shield
	83-6430	3 Lug Terminal Strip		126-1281	Dial Scale Light Shield Slider Guide Shield (8 required)
	83-6875	2 Lug Terminal Strip			J
	83-7206	Slider Guide (8 required)		*126-1419 126-1430	Stereo Light Shield Light Shield (2 required)
		• •		149-211	Iron Core (1 part of ea. S-82954 &
*Deno	tes parts not p	reviously used in Zenith receivers.			S-82955)

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	149-370	Iron Core (Part of S-76801)	A 1	*0.64.00000	The contraction
	*185-3	Silicon Control Rectifier (4 required)	A1 A2	*964-22009 *964-22009	Transistor Transistor
	*185-4	Silicon Control Rectifier (2 required)	A3	*964-22009	Transistor
	*185-5	Silicon Control Rectifier (2 required)	A4	*964-22009	Transistor
	188-137 *192-469	Retaining Ring (Used on 46-6548) Dial Crystal	Q1 }	*800-294	Output Transistor Assembly -
	S-76801	Antenna Coil, Capacitor & Wire Assem.	Q2 { Q3 }	000 254	Matched Pair
	S-79037	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem.	Q4 }	*800-294	Output Transistor Assembly - Matched Pair
	*S-82954	Broadcast Oscillator Coil Assem.	SP1	*964-23069	4" Speaker
	*S-82955 *S-83179	Broadcast Detector Coil Assem. FM Tuner Assembly	SP2 P1	*964-23069	4" Speaker
	*S-84055	Phono Socket & Bracket Assem.	T1	964-14220 *964-23074	Amp. Plug Power Transformer
	*S-84096	Bracket & Pulley Assem.			3 Remote Cable
	*S-84097 *S-84098	Escutcheon Mtg. Bracket Assem. (R.H.) Escutcheon Mtg. Bracket Assem. (L.H.)		*964-15078	
	*S-84103	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. (Pointer)		964-20622	and the second s
	*S-84104	Drive Cord & Eyelet Assem. (Pointer)		964-20623 *964-22144	Terminal - Female Heat Sink (4 required)
		MODEL A550W		*964-23085	Hum Shield
		CHASSIS COMPONENTS		8400	EL A550W
C1 C2	*964-23109 *964-23109	.0018 Mf Capacitor .0018 Mf Capacitor			COMPONENTS
C3	*964-19755	100 Pf Capacitor - 500V			
C4	*964-19755	100 Pf Capacitor - 500V		964-9197 964-12399	6-32 Hex Nut 8-32 Palnut
C5 C6	964-19758 964-19638	1 Mf Capacitor - 15V .05 Mf Capacitor - 100V			A 6x Truss Screw
C7	*964-19754	30 Pf Capacitor		964-13621	Terminal - Amp.
C8	964-19753	.0047 Capacitor		964-15090-2 964-15106	X Name Plate Motorboard Protector
C9	964-19638	.05 Mf Capacitor - 100V		*964-15551-	
C10 C11	*964-19754 964-19753	30 Pf Capacitor .0047 Capacitor		*964-15551	Knob Assembly
C12	964-19638	.05 Mf Capacitor - 100V		-3CU 964-15821-	F Cable Clamp
C13	964-19638	.05 Mf Capacitor - 100V			C Knob Insert
C14 C15	*964-19641 *964-19755	25 Mf Capacitor - 15V 100 Pf Capacitor - 500V		*964-16271	Knob Clip
C16	964-19615	5 Mf Capacitor - 15V			H Hole Button - 1¼"
C17	*964-19641	25 Mf Capacitor - 15V		964-16981 964-17170	Grommet Amp. Terminal
C18	*964-19755	100 Pf Capacitor - 500V			Cable Clamp
C19 C20	*964-19610 *964-19610	200 Mf Capacitor - 15V 200 Mf Capacitor - 15V		*964-17602-	
C21	*964-23096	1000 Mf Capacitor - 25V		•	3 Power Cord Cord Clamp
R1	*964-23066	Tone Control			9 45RPM Adapter Clamp
R3 R4	63-3992 *964-22099	68K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10% 4.7 Megohm Resistor - ½W 10%		*964-20746-	Remote Cable Assembly
R5	63-1897	470K Ohm Resistor - ½W 10%		*964-22788	Terminal Strip
R6	63-1908	820K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W 10%		*964-23070 *964-23071-	Case Assembly F Packing Carton
R7 R8	*964-22099 63-1897	4.7 Megohm Resistor - ½W 10% 470K Ohm Resistor - ½W 10%		*56-590	Needle7 Mil. & 3 Mil. Mfd.
R9	63-1908	820K Ohm Resistor - ½W 10%		*140.160	Sapphire (Part of 142-169)
R10	63-3992	68K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W 10%		*142-169	Dual Pickup Cartridge7 Mil. & 3 Mil. Mfd. Sapphire (Part of 169-379)
R11	63-4019	39K Ohm Resistor - ½W 10%		*169-379	4 Speed Record Changer
R12 R13	63-4019 *964-22987	39K Ohm Resistor - ½W 10% 1.8 Megohm Resistor - ½W 10%		202-3243	Instruction Book
R14	63-3992	68K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W 10%		*836-148 *840-149	Handle W/N.P. Hardware & Insert Hinge (4 required)
R15	*964-22987	1.8 Megohm Resistor - ½W 10%		*857-153	Control Panel - Zenith - Solid State -
R16 R18	*964-23064 *964-22099	Loudness Control 4.7 Megohm Resistor - ½W 10%			Balance - Loudness - Tone
R19	63-1894	390K Ohm Resistor - ½W 10%		*883-79	Control Panel Insert - Acoustic Suspension Speakers
R20	63-1904	680K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W 10%		*956-23	Strike & Catch (2 required)
R21 R22	*964-23065 *964-22099	Balance Control 4.7 Megohm Resistor - ½W 10%		*966-18	Bumper (4 required)
R23	63-1894	390K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W 10%		*S-82964	45 RPM Adaptor Assembly
R24	63-1904	680K Ohm Resistor - 1/2W 10%		*56-591	Needle7 Mil. Diamond & 3 Mil. Mfd. Sapphire (Optional At Extra Cost)
R25	63-1771	470 Ohm Resistor - ½W 10%			
R26 R27	63-1771 63-1729	470 Ohm Resistor - ½W 10% 47 Ohm Resistor - ½W 10%			S-79987 FM TUNER ASSEMBLY
R28	63-1771	470 Ohm Resistor - ½W 10%	C1	22-2374	6 PF Disc 5 PF 500V
R29	63-1729	47 Ohm Resistor - ½W 10%	C2	22-2379	12 PF Disc 5% 500V
R30 R31	63-4528 63-1771	4.7 Ohm Resistor - ½W 5% 470 Ohm Resistor - ½W 10%	C3 C4	22-4718 22-5321	.001 Mfd Feed Thru Cap. 500V 36 PF Disc 5% 500 V
R32	634528	4.7 Ohm Resistor - 1/2W 5%	ĊĴ	22-3321	.001 Mfd Feed Thru Cap. 500V
D1	*964-19645	Diode	C3	22-4718	.001 Mid Feed Thru Cap. 300V
D2	*964-19645	Diode	C7	22-3541	3.3 PF Gimmick 5% 500V
D3	*964-21866	Rectifier	C8	22-3675	10 PF Disc 5% 500V
D4	*964-21866	Rectifier	С9	22-4515	1.8 PF Gimmick 5% 500V

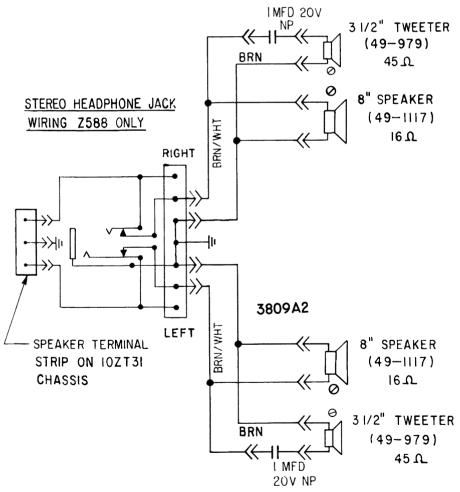
^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
	C10	22-2481	8 PF Disc 5% 500V	C21	22-3393	.01 MFD Disc 25V
	C11	22-4718	.001 Mfd Feed Thru Cap. 500V	C22	22-4613	.001 MFD Disc 25V .001 MFD Feed Thru 500V
	C12	22-4729	.002 Mfd Feed Thru Cap. 500V	C23	22-4515	1.8 PF Gimmick 500V
	C13	22-3622	19 PF Disc 5% 500V	L1	S-62887	FM Antenna Coil Assembly
•	C14	22-4844	.002 Feed Thru Cap. 500V	L2 L3	S-62887	FM RF Input Coil Assembly
	C15 C16	22-3034 22-3652	.05 Mfd Disc 25V .1 Mfd Disc 10V	L3 L4	S-62887 20-1256	FM Det. Coil Assembly Trap Coil 10.7 MHZ
	R1	63-1813	4.7K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%	L5	In T1	Trup Con 10.7 Mile
	R2	63-4143	100 Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10%	L6	In T1	
	R3	63-4164	330 Ohm Resistor - ¼W. 10%	L7	S-62887	FM Oscillator Coil Assembly
	R4 R5	63-4196 63-4196	1.8K Ohm Resistor - ¼W. 10% 1.8K Ohm Resistor - ¼W. 10%	SE1 T1	103-47 95-2322	Diode 1st FM - I.F. Transformer 10.7 MHZ
	R6	63-4297	470K Ohm Resistor - ¼W. 10%	Q1	121-731	FM-RF Transistor
	R7	63-4122	33 Ohm Resistor - ¼W. 10%	Q2	121-732	FM-Mixer Transistor
	R8	63-1772	470 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 20%	Q3	121-432	FM-Oscillator Transistor
	R9 • R10	63-1911	1 Meg Resistor - ½W. 10% 1.8K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%		12-4192 12-4193	Tuner Guide Bracket Coil Mtg. Bracket
	R11	63-1796 63-1831	1.8K Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%		19-322	Coil Mtg. Clip (4 required)
	R12	63-1898	470K Ohm Resistor - ¼W. 20%		24-1372	Tuner Cover
	Q1	121-704	R.F. Transistor		44-48	Antenna Jack
	Q2	121-613	Oscillator Transistor		56-426 57-5333	Roll Pin (6 required) Bearing Plate
	L1 L2	S-78099 S-65043	FM Antenna Coil FM Detector Coil		63-1778	680 Ohm Resistor - ½W. 10%
	L3	20-1256	10.7 MHz Trap Coil		63-4122	33 Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10%
	L4	S-62887	FM Oscillator Coil		63-4157	220 Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10%
	T1	95-2686	1st I.F. Transformer (FM)		63-4171	470 Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10%
	CR1	103-47 *12-4957	Diode Tuner Guide Bracket		63-4175 63-4185	560 Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10% 1000 Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10%
		*12-4958	Coil Mounting Bracket		63-4199	2200 Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10%
		19-322	Coil Mounting Clip (2 Used On 12-4958 &		63-4210	3900 Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10%
			3 Used On S-79980)		63-4227	10K Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10%
		*52-1495	Shielded Lead		63-4241 63-4269	22K Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10%
		56-426 56-512	Roll Pin (3 Required) Roll Pin (2 Required)		63-4283	100K Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10% 220K Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10%
		*76-1819	Guide Shaft		63-4297	470K Ohm Resistor - 1/4W. 10%
			No. 18 Sleeving - Yellow - 1½"		64-88	.088 Dia. x 1/8 Lg. Tubular
		80-1467	Shaft Retaining Spring		CA 210	Rivet - N.P.
		*83-6877	Antenna Terminal Strip		64-318	Brass Eyelet - USNC No. SE37 (6 required - used on S-83179 Only)
		*83-6878 86-441	One Lug Terminal Strip Insulated Feed-Thru Terminal (4 Required)		76-1541	Guide Shaft (2 required)
		94-613	Iron Core Bushing (2 Required)		76-1820	Drive Shaft (Used on 12-4192, S-83179 only)
		113-26	6 - 32 x ¼ x ¼ Hex Hd. Mach. Screw - N.P		76-1927	Drive Shaft (Used on 12-4192, S-82931 only)
		*115 45	External Lockwasher Att. (2 Used On 12-4958)		78-1227	Transistor Socket (2 required)
		*115-45	2 - 56 x 7/16 Fillister Hd. Mach. Screw (Used On S-79986)		78-1378 79-174-12	Transistor Socket No. 18 Sleeving - Yellow - 1½"
		125-26	Grommet (2 Required)		80-1467	Shaft Retaining Spring
		*126-1360	Shield		80-1853	Transformer Retaining Spring
		149-368	Iron Core & Spring		83-3829	2 Lug Terminal Strip Insulated Feed-Thru Terminal (2 required)
		149-385 188-232	Iron Core & Spring Retaining Ring (2 Required)		86-441 94-613	Iron Core Bushing (4 required)
		*S-79978	Detector Coil Assembly - Wiring		94-1472	Tuning Shaft Bushing (Used on S-83179 only)
		*S-79979	Oscillator Coil Assembly - Wiring		94-1534	Tuning Shaft Bushing (Used on S-82931 only)
		*S-79980	Antenna Coil Assembly - Wiring		113-26	6-32 x 1/4 x 1/4 Hex Hd. Mach. Screw-N.P.
		*S-79986	Tuning Shaft & Pin Assembly			- Ext. Lockwasher Att. (2 used on ea. 12-4193 & 57-5333) (4 required)
			S-82931 & S-83179		126-1141	Coil Shield - Side (2 required)
			TUNER ASSEMBLIES		126-1142	Coil Shield - Center
	C1	22-5318	34 PF Disc 5% 500V		149-368	Iron Core & Spring (3 required)
	C2 C3	22-5164 22-5318	1.2 PF Gimmick 5% 500V 34 PF Disc 5% 500V		149-385 188-232	Iron Coil & Spring Retaining Ring (4 required)
	C4	22-3516	10 PF Disc 5% 500V		S-69085	Shield & Terminal Strip Assem.
	C5	22-4613	.001 MFD Feed Thru 500V		S-83409	Detector Coil Assem.
	C6	22-4718	.001 MFD Feed Thru 500V		S-83410	Oscillator Coil Assem.
	C7	22-5318	34 PF Disc 5% 500V		S-83411	Antenna Coil Assem.
	C9 C10	22-2614 22-4613	15 PF Disc 5% 500V .001 MFD Feed Thru 500V		S-83412 S-83414	R.F. Input Coil Assem. Bracket, Shaft & Pin Assem.
	C10	22-3479	2.2 PF Disc ±.5% 500V		2 00717	MODEL S9017W
	C12		.01 MFD Disc 25V		14-7661	Cabinet
	C14		.001 MFD Feed Thru 500V		16-3174	Packing Carton
	C15		.01 MFD Disc 25V		22-4588 49-1004	2 MF Electrolytic Capacitor - 30V.
	C16 C17		1.5 PF Gimmick 500V 23 PF Disc 5% 500V		49-1004 49-1102	Horn Tweeter 12" PM Speaker
	C18		.01 MFD Disc 25V		54-423	6 - 32 Palnut (4 Mt. 49-1004)
	C19		6 PF Disc +.5% 500Y		\$4-424	8 - 32 Palnut (4 Mt, 49-1102)
	C20		.001 MFD Feed Thru 500V		57-5204	Name Plate (Part of 14-7661)
						,

^{*}Denotes parts not previously used in Zenith receivers.

PAKI NO.	DESCRIPTION	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
72-127	8 x 1-4 Phillips Flat Hd. Wood Screw-Stat.		54-424	8-32 Palnut (4 Mt. 49-1102)
	Bronze (10 Part of 14-7661)		57-5204	Nameplate (Part of 14-7661)
83-4235	Cushioning Strip (Part of 14-7661)		72-127	8 x 1 1/4 Phillips Fl. Hd. Wood Screw-Stat.
83-5872	Terminal Strip			Bronze (10 Part of 14-7661)
86-255	Terminal (2 required)		83-4235	Cushioning Strip (Part of 14-7661)
86-329	Connector Terminal (4 required)		83-7320	Terminal Strip
112-1266	6 - 32 x 1-1/2 Speaker Mtg. Screw (4 Part		86-255	Terminal (2 required)
	of 14-7661)		86-329	Connector Terminal (2 required)
112-1270			86-452	Connector Terminal
	of 14-7661)		-OR-	
157-22	Fastener (2 required)		86-329	Connector Terminal
854-15	Speed Nut (2 part of 14-7661)		112-1266	6-32 x 1 ½" Speaker Mtg. Screw (4 part of
910-654	Grille Cloth (Part of 14-7661)			14-7661)
965-21	3/4 Dia. Plastic Floor Glide (4 part of 14-7661)		112-1270	8-32 x 1 3/4" Speaker Mtg. Screw (4 part of 14-7661)
S-73930	Two Conductor Wire & Terminal Assembly		157-22	Fastener (2 required)
	MODEL S9017W-1		854-15	Speed Nut (2 part of 14-7661)
MODEL 39017W-1			*872-5	6 x 1 1/4 Fl. HD. Wood Screw (2 part of
14-7661	Cabinet			14-7661)
16-3174			910-654	Grille Cloth (Part of 14-7661)
22-4906	5 MF Electrolytic Capacitor - 30V.		965-21	3/4 Dia. Plastic Floor Glide (4 part of 14-7661)
49-1102	12" PM Speaker		S-50860	Speaker Lead Assem.
49-1162	Horn Tweeter		S-73930	Two Conductor Wire & Terminal Assem.
54-423	6-32 Palnut (4 Mt. 49-1162)		*S-83400	Filter Coil Assem.

Z588

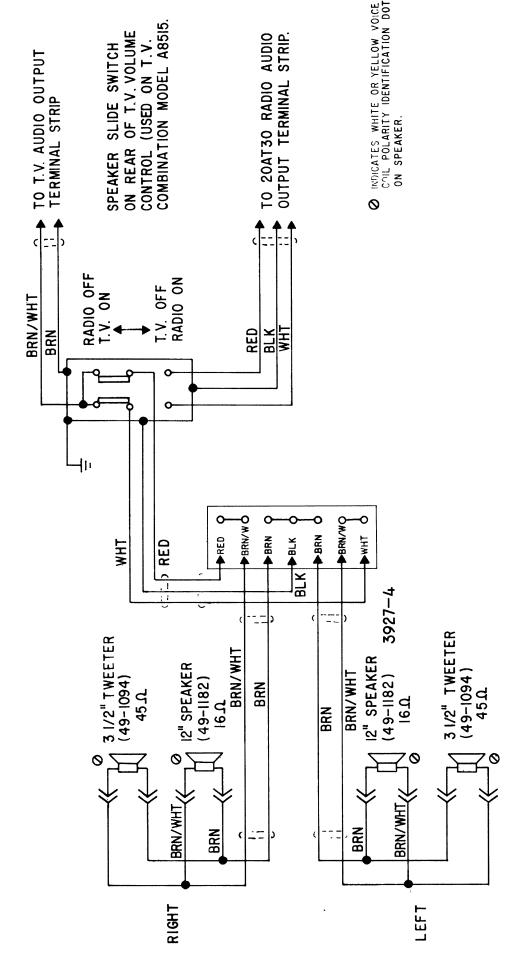


NOTE.

NO.

Ø INDICATES WHITE OR YELLOW VOICE COIL POLARITY IDENTIFICATION DOT ON SPEAKER

SPEAKER WIRING SCHEMATIC



A STATE OF THE PERSON AS A STATE OF THE PERSON

A921

A910, A912, A914, A916

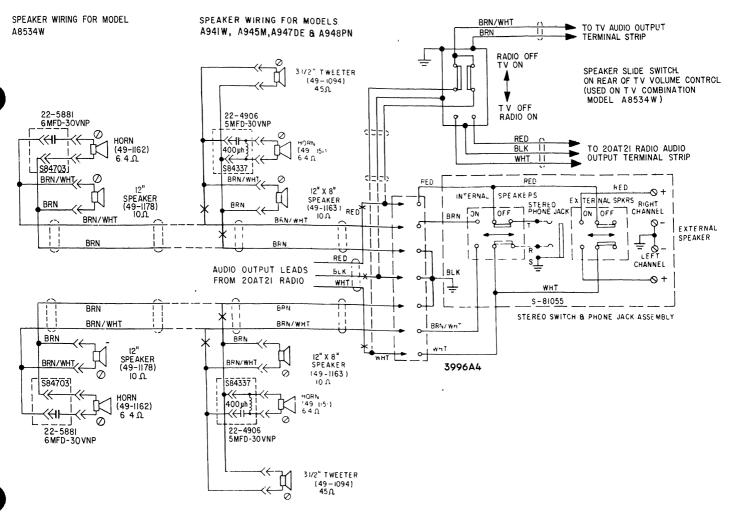
A906, A907, A908

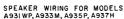
A923, A925, A929

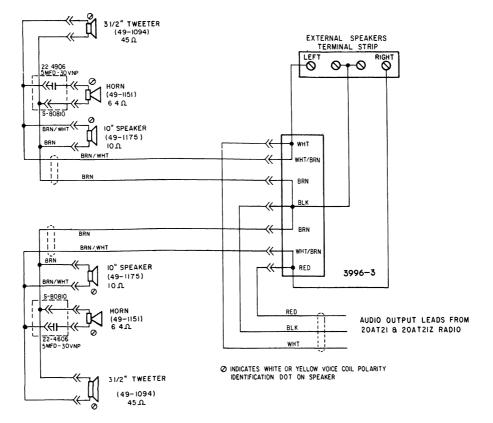
SPEAKER WIRING SCHEMATICS

NOTE:

O INDICATES WHITE OR YELLOW VOICE COIL
POLARITY IDENTIFICATION DOT ON SPEAKER

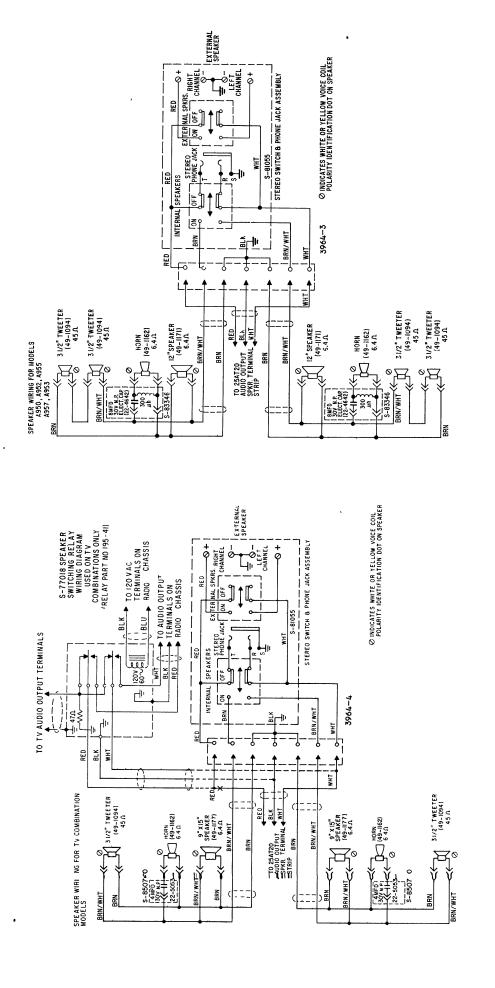






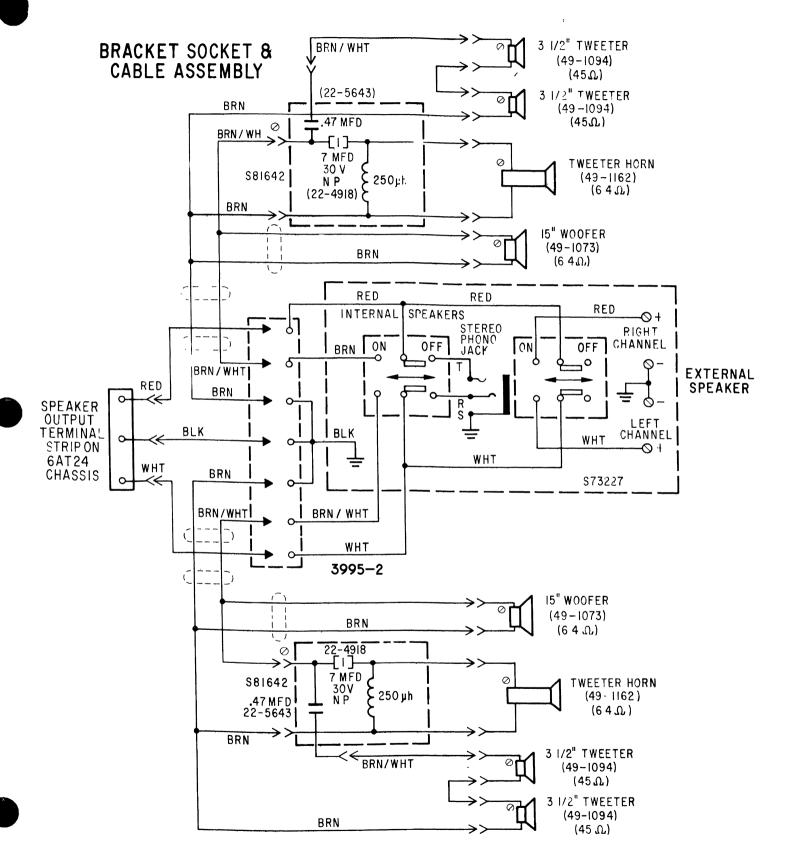
SPEAKER WIRING SCHEMATIC

And the same of the same of the same of

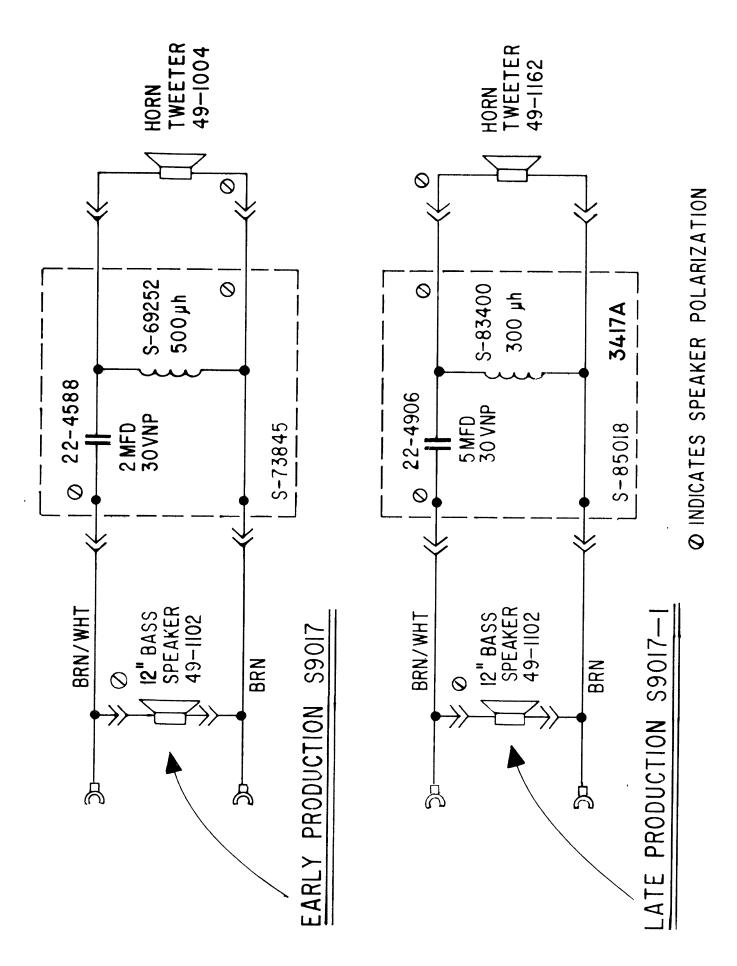


FOR MODELS:

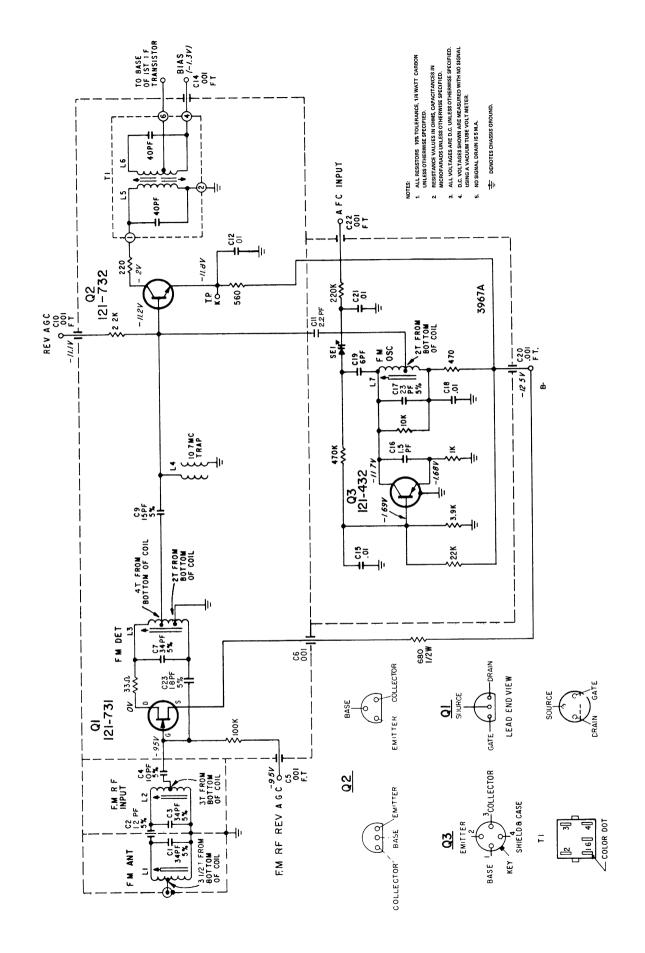
A960, A966



SPEAKER WIRING SCHEMATICS

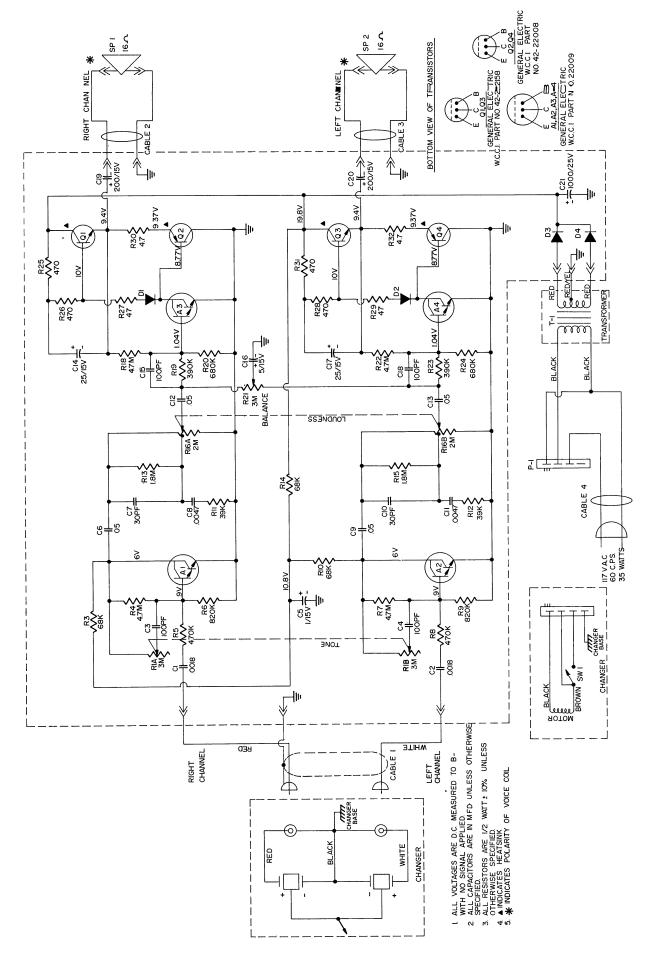


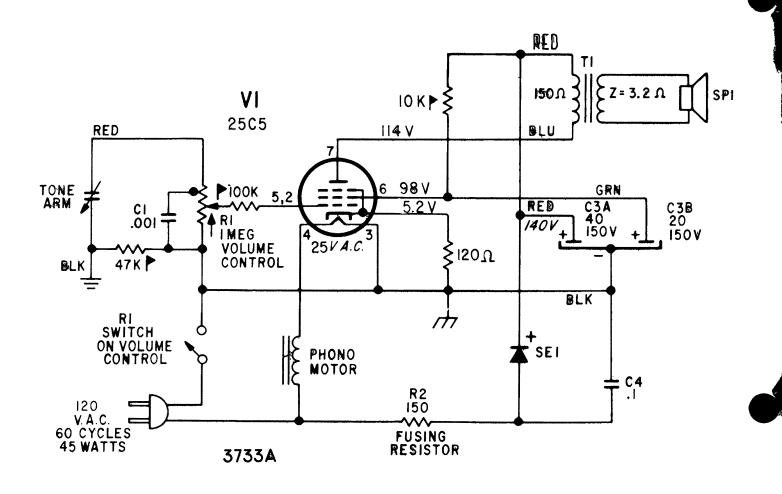
S-9017W AND S-9017W-1 EXTENSION SPEAKERS

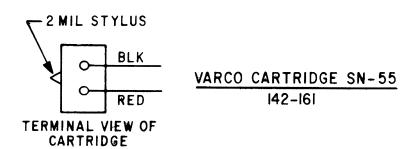


* INDICATES POSITIVE SPEAKER LEADS

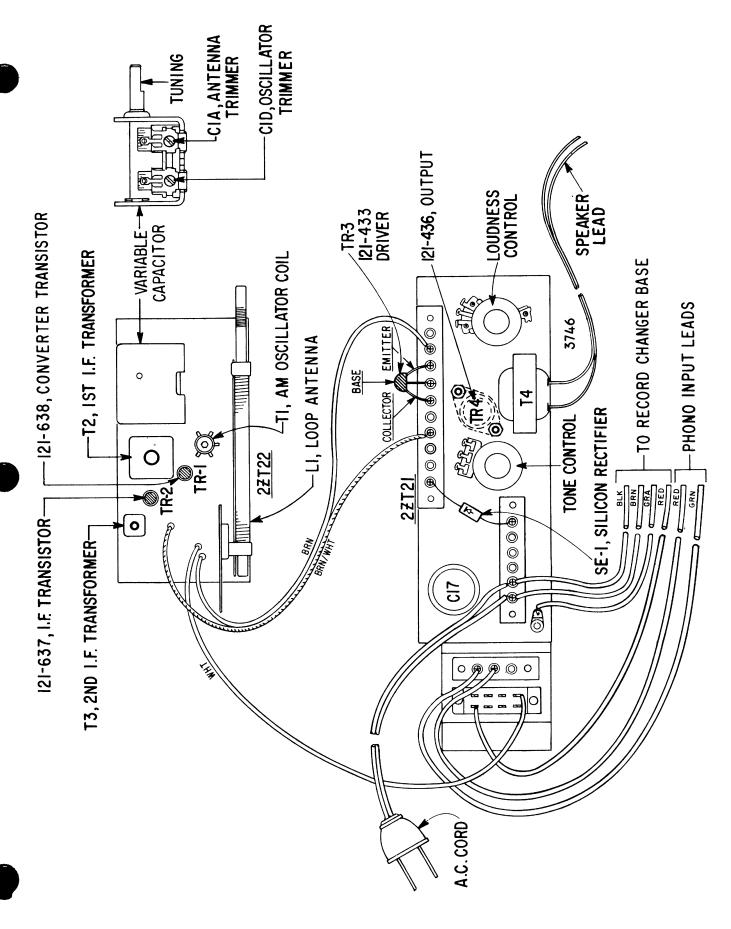
A550 - CHASSIS WIRING AND COMPONENTS AS VIEWED FROM FOIL SIDE



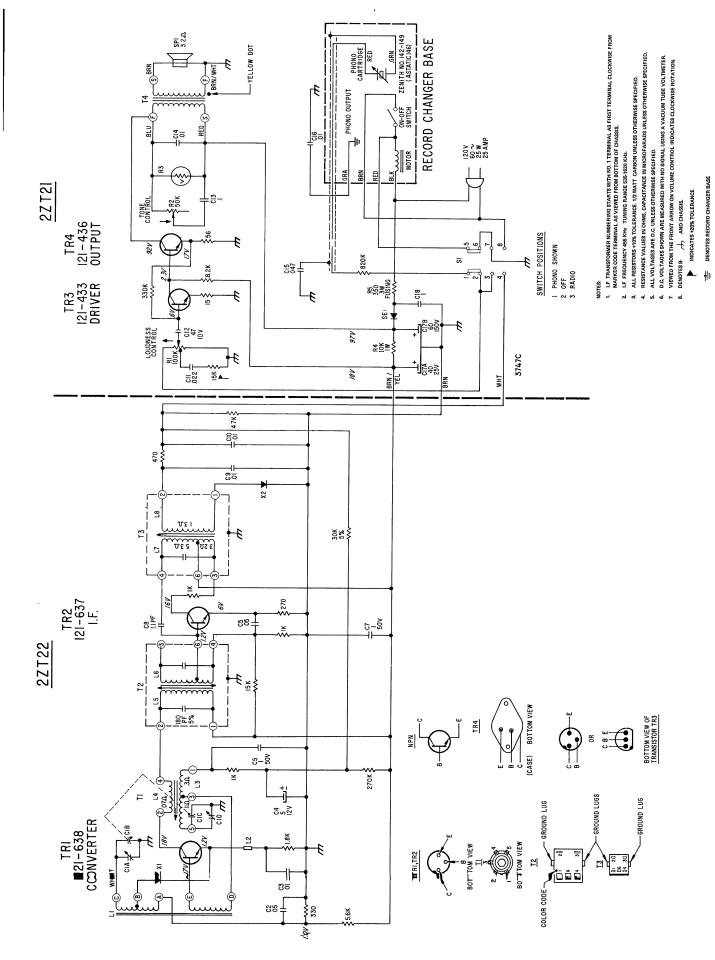




1Y20Z SCHEMATIC

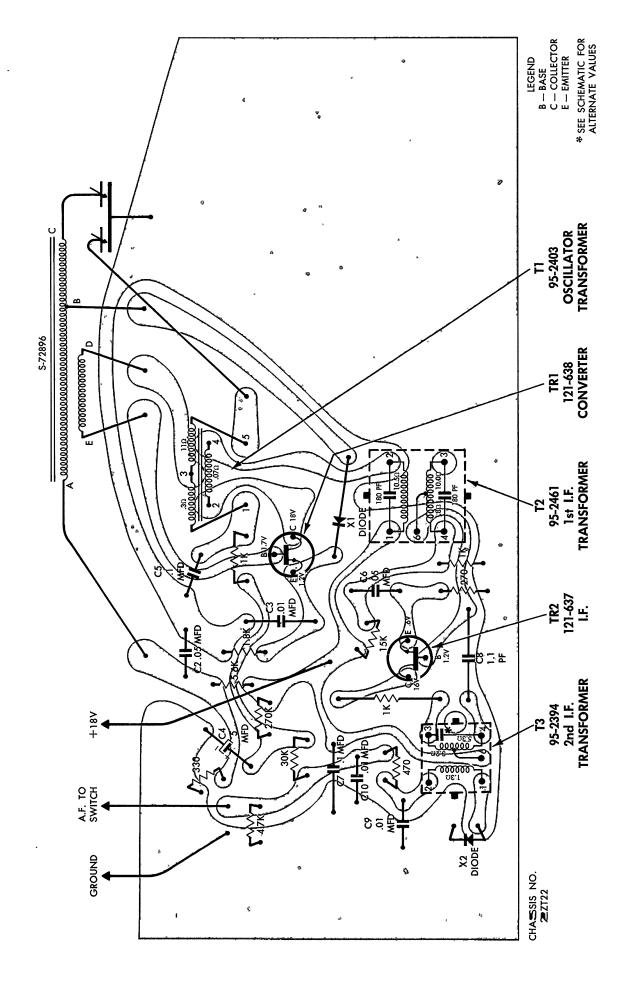


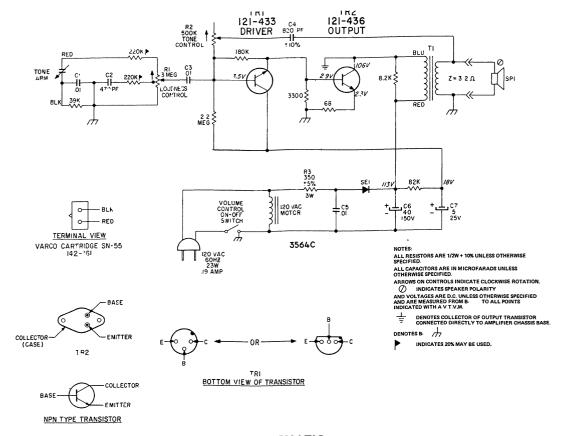
2ZT21 AND 2ZT22 - CHASSIS LAYOUT



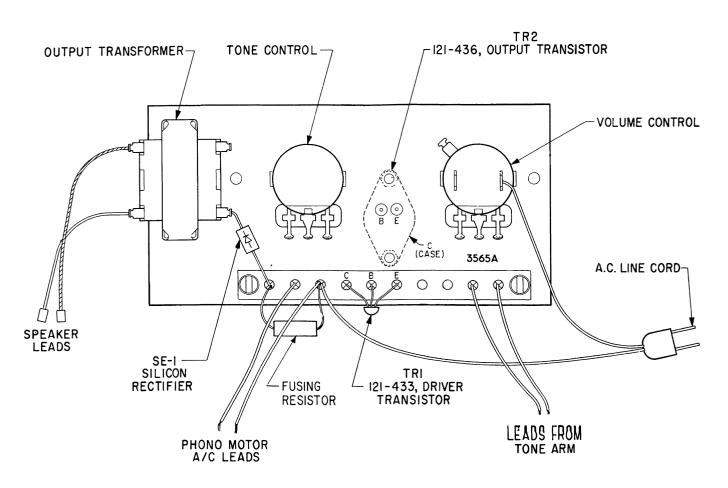
2ZT21 AND 2ZT22 - SCHEMATIC

INDICATES COLLECTOR OF TRANSISTOR

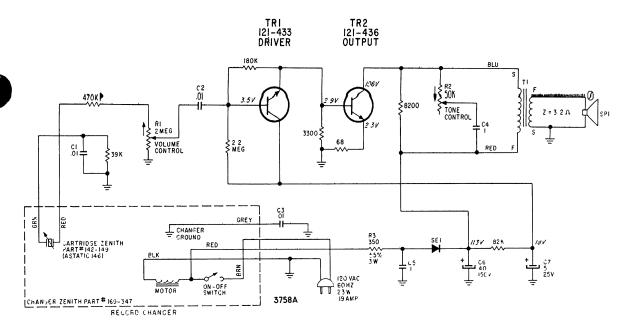


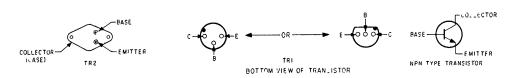


2YT23 SCHEMATIC



2YT23 CHASSIS LAYOUT





NOTES:

ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT 10% UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
ALL CAPACITORS ARE IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
ARROWS ON CONTROLS INDICATE CLOCKWISE ROTATION.

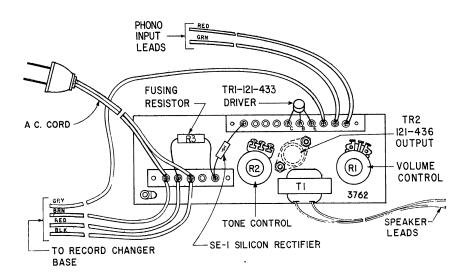
O INDICATES SPEAKER POLARITY

ALL VOLTAGES ARE D.C. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED AND ARE MEASURED FROM B- TO ALL POINTS INDICATED WITH A V T V.M.

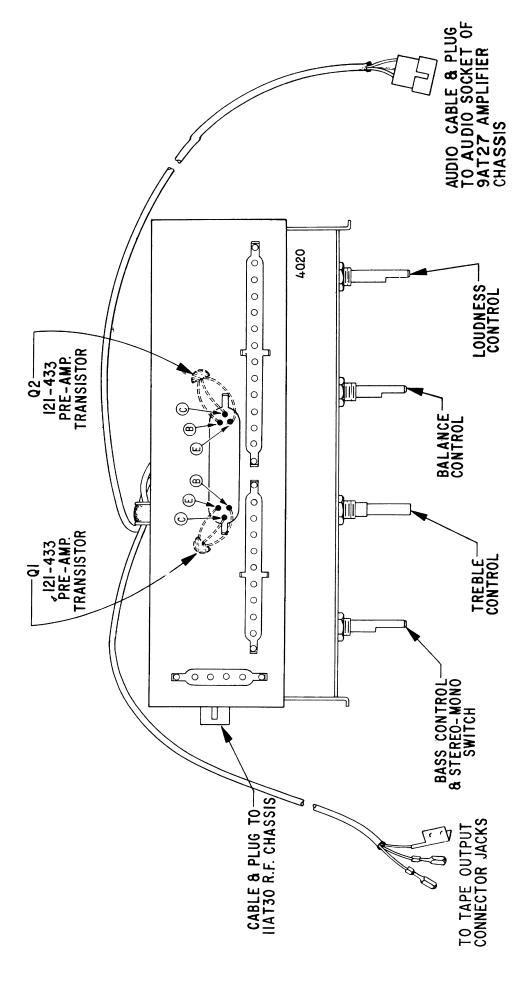
DENOTES AMPLIFIER CHASSIS BASE AND B-

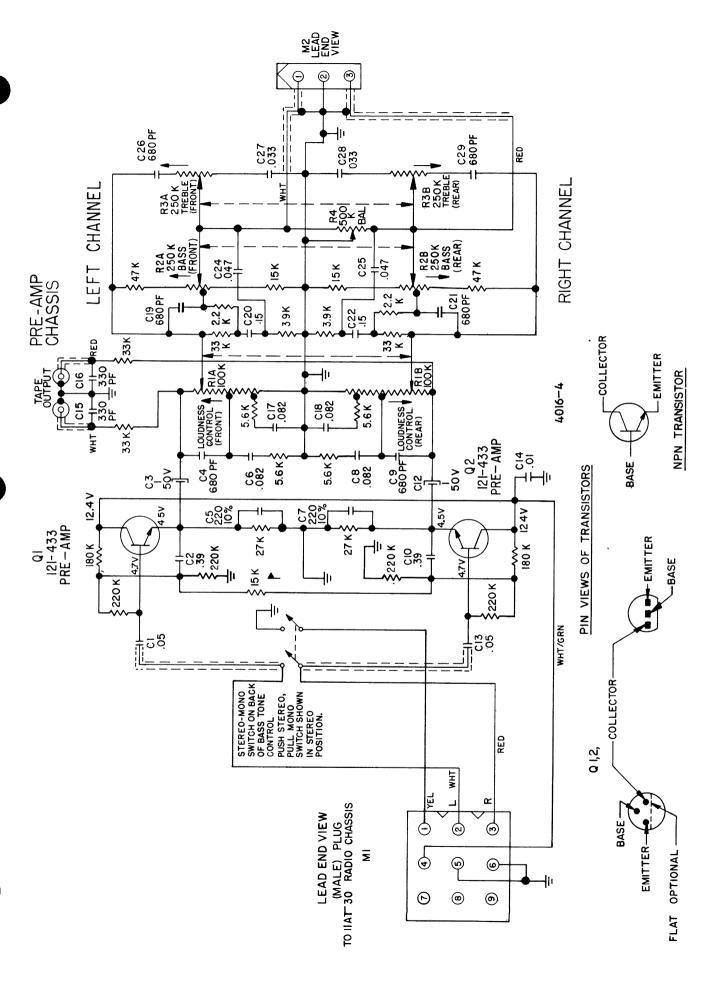
INDICATES 20% TOLERANCE.

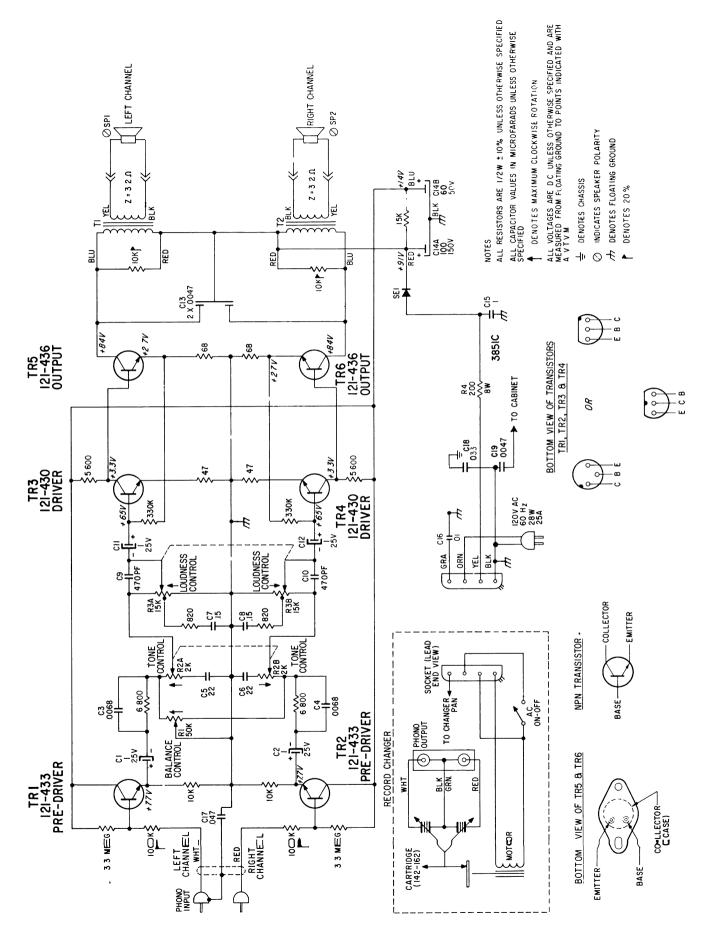
2ZT24 SCHEMATIC

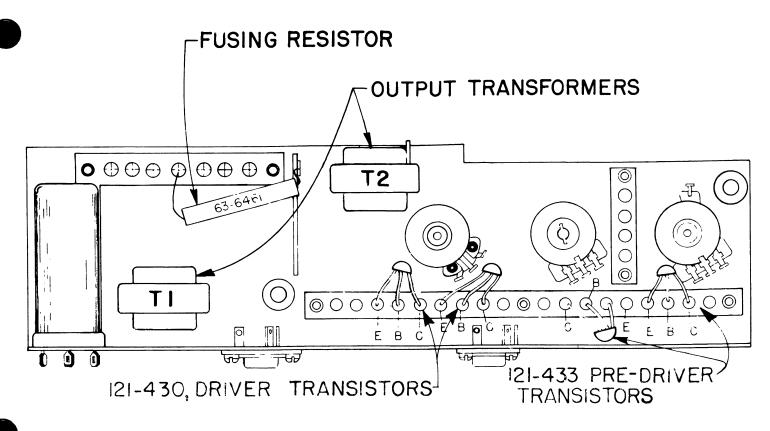


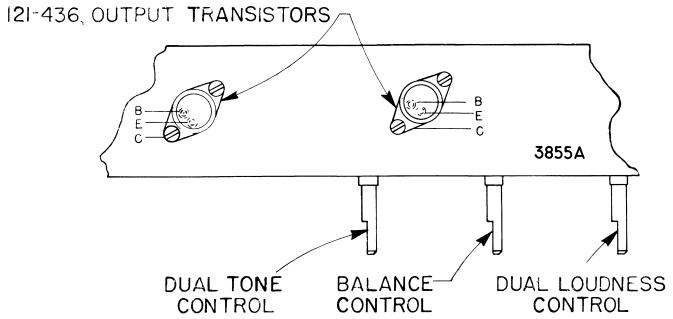
2ZT24 CHASSIS LAYOUT



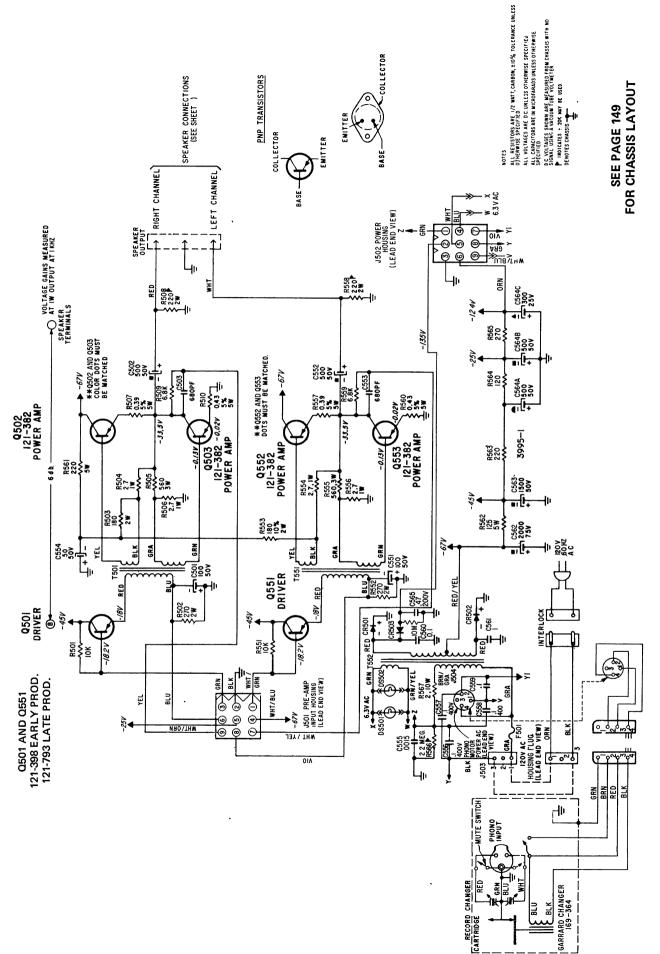








62720 CHASSIS LAYOUT

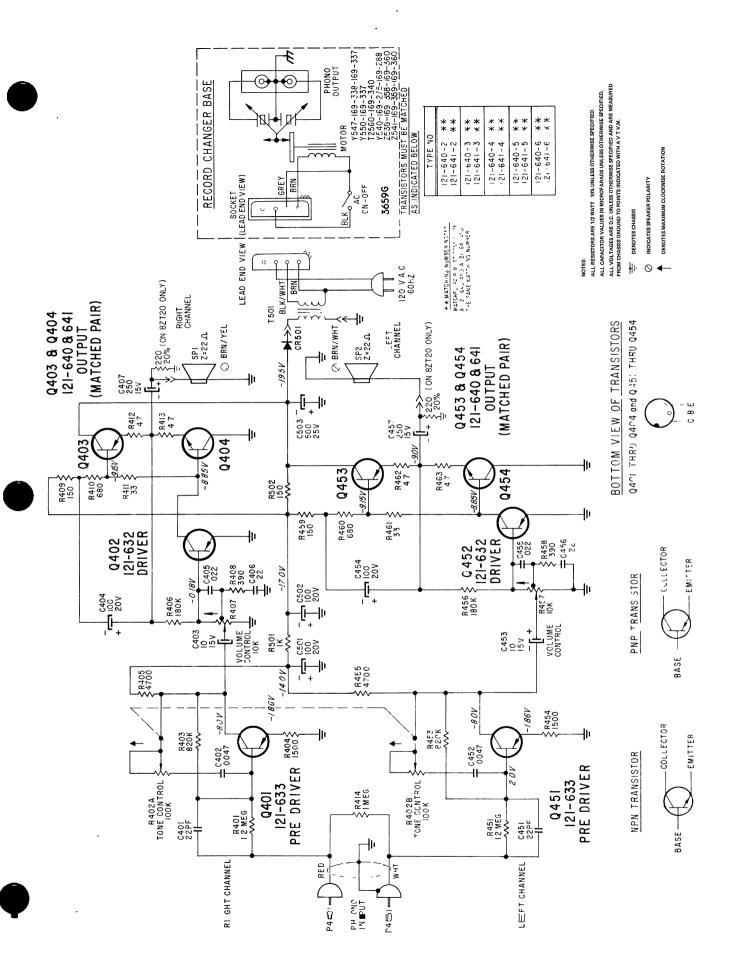


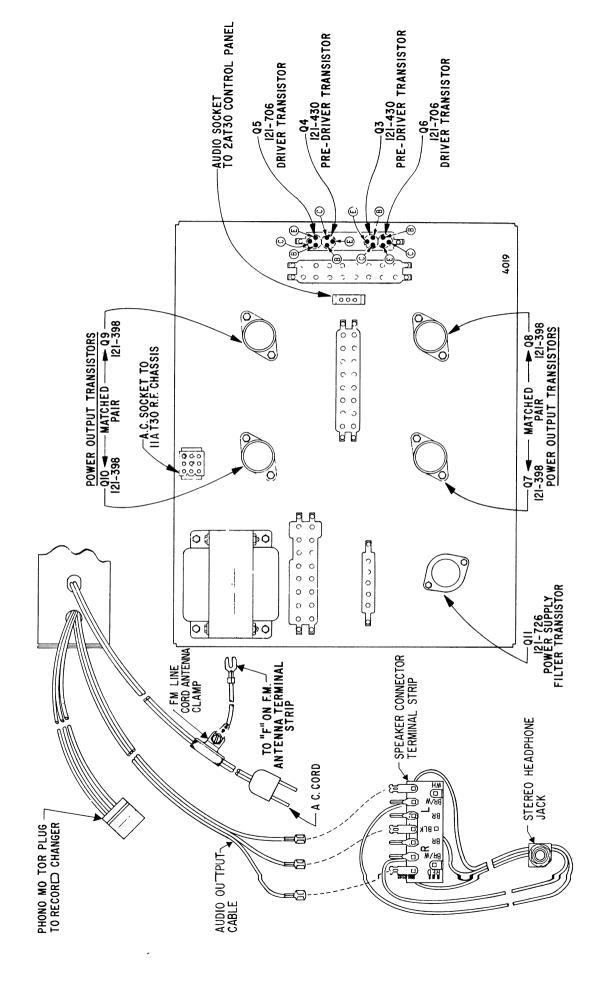
6AT24 SCHEMATIC

8ZT20 CHASSIS LAYOUT

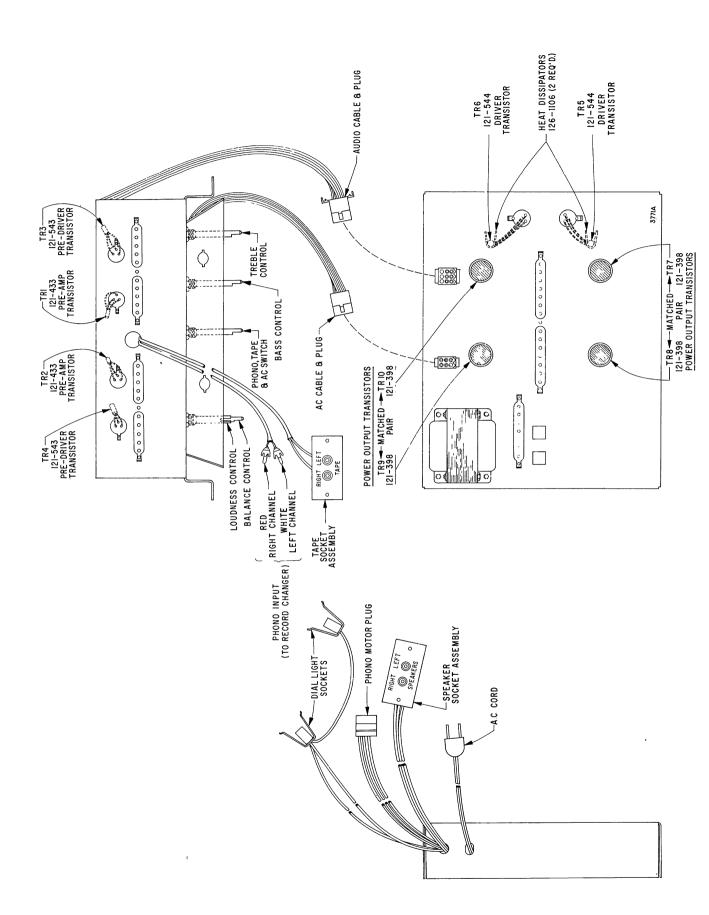
(

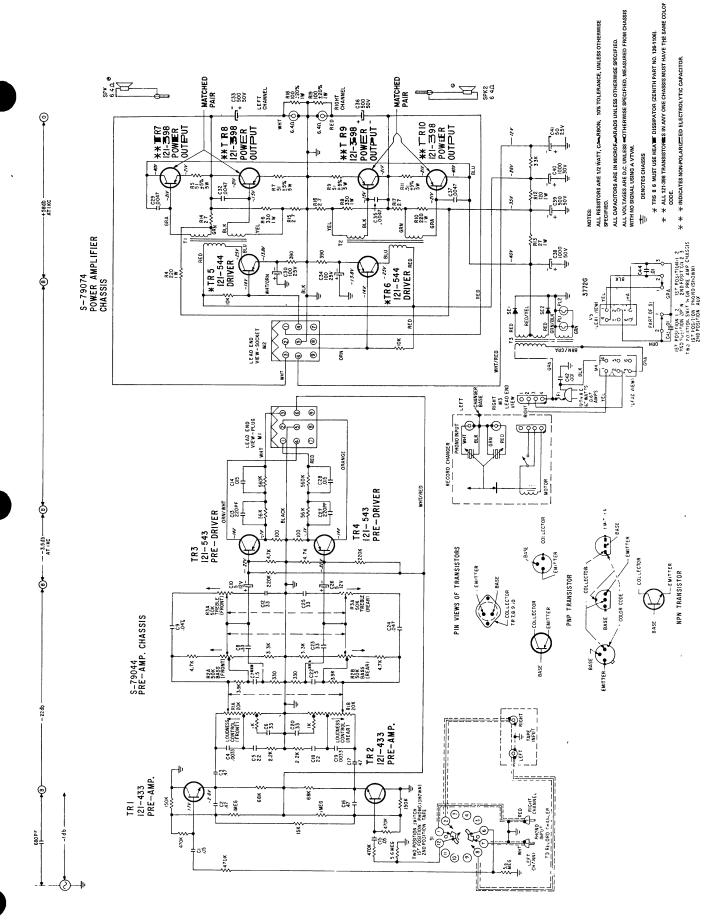
8ZT20 CHASSIS WIRING AND COMPONENTS AS VIEWED FROM FOIL SIDE



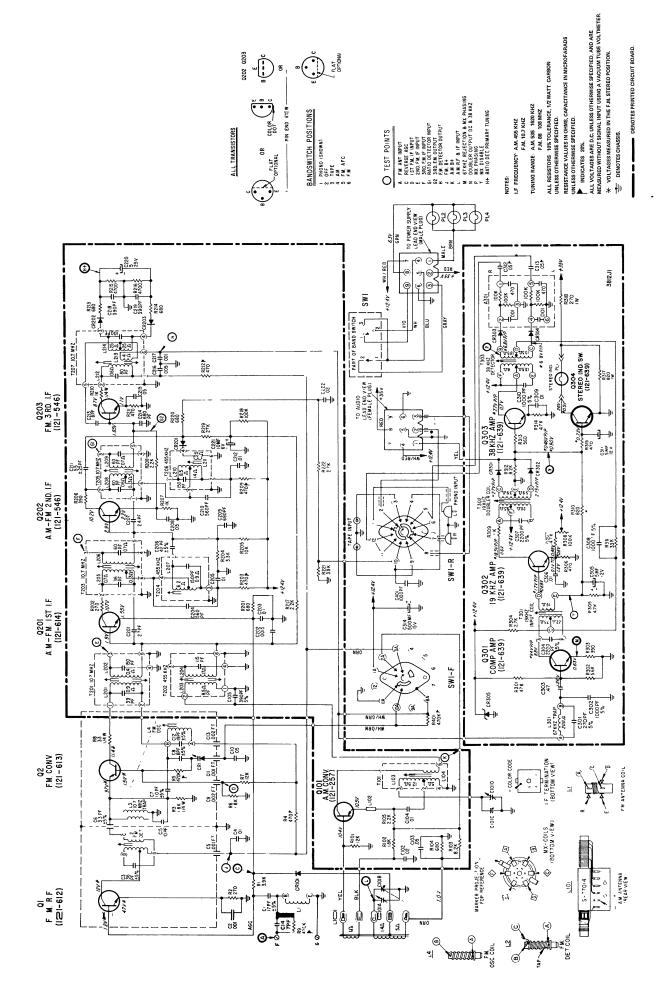


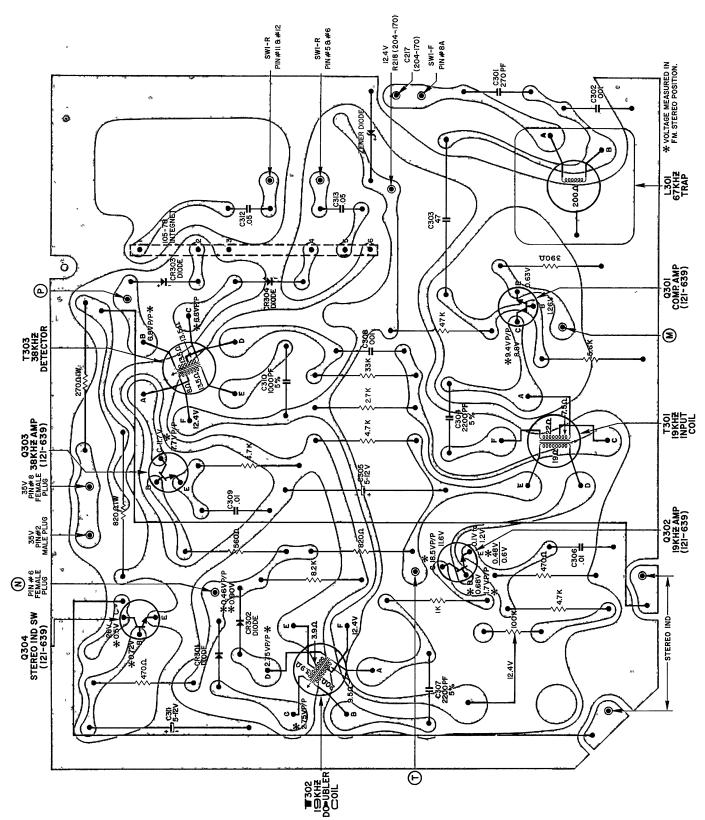
9AT27 SCHEMATIC



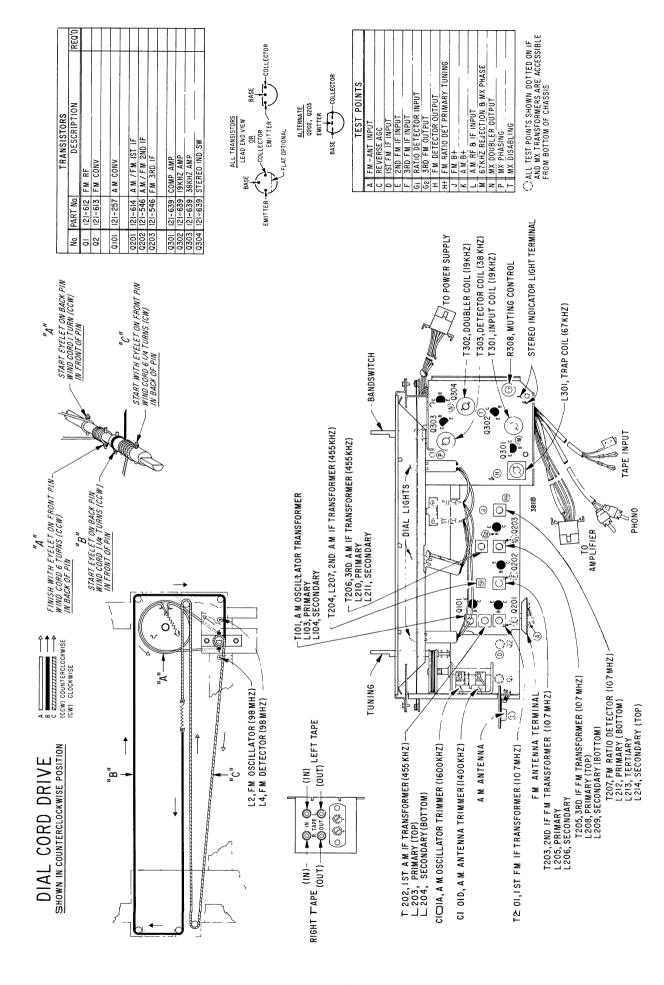


10ZT30 IF - CHASSIS WIRING AND COMPONENTS AS VIEWED FROM FOIL SIDE





10ZT30 MULTIPLEX — CHASSIS WIRING AND COMPONENTS AS VIEWED FROM FOIL SIDE

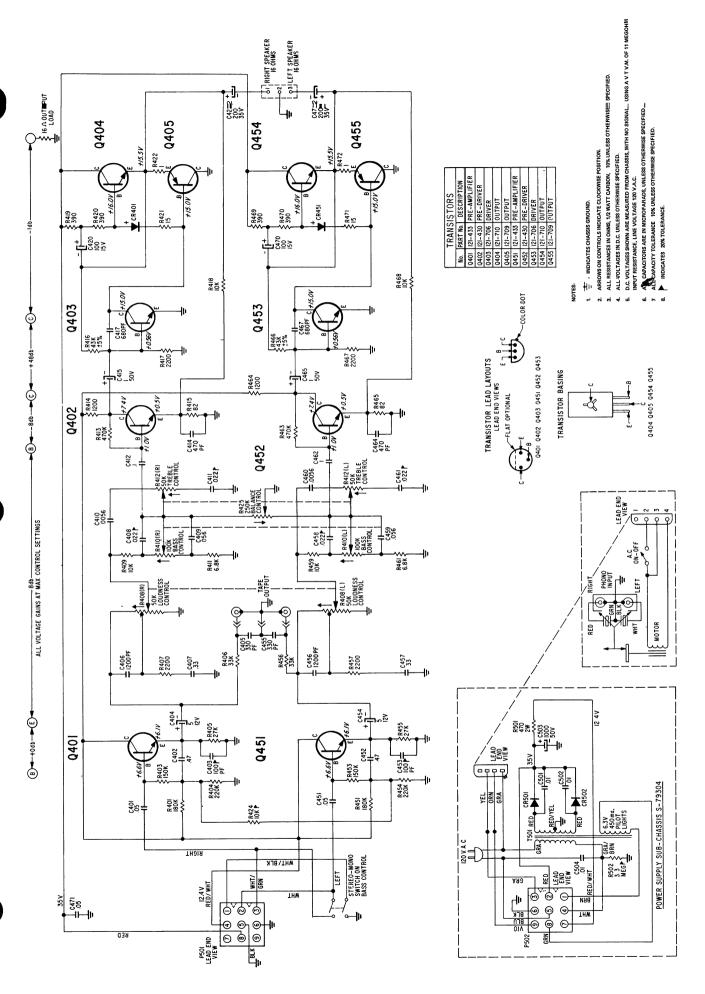


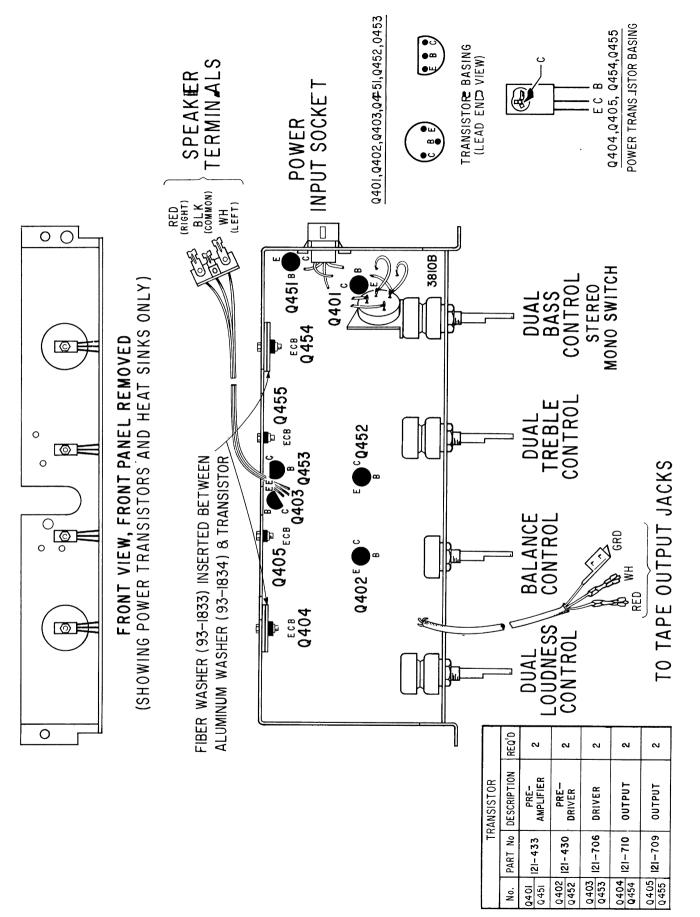
10ZT30 CHASSIS LAYOUT

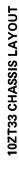
10ZT31 - CHASSIS WIRING AND COMPONENTS AS VIEWED FROM FOIL SIDE

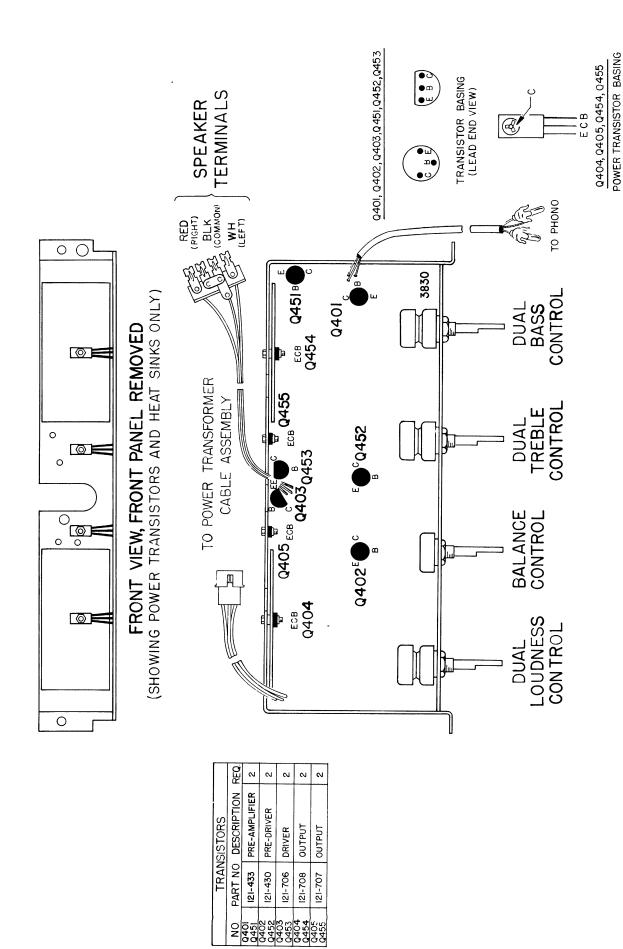
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF

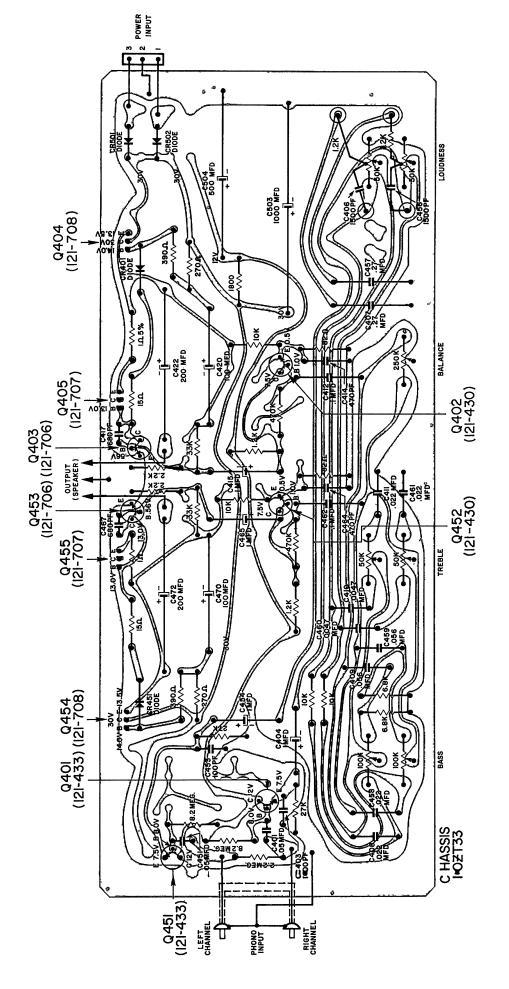




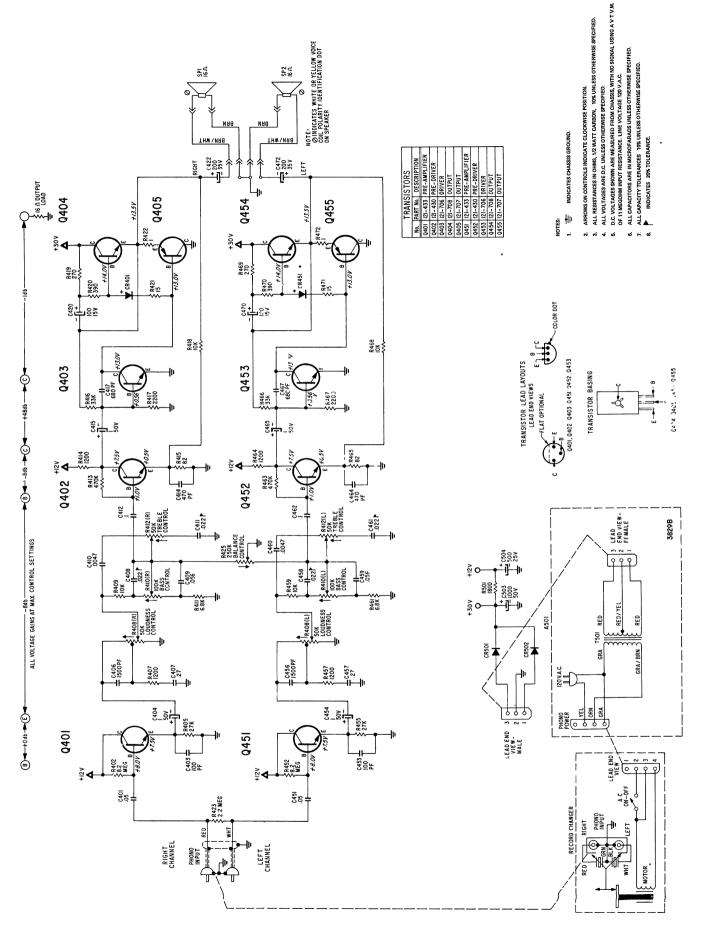


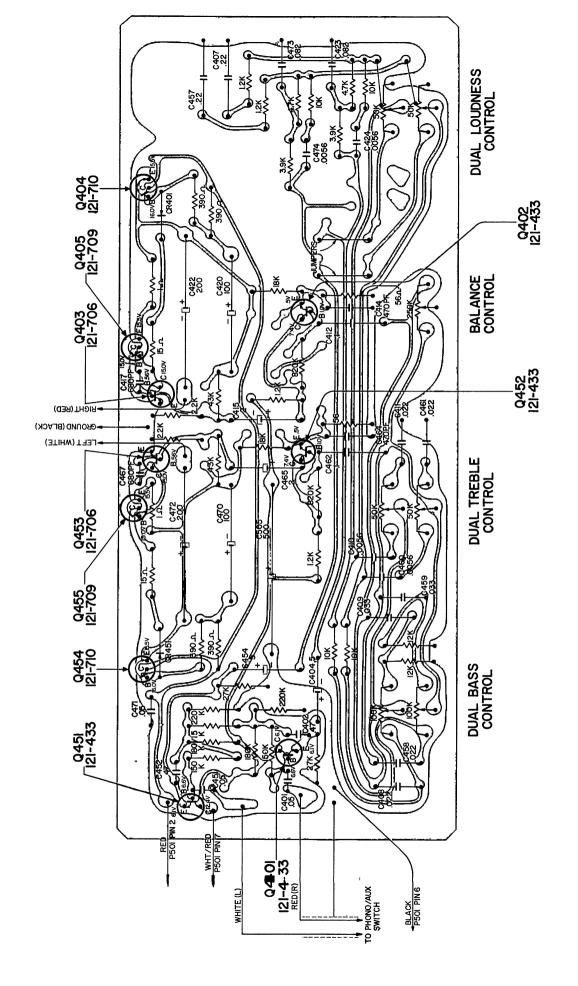




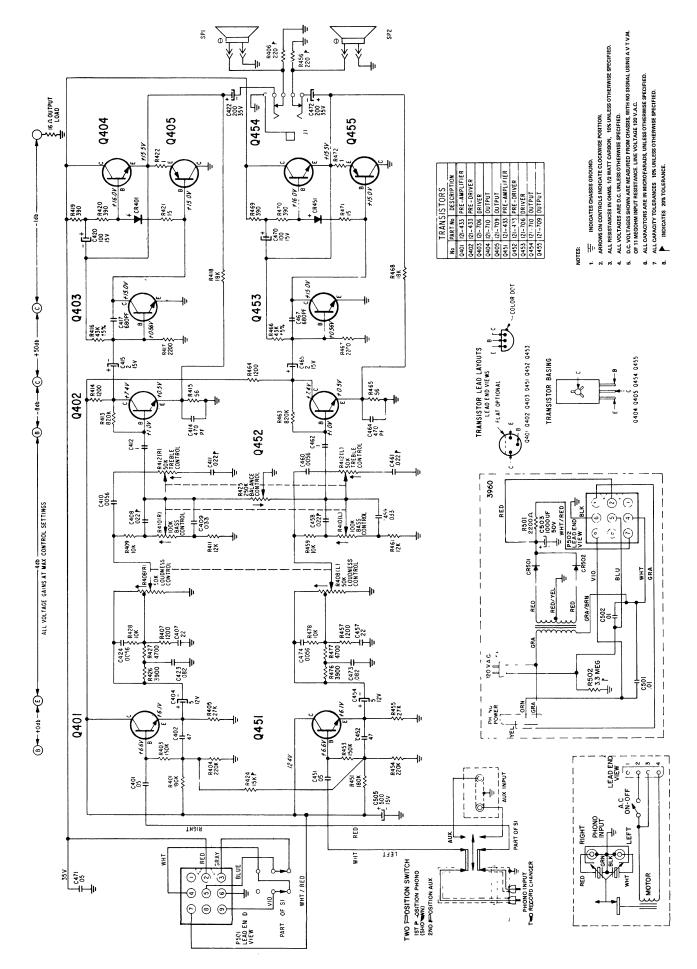


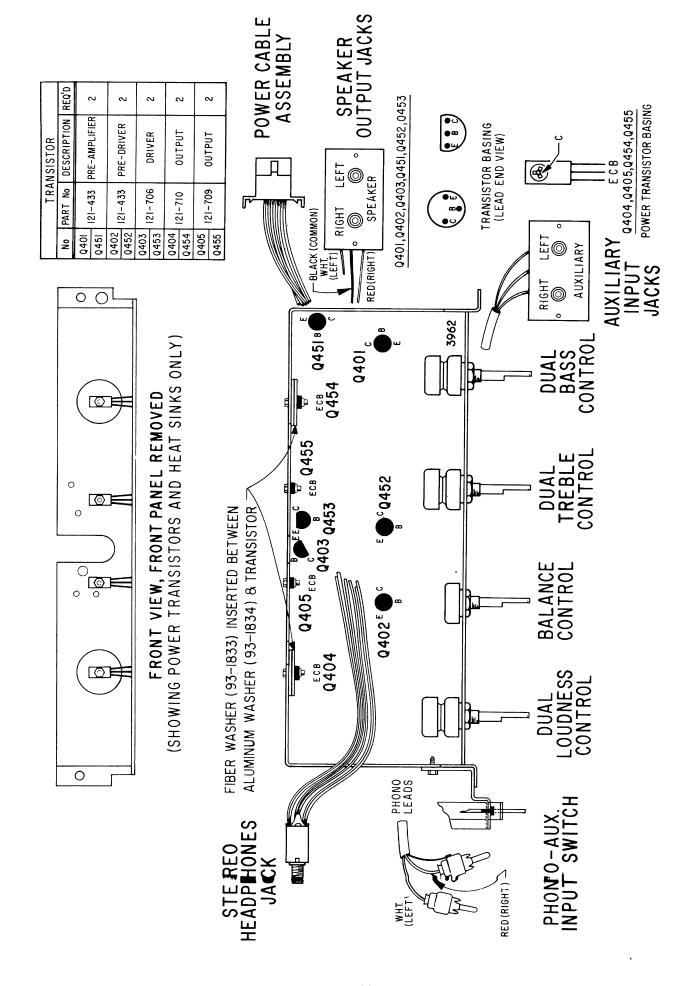




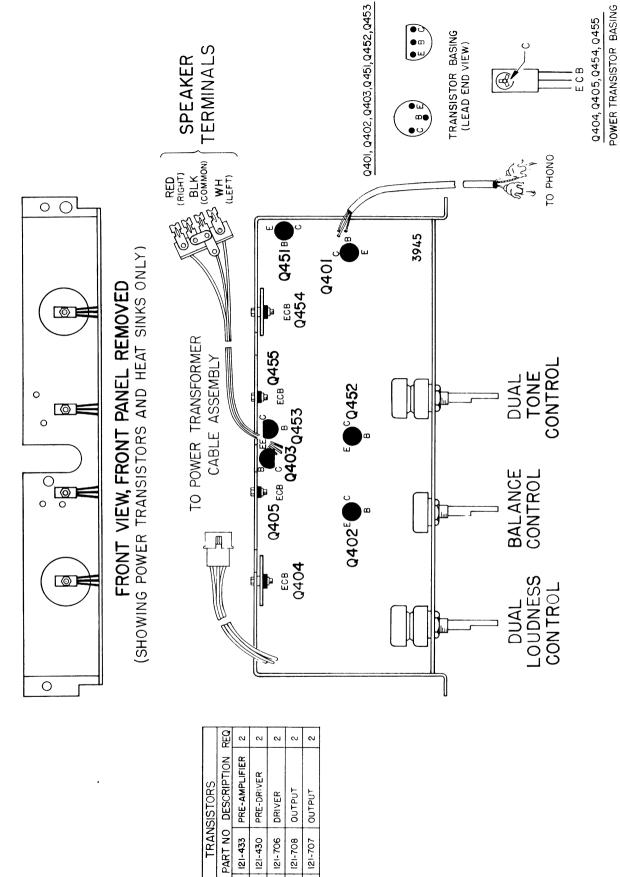








10AT37 CHASSIS LAYOUT



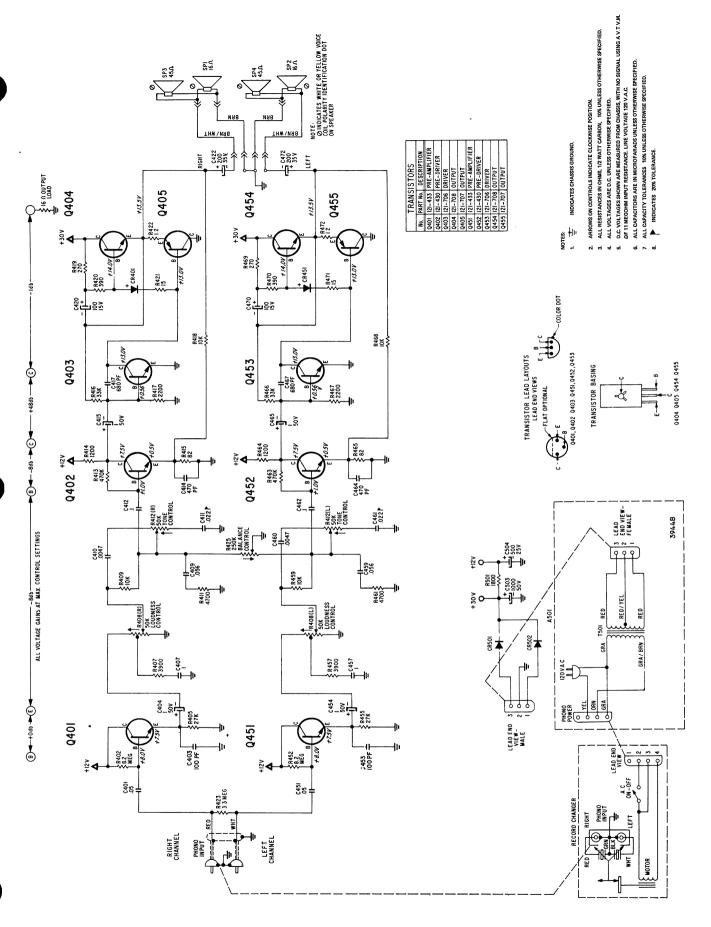
10ZT38 CHASSIS LAYOUT

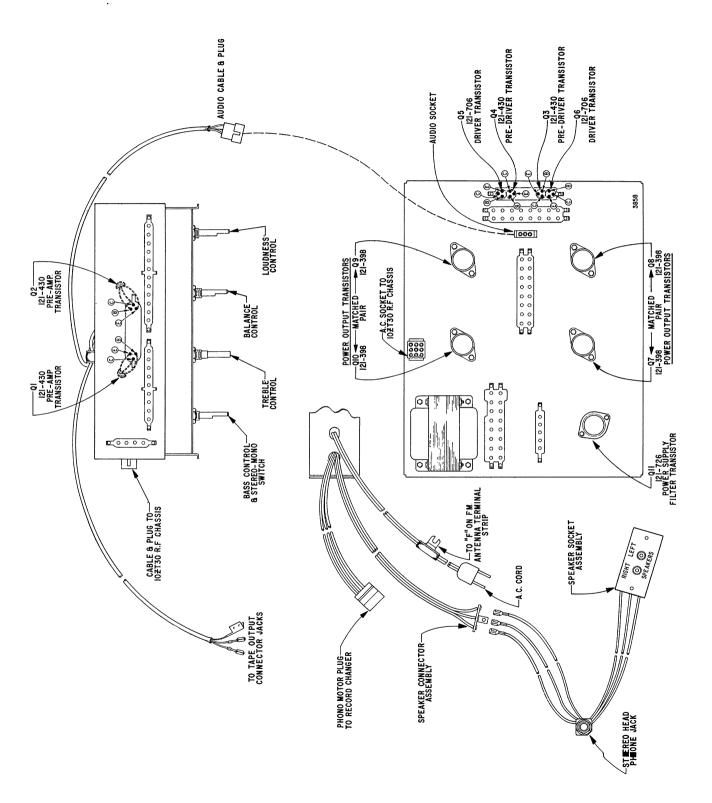
T21-707 | OUTPUT

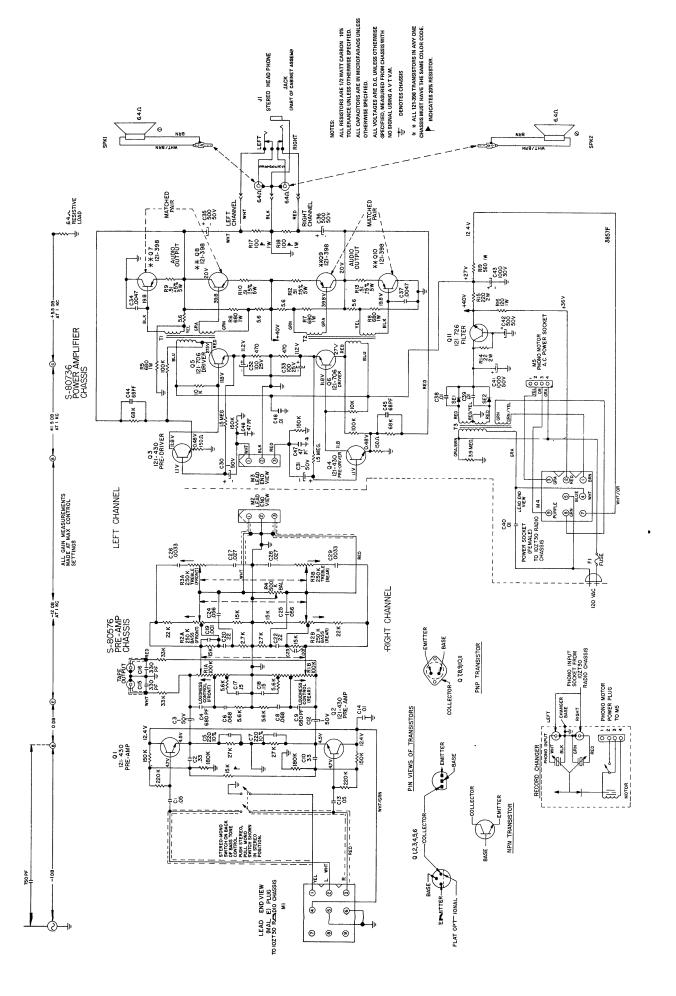
PRE-DRIVER DRIVER OUTPUT

121-430 121-706 121-708

10ZT38 CHASSIS WIRING AND COMPONENTS AS VIEWED FROM FOIL SIDE



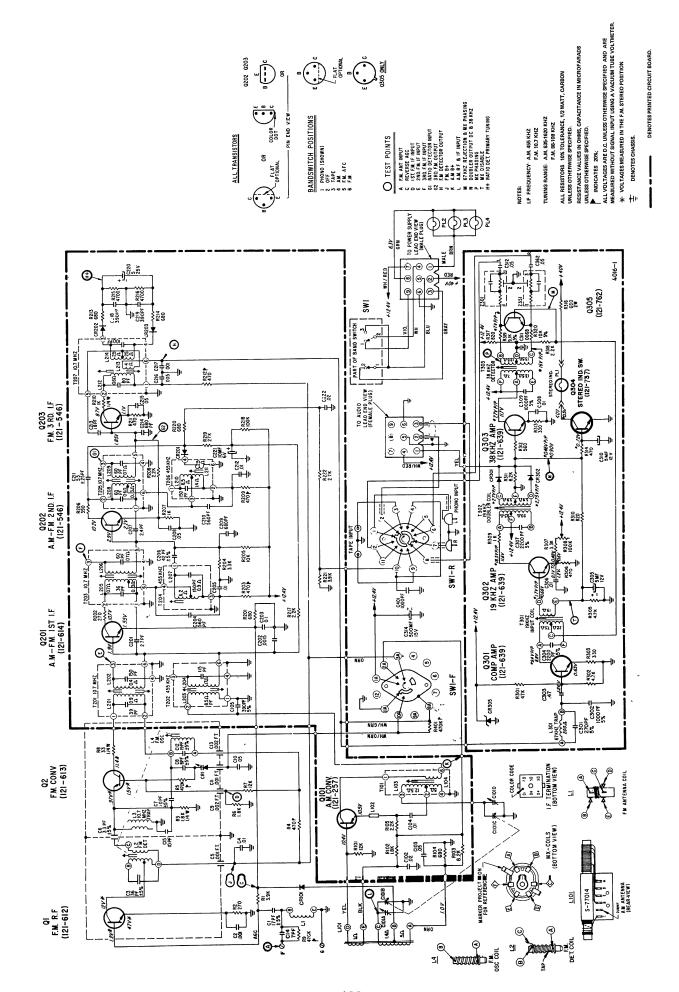


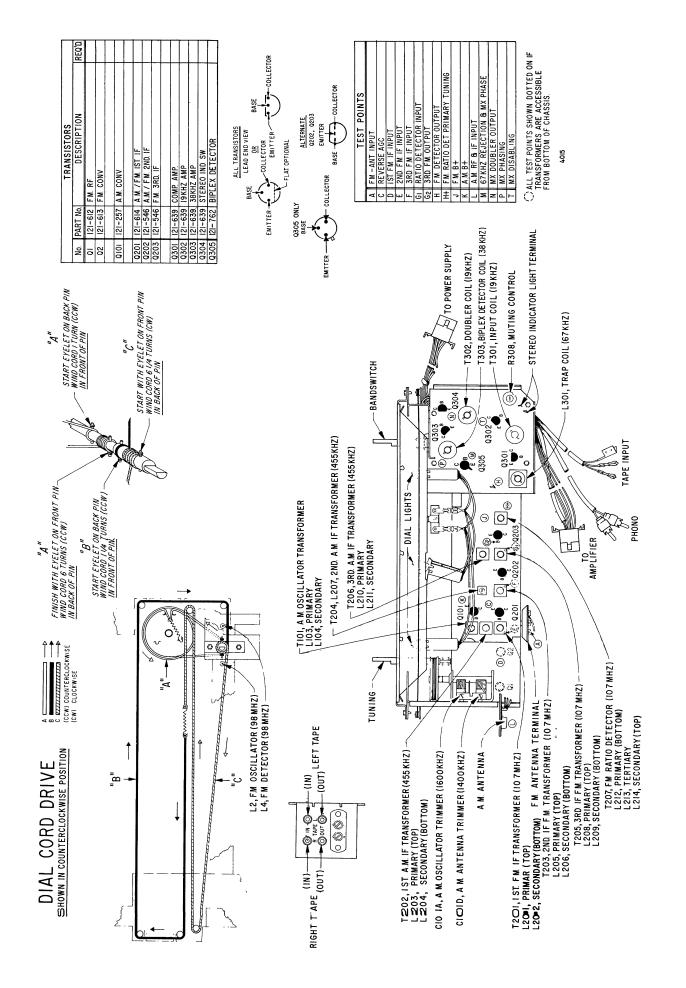


LEGEND

NOTE: 11AT30 - I.F. - Circuit Board is same as 10ZT30 I.F.

11AT30 MULTIPLEX — CHASSIS WIRING AND COMPONENTS AS VIEWED FROM FOIL SIDE



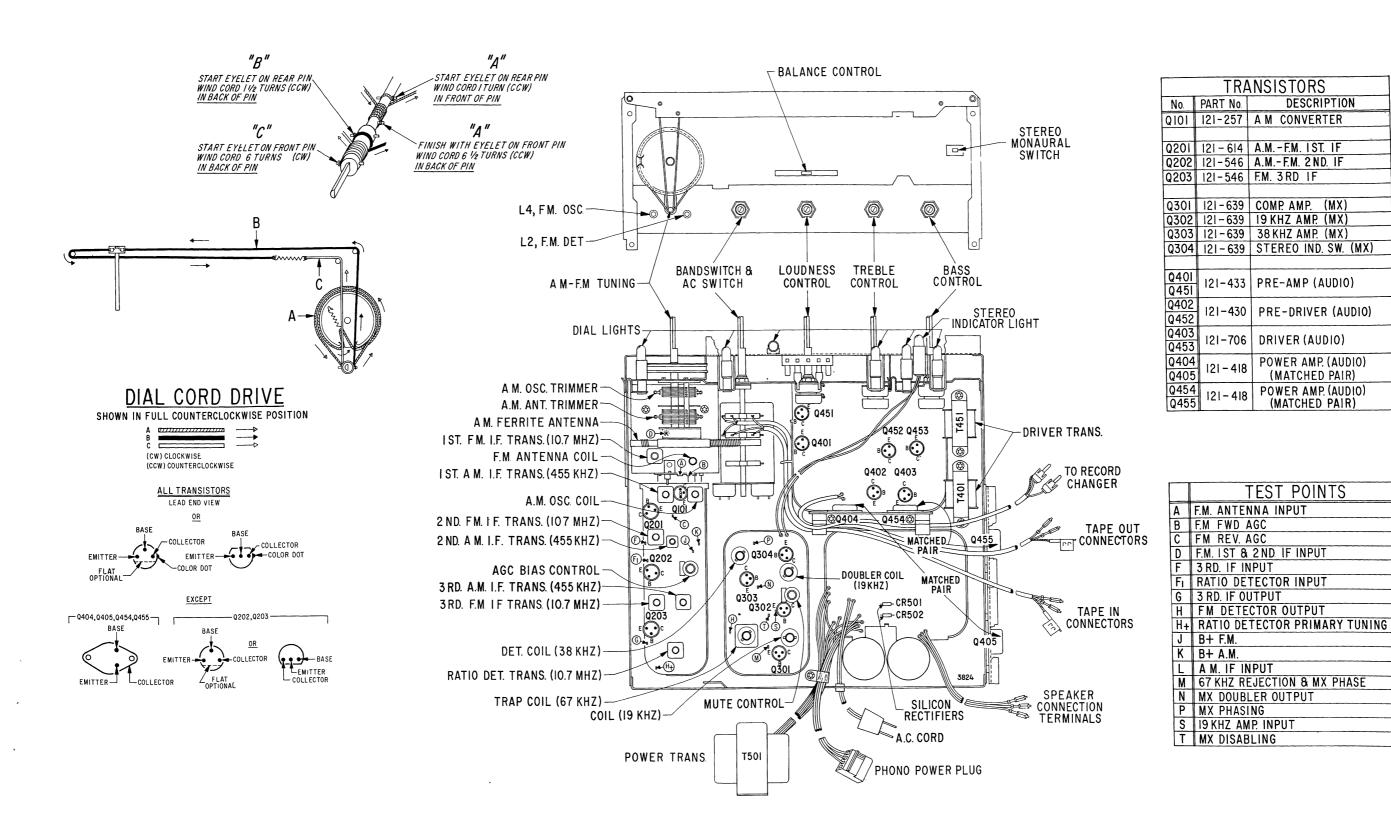


11AT30 CHASSIS LAYOUT

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20AT21 AND 20AT21Z CHASSIS LAYOUT

TRANSISTORS

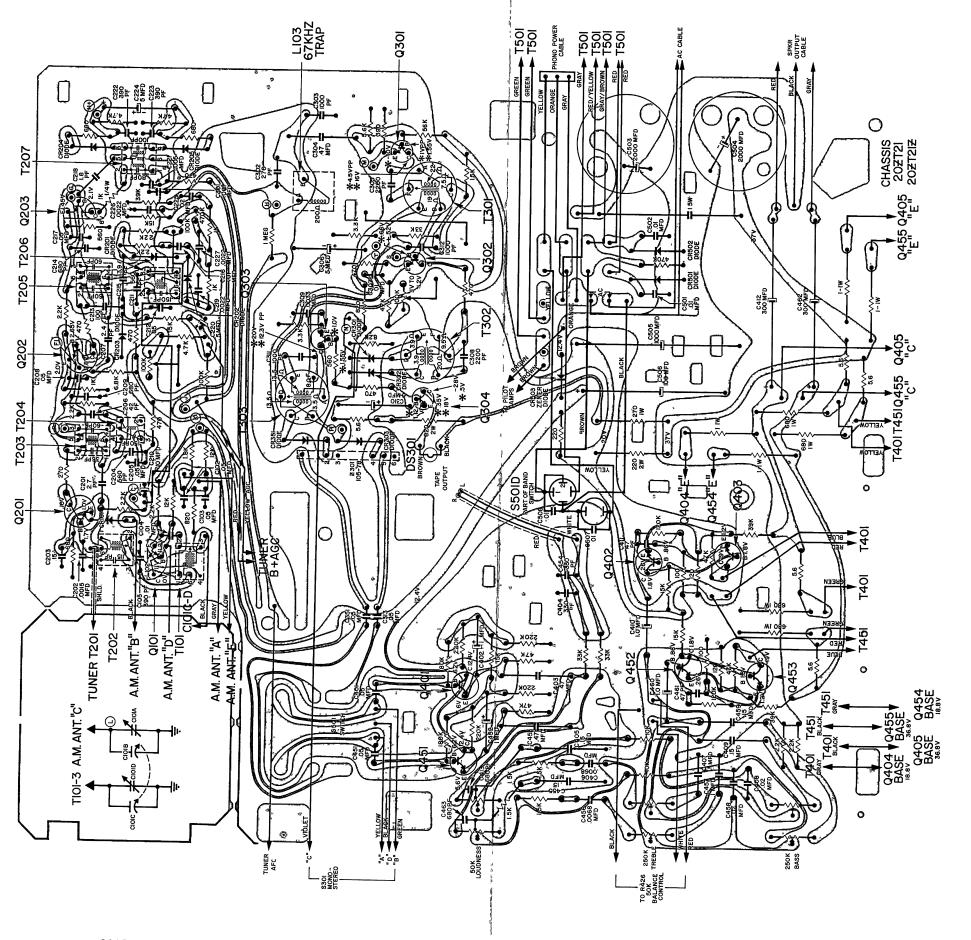
DESCRIPTION

POWER AMP. (AUDIO)

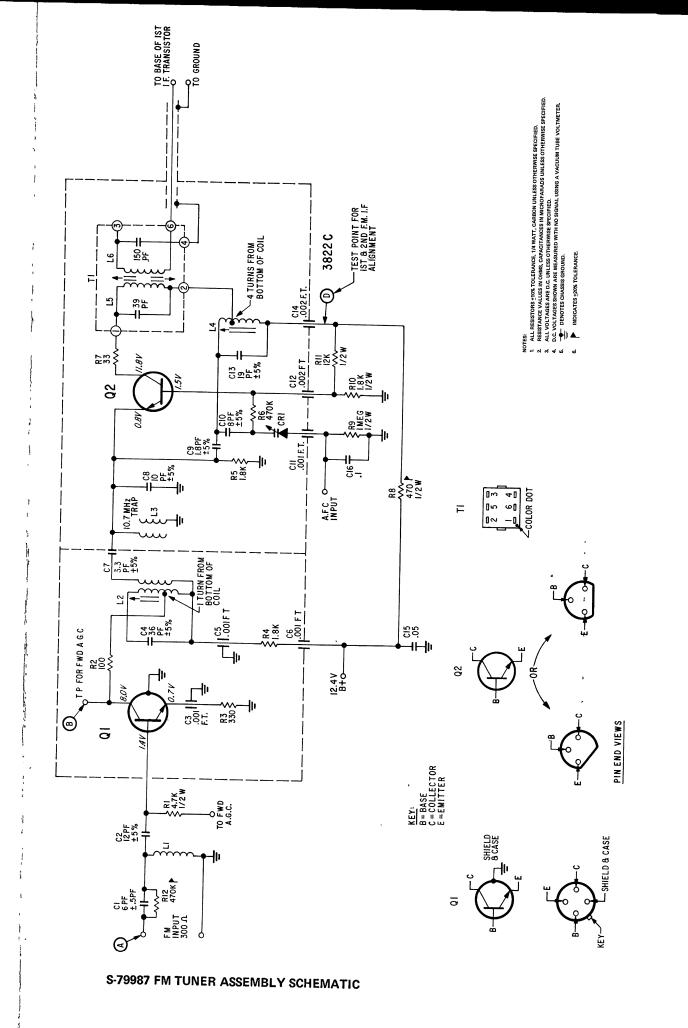
(MATCHED PAIR)

(MATCHED PAIR)

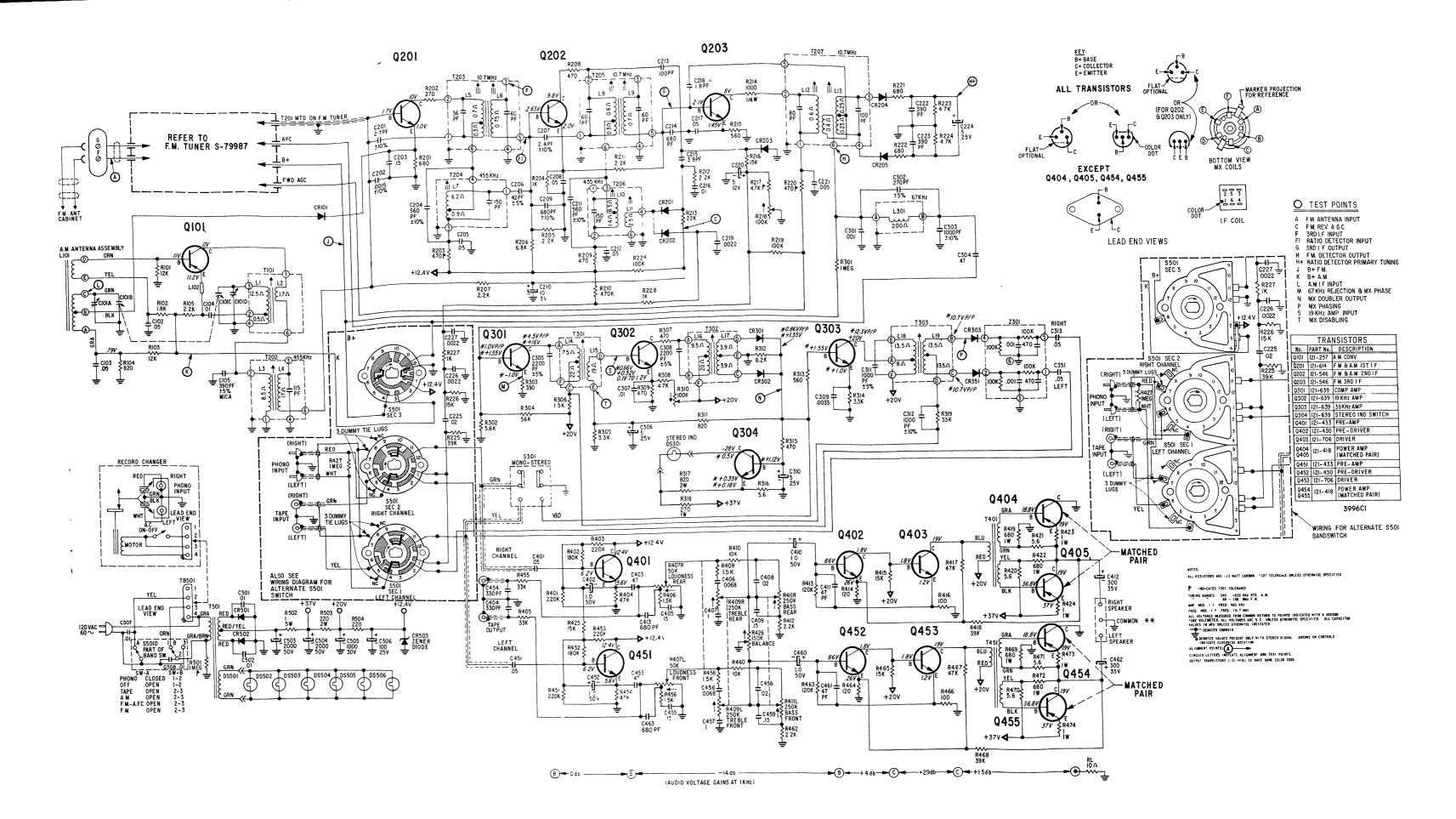
TEST POINTS

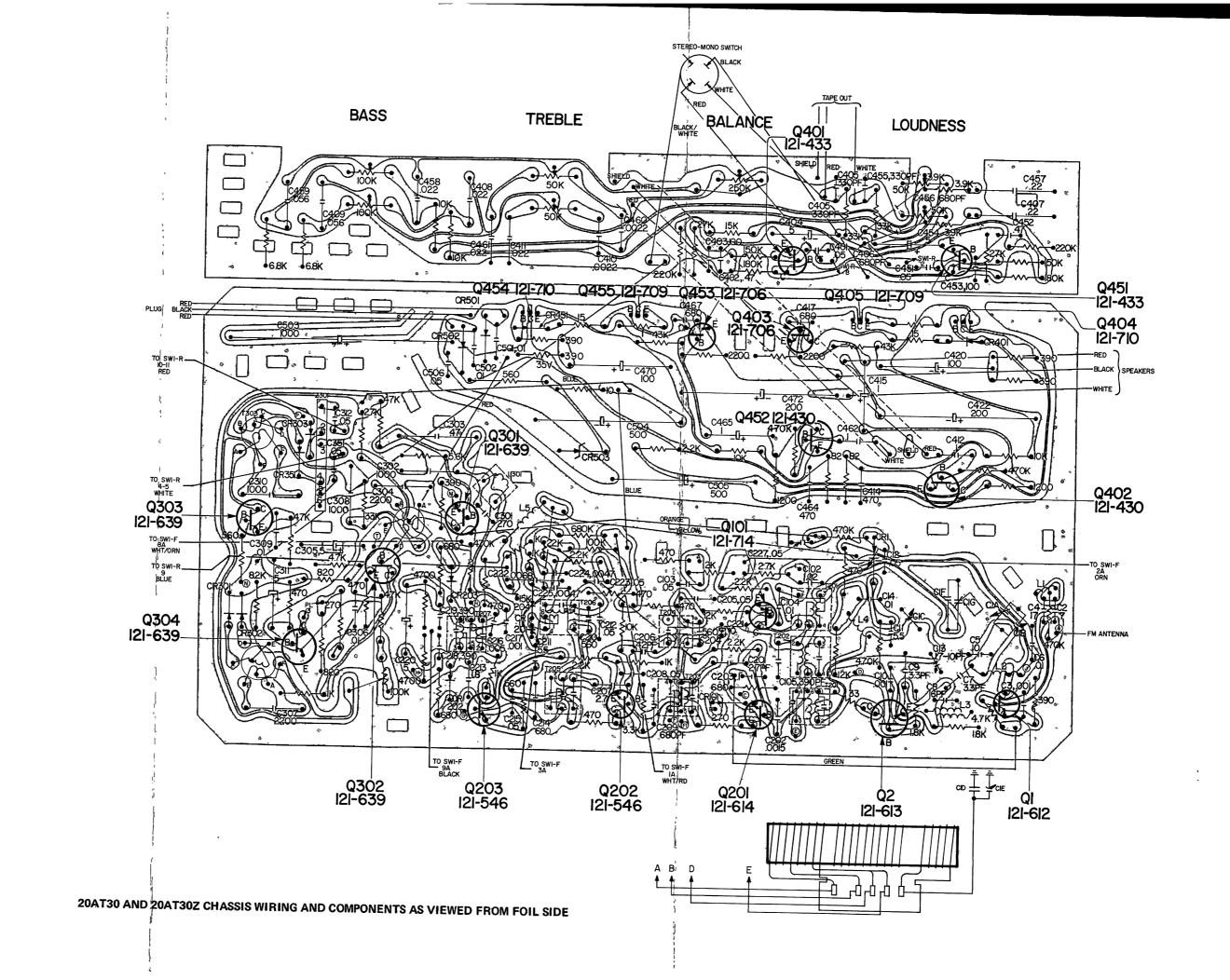


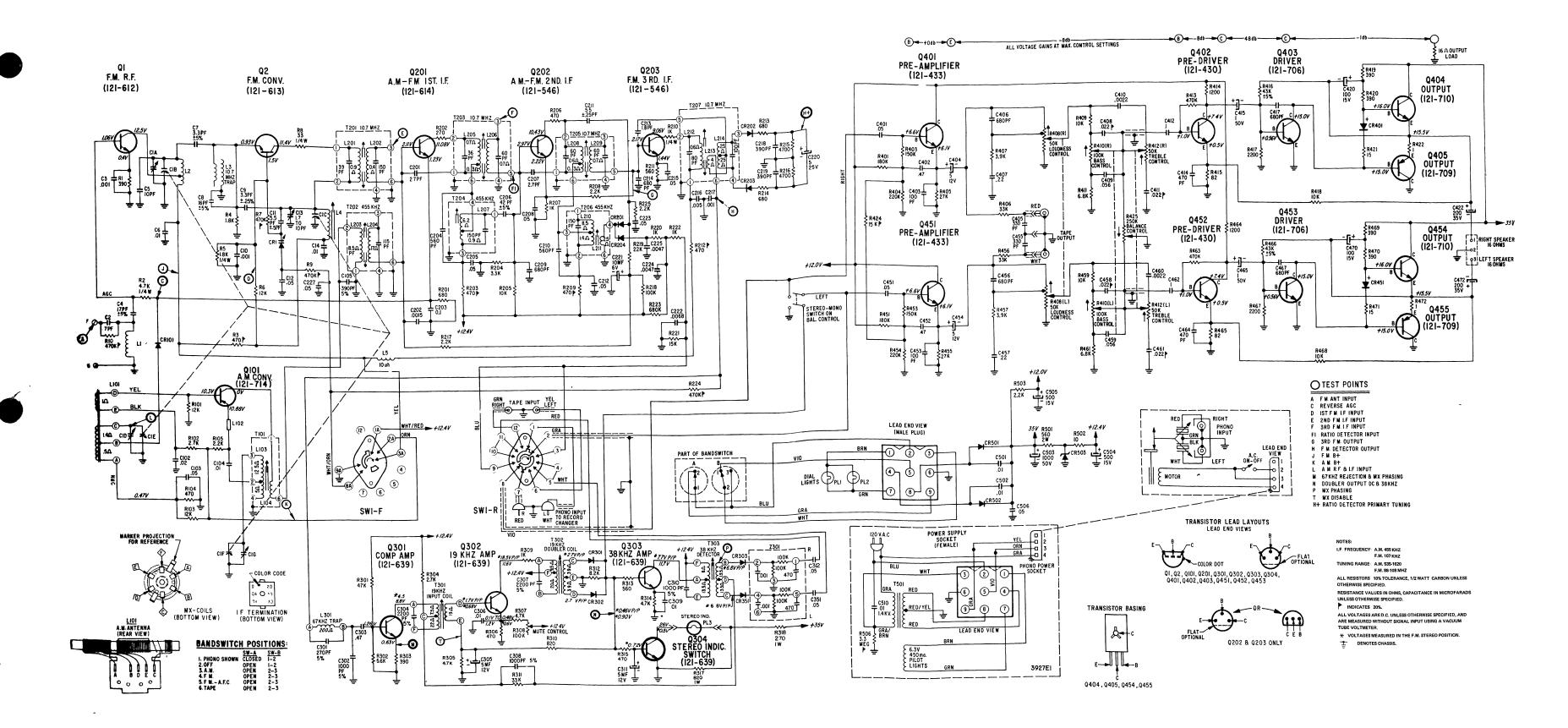
20AT21 AND 20AT21Z CHASSIS WIRING AND COMPONENTS AS VIEWED FROM FOIL SIDE

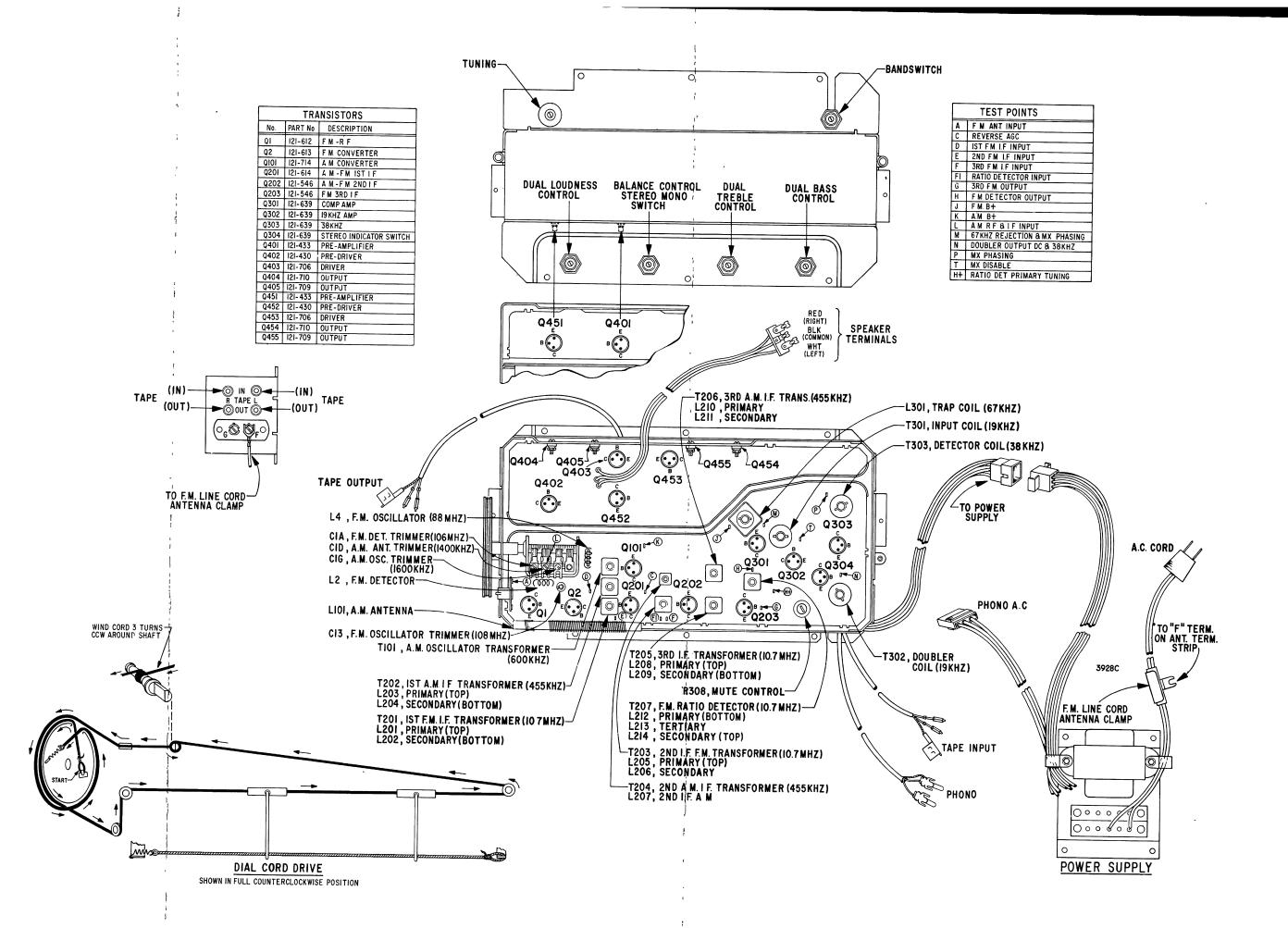


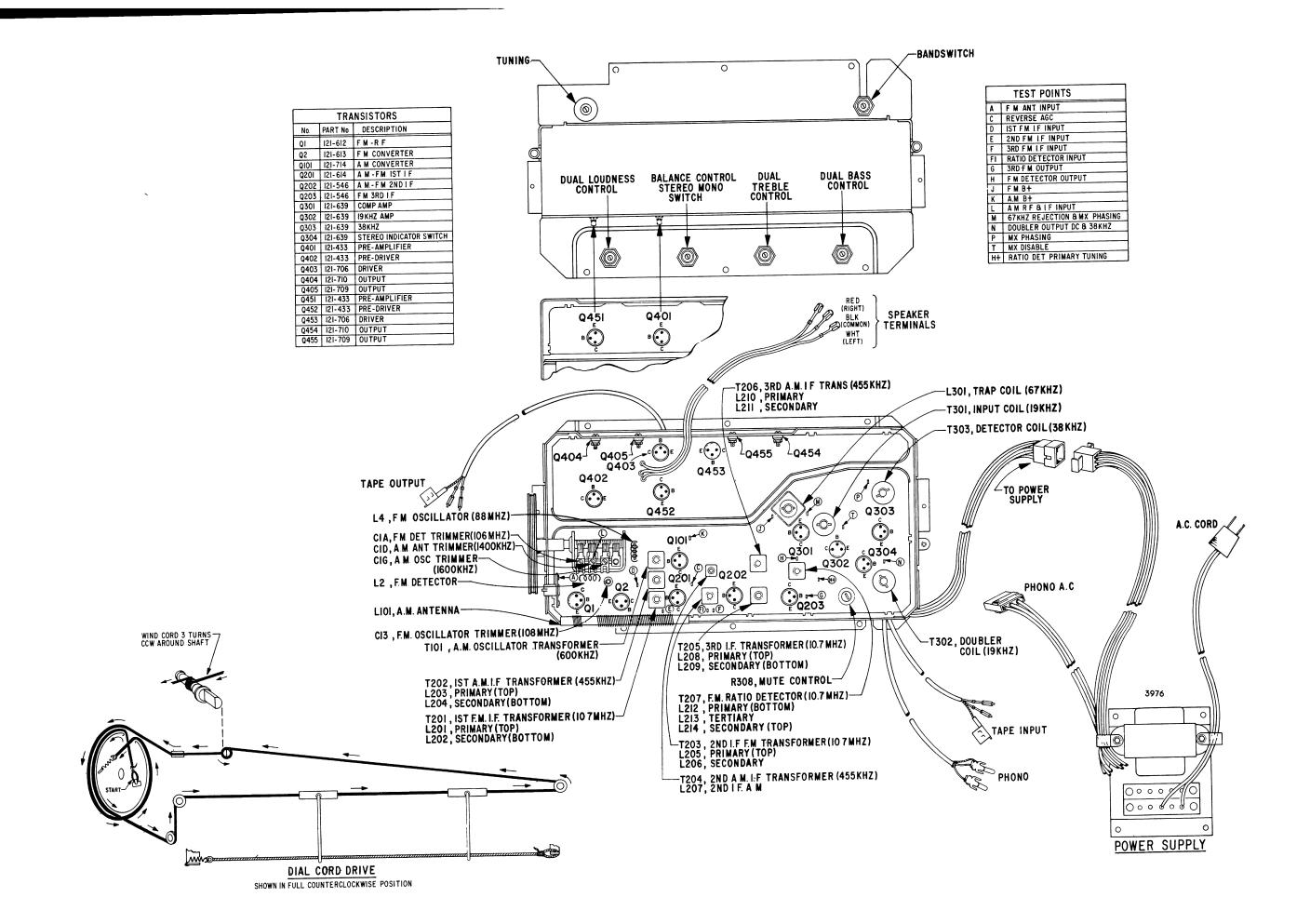
120



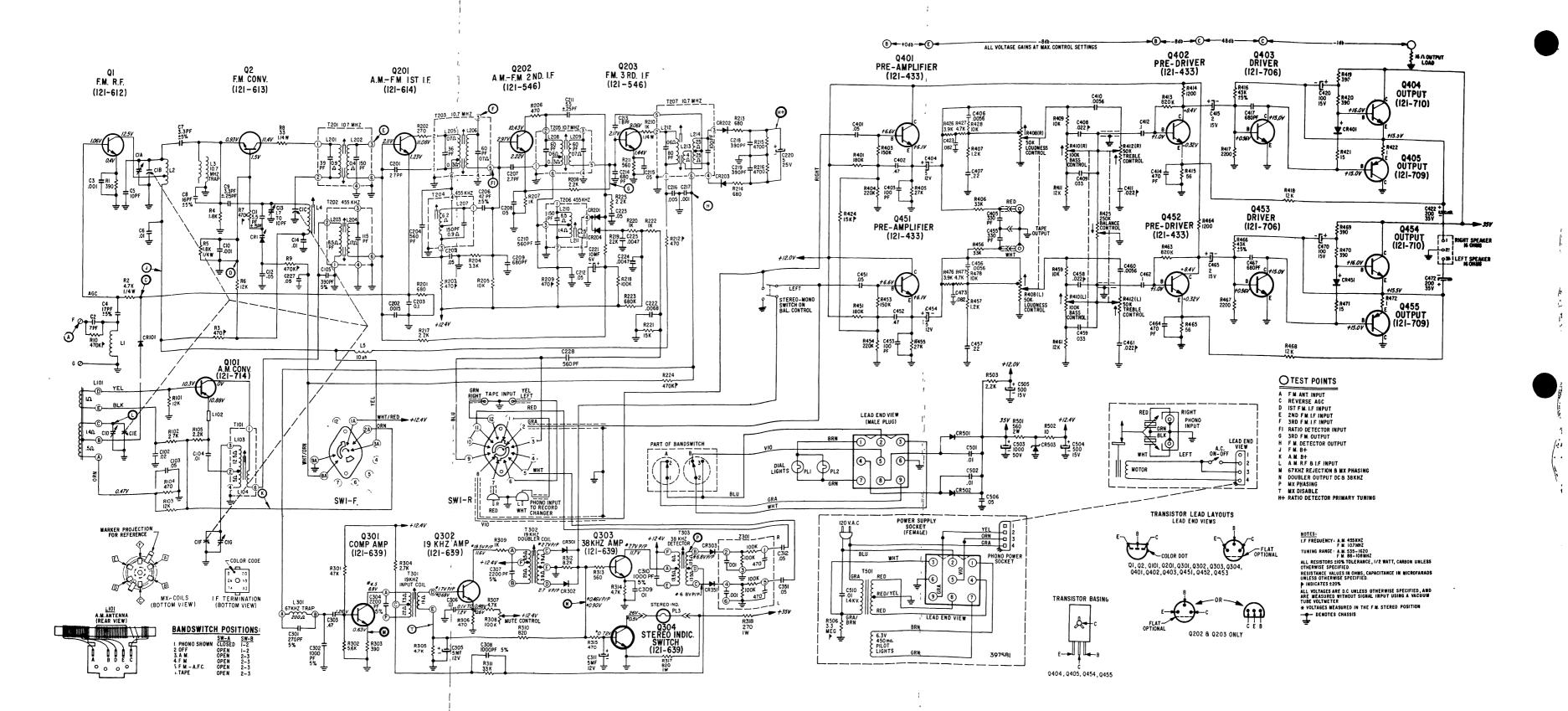


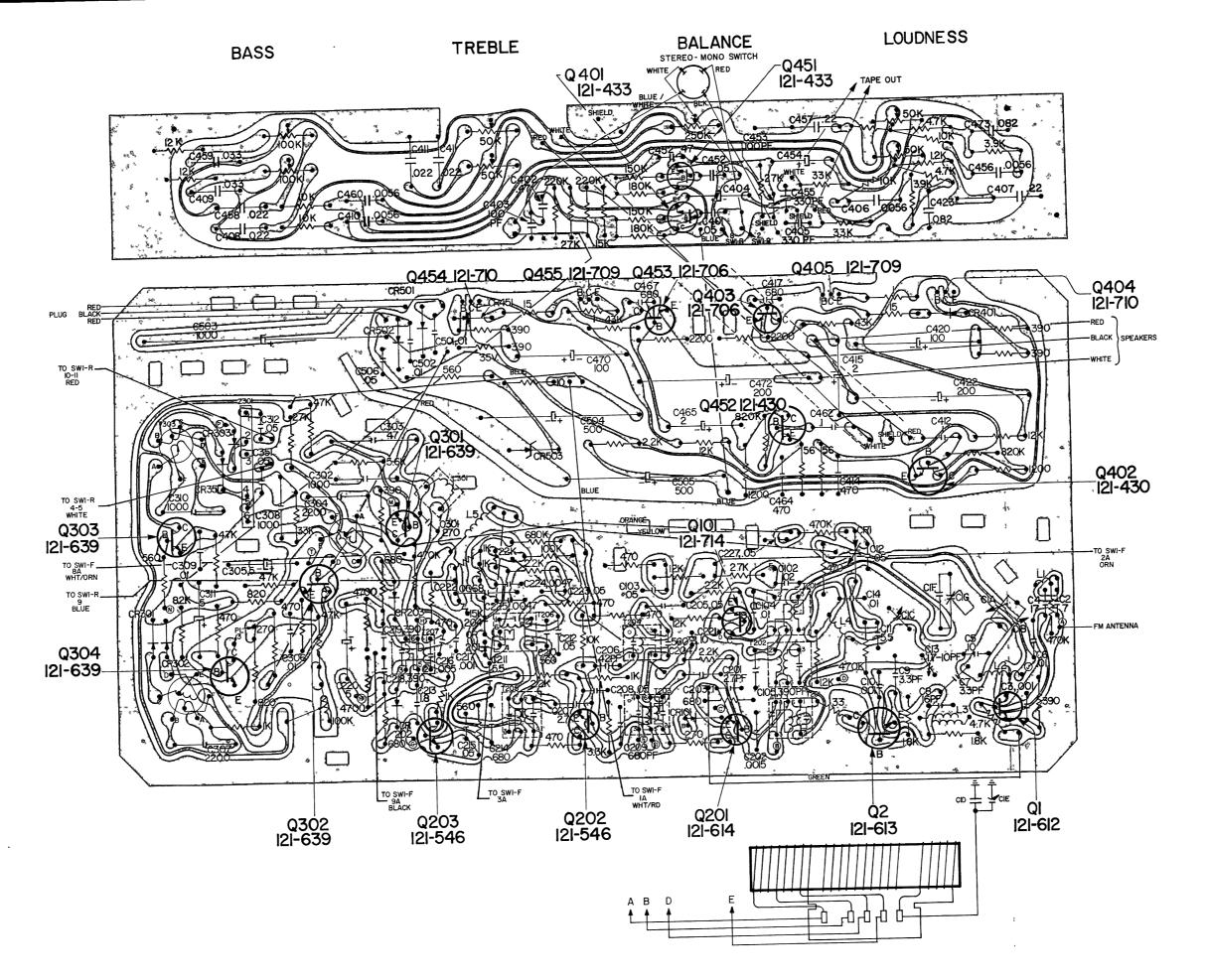


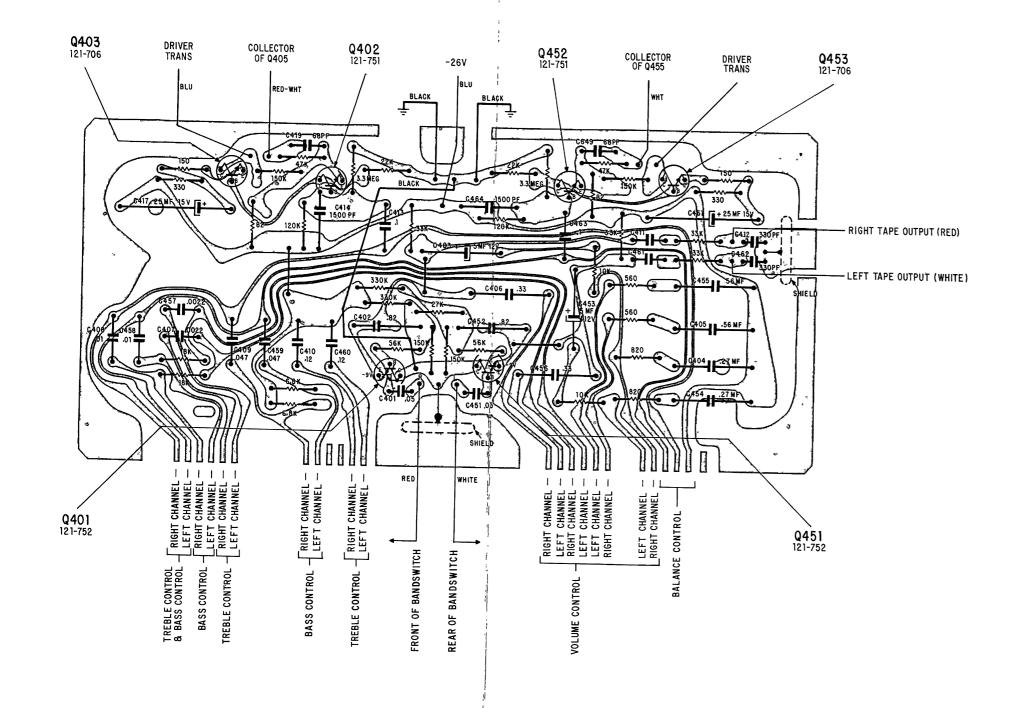


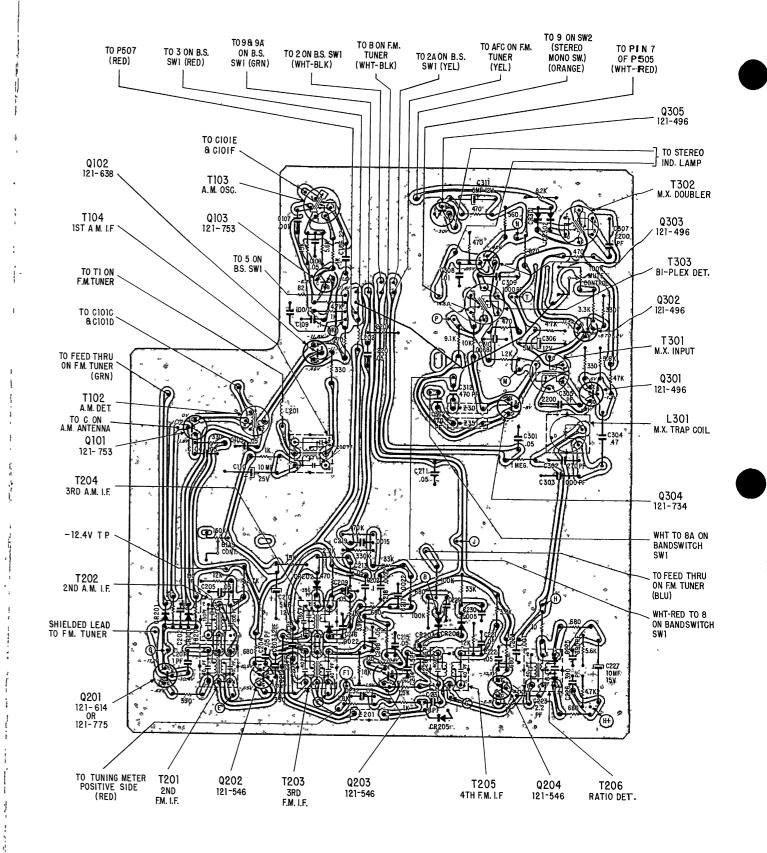


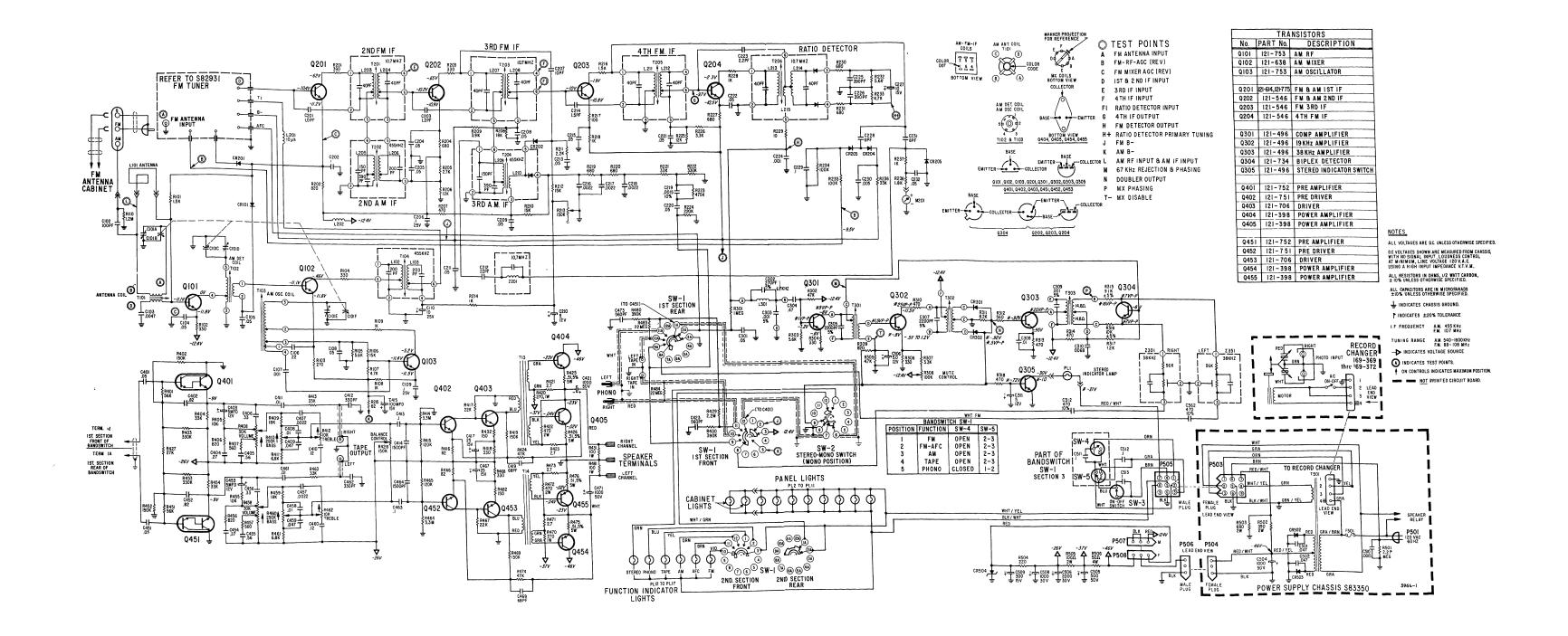
20AT31Z CHASSIS LAYOUT

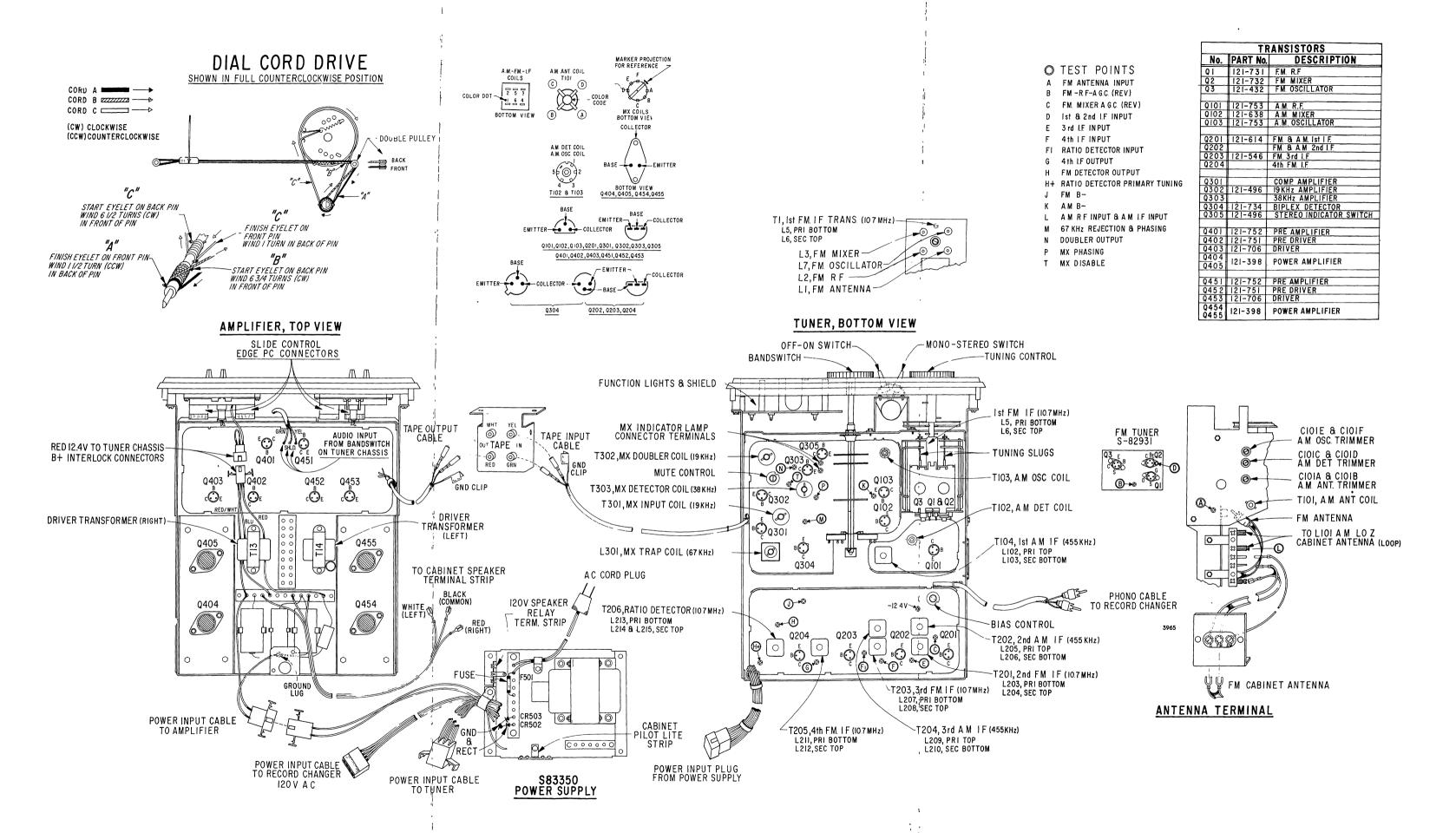


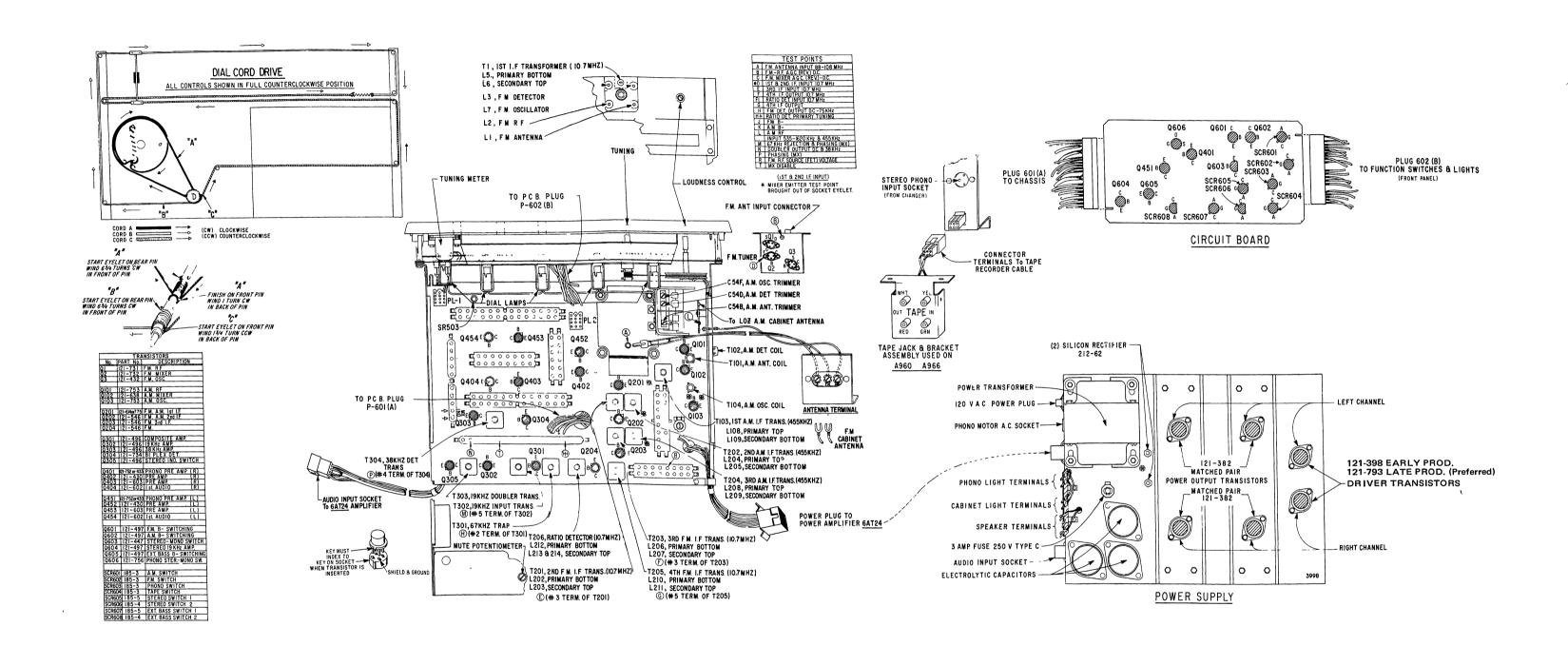




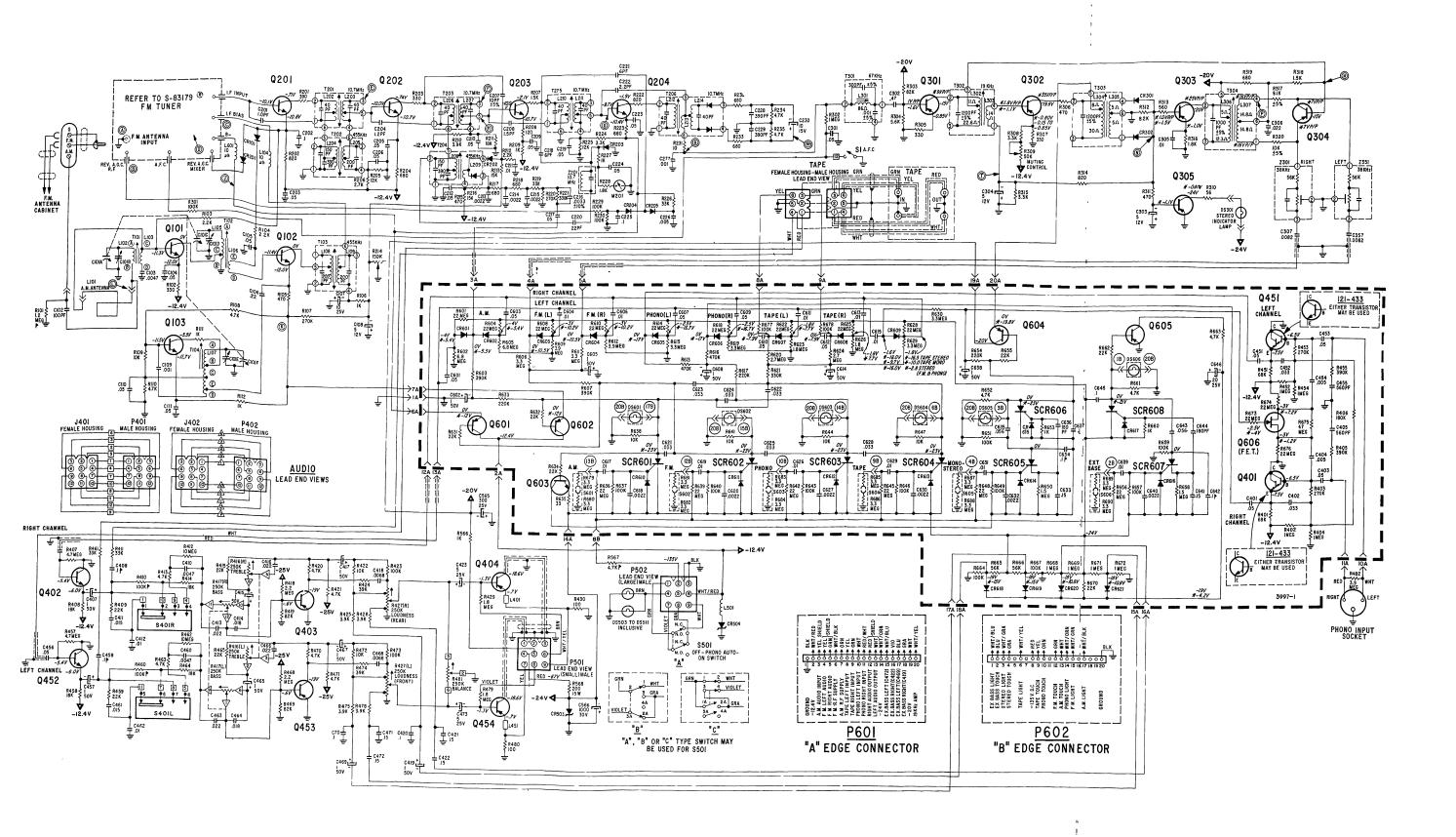


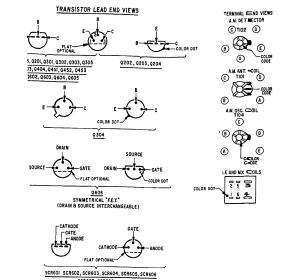






6AT24 AND 29AT24 CHASSIS LAYOUT





TEST POINTS A F.M. ANTENNA INPUT

- F.M.-R.F-A.G.C. (REV.)

SCR607, SCR608

- FM. MIXER A.G.C. (REV.) IST & 2ND LE INPUT
- 3RD I.F INPUT 4TH I.F INPUT
- FI RATIO DETECTOR INPU
- G 4TH I.F OUTPUT FM. DETECTOR OUTPUT
- H+ RATIO DETECTOR PRIMARY TUNIN J FM.B-
- A.M. R.F INPUT & A.M. I.F INPUT
- M 67 KHz REJECTION & MX PHASING
- N MX DOUBLER OUTPUT MX PHASING
- R FM. R.F SOURCE (FET.) VOLTAGE T MX DISABLING

ALL CAPACITORS ARE IN MICROFARADS ± 80% UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

- AND A INDICATE INTERCONNECTING HOUSING FOR ARROWS ON CONTROLS INDICATE CLOC ► WISE ROTATIO FOR AUDIO AND POWER SUPPLY SCHEMA TIC REFER TO 123-3995.

ON PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD ONLY:

VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH R.C.A. V.T.V. M. TYPE WYWITH ALL SCR IN OFF CONDITION.

→IA>—INDICATES "A" EDGE CONNECTOR (B) INDICATES "B" EDGE CONNECTOR TIE POL

TRANSISTORS					
No.	PART No.	DESCRIPTION			
Q101	121 - 753	A.M. R.F			
Q102	121-638	A.M. MIXER			
Q103	121-753	A.M. OSCILLATOR			
Q201	121-614 OR 121-775	F.M. & A.M. IST I.F			
Q202	121-546	FM & A.M. 2ND I.F			
Q203	121-546	FM. 3RD I.E			
Q204	121 - 546	F.M 4TH LF			
Q301	121-496	COMP AMPLIFIER			
Q302	121-496	19 KHz AMPLIFIER			
Q303	121-496	38KHz AMPLIFIER			
Q304	121-734	BIPLEX DETECTOR			
Q305	121 - 496	STEREO INDICATOR SWATCH			
Q40I	121-752 OR 121-433	PRE-AMPLIFIER			
Q402	121-430	PRE-AMPLIFIER			
Q403	121-603	PRE-AMPLIFIER			
Q404	121 - 602	PRE-DRIVER			
Q451	121-752 OR 121-433	PRE-AMPLIFIER			
Q452	121 - 430	PRE-AMPLIFIER			
Q453	121 - 603	PRE-AMPLIFIER			
Q454	121-602	PRE-DRIVER			
Q601	121 - 497	F.M. B- SWITCHING			
Q602	121 - 497	A.M. B- SWITCHING			
Q603	121 - 447	STEREO-MONO SWITCH SUPPLY			
Q604	121 - 497	STEREO B- SWITCH			
Q605	121 - 497	EXT BASS SWITCH			
Q606	121 - 756	PHONO STEREO-MONO SWITCH			
SCR601	185-3	A.M. SWITCH			
SCR602	185 - 3	F M. SWITCH			
SCR603	185 - 3	PHONO SWITCH			
SCR604	185 - 3	TAPE SWITCH			
SCR605	185 - 5	STEREO-MONO SWITCH			
SCR606	185 - 4	STEREO-MONO SWITCH			
SCR607	185 - 5	EXT. BASS SWITCH ON-OFF			
SCR608	185-4	EXT BASS SWITCH ON-OFF			
	Q101 Q102 Q103 Q201 Q202 Q203 Q204 Q301 Q302 Q303 Q304 Q305 Q400 Q402 Q403 Q404 Q451 Q452 Q453 Q454 Q601 Q602 Q603 Q606 SCR601 SCR605 SCR606	No. PART No.			

29AT24 SCHEMATIC

LEGEND D - DRAIN S - SOURCE C - CATHODE B-BASE A - ANODE C-COLLECTOR G-GATE G- GATE E-EMITTER Q606, SCR601,SCR602,SCR603, Q601,Q602,Q603, SCR604,SCR605,SCR606, SCR607,SCR608. Q604,Q605,Q401, Q451. -Q606 |21-756 -Q45I -- Q401 |2| -433 -SCR 60I 185-3 -SCR 602 185-3 -Q 603 | 121-447 -Q602 -Q60I VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH VTVM WITH ALL SCR'S IN "OFF" CONDITION. 121 - 433 121-497 121-497 VOLTAGES MEASURED WHEN DESIRED FUNCTION AND RELATED CIRCUITS ARE IN "ON" CONDITION. 121-752 OR 2 -12.4 V. 3 AM. AUDIO INPUT #-5.4V #-5. 4 FM. LEFT AUDIO 5 FM. RIGHT AUDIO 6 FM. R.F. SUPPLY A.M. R.F. SUPPLY 8 TAPE LEFT INPUT TAPE RIGHT INPUT 10 PHONO LEFT INPUT PHONO RIGHT INPUT 12 RIGHT AUDIO OUTPUT LEFT AUDIO OUTPUT -24 V. 15 EXT. BASS RIGHT TO C472 16 * EXT. BASS LEFT TO C422 17 . EXT. BASS RIGHT TO C469 18 EXT. BASS LEFT TO C419 19 -20 V. 20 19 KHZ. AMP. *****-19.8∨

*-4.2 V

−0605 121-497

-SCR 608

185-4

-1.8V -1.6V *-16.5V STEREO TAPE *-18.0V *-10.0V MONO TAPE *-9.7V *-2.8V STEREO FM/PHONO *-16.0V

-Q604

121-497

-SCR 607

185-5

-SCR 604 185-3 -SCR 606 185-4 -SCR 605

185-5

SCR 603 185 - 3

20

19

16

10

7

, **5**,

- I8

A.M. LIGHT

F.M. LIGHT

A.M.TOUCH 13

F.M.TOUCH . 12

PHIONO LIGHT

PHONO TOUCH [

TAPE TOUCH

-135 VD.C.

T APE LIGHT 6°

STEPREO TOUCH 4

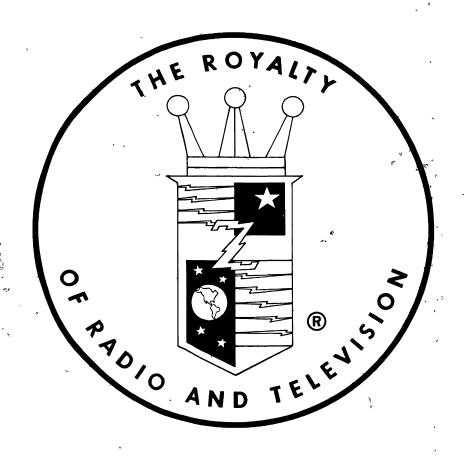
STEPREO LIGHT

EXT. BASS TOUCH

EXT. BASS LIGHT

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ZENITH RADIO CORPORATION

1900 N. AUSTIN AVENUE

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60639

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